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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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The Daily and Weekly Commercial. [illegible] whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
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FIRST EDITION.

TILTON-BEECHER.

More of Judge Porter's Argument---The Testimony Skillfully Sifted and Weighed.

NEW YORK, May 21.—The Brooklyn City Court room was more thickly peopled than usual this morning, and all parties to the suit were present, when Judge Porter continued his summing up in the Tilton-Beecher suit. He said he would call the attention of the jury briefly to the testimony given by Mr. Bowen. Mr. Beecher testified that on the occasion when Bowen presented Tilton's demand on him (Beecher), Bowen and he had a conversation in which Tilton's immoral character was discussed. Beecher said he communicated to him what he had heard from Mrs. Tilton and what was disclosed in a conversation which occurred between him and Bessie Turner. Counsel commented the fact of Tilton's denying Bessie Turner's story, and said when he felt he was going down he found it necessary to come to the stand again and swear down the statement of this girl. Again, said counsel, we have Tilton denying, under oath, that he had any grey hair in his head then, and yet we find him writing of them three years before this. Mr. Bowen, in his testimony, said Mr. Beecher did not advise the dismissal of Mr. Tilton from the *Independent* and the Brooklyn *Union*, but we found him on cross-examination admitting that Beecher did tell him things that were new to him in regard to Tilton's immorality with women, and in regard to other matters discussed between himself and Beecher, Bowen could not remember. Instead of contradicting the editor of the *Christian Union*, Bowen confirmed him. When Bowen took the message from Tilton he did not know what the whole truth was. He did not know that the charge was adultery, and not one of improper proposals, which would just be as injurious to the clergyman. What the talk was between Beecher and himself Bowen had no remembrance, but he knew it was of Tilton's immorality and troubles in his house. Deacon Freeland, in his testimony, stated that Beecher and Bowen never had an interview together at his house but once, and that occurred at the end of the year in which it was sought to be shown that it took place in the beginning. Bowen says he went to Beecher and told him he was his friend. Did he believe it? He did, as he believed Frank Moulton when he told him that he was his friend. The fight was between Tilton and Bowen, and Beecher was the neutrality for whom each side was seeking, and Theodore Tilton knew he needed allies when he secured Frank Moulton. "If Bowen fails me and does not furnish proof for the charges," Tilton said to himself, "he (Bowen) destroys me." There was a necessity that something should be done to get Tilton reinstated on the *Independent*, and for this purpose the aid and assistance of Beecher was sought by both Tilton and Moulton. In this last week in December they convinced Mrs. Tilton that a conspiracy was hatched against her husband to turn him out of the *Independent* and Brooklyn *Union*. Mr. and Mrs. Beecher had conversations with Bowen about the matter when Beecher was on his way to prayer meeting. Frank Moulton, on that stormy night, entered the dwelling of the pastor of Plymouth church, and told him he could not go, as Tilton wanted to see him. "What does Mr. Tilton want with me?" asked Beecher. "He will tell you when you get there," replied Moulton; and he took Beecher to the house of Tilton that night, not for the destruction of Henry Ward Beecher, but for the overthrowing of Henry C. Bowen or the reinstatement of Tilton; and they brought their machinery to bear upon Beecher, so that they had him in their coils for these years.

If it were true that on the 3d of July Mrs. Tilton confessed to her husband the commission of adultery with Beecher, do you believe that Tilton would either that night or for the next four years have slept with her? Gentlemen, do you believe that for six months after that she would have permitted her husband and Beecher to meet at her house and in the streets of New York? If this was true, that she was a confessed adultress, would he have written letters like these read in your hearing? Theodore Tilton obtained a letter of confession from his wife informing him of Beecher's having made indecent proposals to her. This was the occasion of the memorable interview, the night after it was written, between Tilton and Beecher, and this interview was told to other parties, and these latter agree that the defendant himself stated that this letter was not a charge of adultery, but of improper proposals; and Tilton, when on the stand, testified in direct conflict to this that it contained a charge of adultery. Whatever the paper was originally, it was in Frank Moulton's possession, and a copy was with Tilton.

Counsel dwelt on the letter of retraction given by Mrs. Tilton to Beecher. Moulton, who swore in this trial with the spirit of a fiend, says he did not see the letter charging adultery, and Tilton swears it was in his possession. Do you believe, gentlemen, that if this paper was in Moulton's keeping he did not read it? Do you believe that this letter of confession, which was so important, was destroyed, while the letter of apology was kept? Why, gentlemen, this paper had served its purpose to the conspirators and it was dispose of. It was not a confession but an accusation, which was retracted by Mrs. Tilton on the 30th of December. On the night of that day Moulton goes to Beecher to obtain a letter of retraction. Beecher said it was due to the memory of his family and his own honor if he died, that he should keep this paper, and Moulton cajoled him into returning it to keep up friendship with Tilton. These troubles Moulton laid the blame of on Mrs. Morse—Mrs. Tilton's love of Beecher and her family troubles, which, Moulton said, had nearly turned her head. He also said to Beecher that Mrs. Tilton loved him (Beecher) better than she did her husband; "and now," said Moulton, "all you have got to do is to join hands with me in the effort to set matters right." Beecher said as he had caused all this trouble in the family, and won this woman's love from her husband, he was willing to do anything to repair the injury. Placed in such a position what should Henry Ward Beecher have done? What would any man have done? No person could tell, for they would all have acted differently. Beecher and Tilton were as opposite as the poles.

The hour of recess arriving, the court was adjourned till Monday next, Mr. Porter being inconvenienced by heat and greatly fatigued. Judge Neilson stated that if counsel did not finish next week, he would hold court on Saturday, and on Sunday, too, perhaps, as suggested by Mr. Evarts. Mr. Beach said he would not occupy more than two days in his summing up, and therefore he desired to know what space of time would be occupied by the other side, but Mr. Evarts could give him no satisfactory answer.

FIRE RECORD.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

Oil City—$1,000.

OIL CITY, PA., May 21, 1875.

At one o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the large building used by Hoag & Algeer for storing coal. The building was entirely destroyed, but as it was nearly empty the loss will not be over $1,000.

Norwalk, Connecticut, $120,000.

NORWALK, CT., May 21.—A fire at South Norwalk, at four o'clock this morning, destroyed Lounsburg Brothers' and Rockwell's shoe factory, the Fairfield Insurance Company's office and the frame building of C. A. Lander. Total loss $120,000. Loss of Lounsburg Bros. and Rockwell, $70,000; insurance $55,000. The insurance company loses its fine building, valued at $20,000; covered by insurance.

Cohoes, New York—$50,000.

COHOES, May 21.—The saw mills, handling shop, polishing room, finishing and packing departments connected with the ax manufacturing works of the Weed & Becker Manufacturing Company, burned this morning. The building was of brick, three stories high and the upper story was packed with goods ready for shipment. The loss is estimated at $50,000; fully insured. The fire is supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion. A large number of men are thrown out of employment.

An Old Lady Burned to Death.

WILKESBARRE, May 21.—The Stoddartsville Hotel, barn and sheds were destroyed by fire last night; also two dwelling houses. Mrs. Cox, aged ninety years, was burned to death. The buildings were ignited from fires raging in the woods.

WEST VIRGINIA.

The Capital Removal

WHEELING, May 21.—A special to the *Standard* from Charlestown says Governor Jacobs and other officers and clerks of the State left that city to-day at one P. M. for Wheeling. They left all books, papers, &c., in Judge Smith's custody, as per injunction. No disturbance was manifested at their departure. If no accident occurs the Governor and State officers should reach this city to-morrow evening. Judge Moore has granted the appeal of the Charlestownites in the injunction case.

Inducements for Cash.

Twenty-five cents per barrel on flour and one per cent on all other goods if paid in ten days from date of bills. T. C. JENKINS, Checkered Front.

ST. LOUIS.

General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church South—The Differences with the Northern Church.

ST. LOUIS, May 21.—The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church South met again this morning, Moderator Hoge in the chair. The usual standing committees were appointed, and the Committee on Sustenance made a report.

Rev. Wm. Brown, D.D., Chairman of the Committee on Friendly Relations, appointed to adjust the differences between the Northern and Southern Churches, made a lengthy report, which was laid over for further consideration and action. This committee met a similar committee of the Northern Church at Baltimore, on the seventh of last January, and entered into a full and exhaustive discussion in writing of the grievances and differences between the two bodies represented by them. The gist of the report, from a hurried examination, seems to lie in the following passage in a communication from Rev. Wm. Brown, Chairman of the Southern committee, to Rev. Dr. Niccolls, Chairman of the Northern committee: "If your Assembly could see its way clear to say, in a few plain words, to this effect, that these obnoxious things were said and done in times of great excitement, that they are to be regretted and that now, in a calm view, the imputations cast upon the Southern Church are disapproved, that would end the difficulty at once." In reply to this, Dr. Niccolls says: "We cannot make this recommendation to our Assembly, for the reason that we are still of the decided conviction that its actions for the last four years, so fully recited to you in our communications, constitute a sufficient ground for fraternal correspondence." Dr. Niccolls then reiterates that "all the acts and deliverances of the Northern Assemblies of which you complain, are wholly null and void, and of no binding efficacy as judgments of the church we represent, or as rules of proceedings for its presbyteries and church sessions; that in so far as they or any of them can be supposed to import any injurious imputations upon the present character and standing of the churches and members of the Southern Assembly as Christians or Presbyterians, such an application of them would be unjust to you and would be disapproved and regretted by us; that the acts and deliverances of the Northern Assemblies of which you complain, were made in peculiar times and under strange and exciting circumstances, when the passions and feelings of men were profoundly moved; that as to the acts of assemblies which we do not represent, we cannot sit in judgment upon them nor express any opinion to their character; that we feel competent to express the desire that they may be considered by you in the same spirit of charity and Christian forgiveness which we trust the people whom we represent will exercise toward anything to which they may object in the proceedings of the Southern Assembly." To this Rev. Mr. Bonne replies: "That the grievances of which we complain, and which we desire to see removed, lie entirely back of the present, and an adjustment which entirely ignores the past is unsatisfactory." This virtually closes the controversy.

PHILADELPHIA.

Meeting of Centennial Commission.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.—The United States Centennial Commission met this morning and elected officers. Commissioner Matthews, of Illinois, chairman of the Committee on opening ceremonies, recommends appropriate ceremonies on the opening and close of the Exhibition, and on the Fourth of July. A partial programme is as follows: President of the Day, the President of the United States; Chaplain—Chaplain, of the United States Senate: Orators—Charles Francis Adams, of Massachusetts, and Lucius D. C. Lamar, of Mississippi; Poet—Henry W. Longfellow, of Massachusetts; Reader of Declaration of Independence—Ralph Waldo Emerson, of Massachusetts; Grand Marshal—General W. T. Sherman; Master of Ceremonies—General Joseph E. Johnson, of Georgia. The Commission then adjourned until tomorrow morning, when it will adjourn finally.

BOSTON.

The Defaulting Trustee.

BOSTON, May 21.—Further developments of fraud in the case of Abraham Jackson, the missing lawyer, are constantly being made. The full loss occasioned by Jackson's transactions will probably never be known, as much of the property was in trust; but enough is already known to indicate that the losses will aggregate $300,000. Those who knew Jackson best do not think he has committed suicide. There are certainly no indications that he has. On the contrary, everything appears as though his late transactions were carried on with one object of raising money, and there can be but little doubt that his disappearance was the climax of his operations and was perhaps premeditated. It is believed that he has carried a large amount of money away from Boston. Attachments have recently been put upon the estate of Jackson.

CLEVELAND.

Presbyterian General Assembly.

CLEVELAND, May 21.—The Presbyterian General Assembly met at nine o'clock this morning. After devotional exercises, the Moderator announced the Standing Committee. The Committee of Arrangements reported the programme for the sessions, which was adopted. Synodical records were then received, and the remainder of the session was occupied in discussing the question of mileage.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Probabilities for To-day.—Stationary barometer, and temperature, southeast to southwest winds cloudy weather and occasional light rains.

Louis Demeuler has been appointed Internal Revenue Storekeeper for the Second Minnesota district.

W. H. Crawford, of the firm of L. Crawford's Sons, coal dealers of Cleveland, died yesterday morning.

The steamships Neckar, from Bremen, and August Andre, from Antwerp, have arrived at New York.

The International Metric Convention has been signed by the representatives of all the powers participating in the Conference.

A diamond cross, worth $20,000, has been given to Cardinal McCloskey by the young lady pupils of St. Vincent Institute, New York.

The President has appointed David P. Dyer United States Attorney for the Eastern district of Missouri, in place of Wm. Patrick, suspended.

The tribunal at Liege, which has had the alleged plot to assassinate Prince Bismarck under investigation, has dismissed the charges against Duchesne.

A special dispatch to the London *Morning Post* announces that the Russian General Kauffman was returned to Turkestan and resumed the Governorship.

Mrs. Eliza J. Cox was run over and killed at Indianapolis, yesterday morning, by a switching engine of the Indianapolis, Bloomington and Western Railroad.

Cameron Burnside, of Philadelphia, nephew of Senator Cameron, and Otis C. Tiffany, son of Rev. Dr. Tiffany, have been appointed assistant paymasters in the navy.

A dispatch has been received at the Secret Service Bureau, Washington, that Pete McCartney escaped from the custody of Marshal Purnell, while being conveyed from Tyler to Austin, Texas.

Colonel Fred. Grant is at St. Paul on his way to the Big Horn country, via Bismarck and the Missouri and Yellowstone rivers. This is not the Custar expedition, which is preparing to leave soon.

Col. A. C. Matthews, at present Collector of the Ninth Illinois District, has been appointed Internal Revenue Supervisor for the district comprised of the States of Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin, *vice* Mudd, resigned.

The sixteenth annual convention of the Ohio Sabbath School Union, and undenominational society, begins its sessions at Newark, June 8th. Each county society and school in the State is requested to send at least one delegate.

The President and family will leave for Long Branch about the 3d or 4th of June, he having for the present abandoned the idea of visiting his farm near St. Louis. The servants from the White House will be sent to the Branch next week, to arrange the cottage preparatory to the President and family occupying it.

Grey Beard, the most troublesome of the Indian prisoners *en route* for St. Augustine, jumped from the train yesterday morning while it was running at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour, between Live Oak and Lake City, Florida. The train stopped and he was found secreted in the bushes one hundred yards from the road. He ran and was shot down by the guard. The ball passed through his body above the waist. He expired as the train was leaving Sanderson, about two hours after he was shot.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Sixth Auditor Sheats Chooses to be Removed by the President—Continued Dismissals of Internal Revenue Officers—Movements of the President.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21, 1875.

Sixth Auditor Sheats.

The friends of Sixth Auditor Sheats say that he has determined now not to go to Alabama, and that he will not resign, but if it is still desired to get rid of him, will impose on the President the necessity of a summary removal. They say that ever since Sheats went into office the chief clerk of his bureau has been carrying on an underhand conspiracy against him. Sheats also denies that the President has offered him the Consulship to Rio or any other position.

Removal of Revenue Officers.

Dismissals of incompetent or unfaithful internal revenue officials continue to be made as fast as causes are found. The Secretary of the Treasury and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue are determined that the service shall be administered with honesty and efficiency. The trouble has always been that members of Congress press undeserving men on the Department, but now that Congress is not here there is some opportunity to remedy this.

The President's Movements.

It was said at the White House to-day that the President would not go to Chicago, to General Sheridan's wedding. The President expects to be at Long Branch by the 10th of June.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21, 1875.

DISMISSALS OF REVENUE OFFICERS.

The following dismissals of internal revenue officers are announced: Gaugers L. C. Eberwine, First Indiana district; G. Campbell, Eighth Illinois; A. M. Everist, J. A. Mead, J. E. Howard and W. J. Bassett, First Missouri; Ed. L. Redington and C. F. J. Moeller, First Wisconsin.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

England.

GERMANY SKIRMISHING IN BELGIUM.

LONDON, May 21.—A special correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* reports that the German Ambassador at Brussels has been instructed to request the Belgian Government to prohibit religious processions, and that the object of this maneuver is the overthrow of the Belgian Cabinet. The correspondent guarantees the accuracy of the report.

DISRAELI'S RESIGNATION RUMORED.

LONDON, May 21.—The *Examiner* mentions a rumor that Disraeli is to resign at the close of the session, and believes there is foundation for it, as the Premier's disability for continuous work is damaging the Government. An understanding, however, exists among his supporters that he shall not be replaced until he voluntarily resigns.

France.

NEW COMMITTEE OF THIRTY.

PARIS, May 21.—MM. Laboulaye, Cezanne, Waddington and Vacherot, and other remaining members of the Committee of Thirty have resigned and a new committee will be elected on Tuesday, to which Minister Dufaure's bills will be referred.

Italy.

REMOVAL OF BISHOPS.

LONDON, May 22.—A dispatch to the *Standard* from Rome says the Italian Government has ordered the removal of all bishops who have not received the royal exequatur indorsing their appointments. The Archbishop of Palermo has already been notified to leave his see.

Ireland.

MOORE DISQUALIFIED.

DUBLIN, May 22.—Judge Keogh, before whom Moore's election petition was tried, has decided that the late John Mitchel was disqualified from holding a seat in Parliament because he was a felon and alien. A motion for an appeal to the Court of Common Pleas was granted and the case will come up again next week.

Marine News.

LONDON, May 21.—Steamships Scotia and State of Nevada, from New York, arrived out.

HALIFAX, May 21.—Steamer Faraday arrived at North Sidney to-night for coal.

THE GREAT FIRES.

Latest from Osceola and Schuylkill County.

TYRONE, May 21.—The confusion is so great, and the telegraph line so busy with railroad business, that it is impossible to get much further particulars about the fires. At Osceola hundreds of people are homeless and destitute of clothing and provisions. The Burgess of Huntingdon was telegraphed to this morning for food and clothing for the sufferers. Relief is badly needed. A large number of cars and many feet of trestle-work on the railroad have been destroyed. The shipment of coal will be delayed for at least ten days. The total insurance is reported to amount to nearly $100,000. The fire is raging in the woods at Snow Shoe City, where several houses, a number of cars and trestle work are destroyed.

OSCEOLA, May 21.—The insurance of the Mashannon Land and Lumber Co., whose property was destroyed yesterday, amounts to $185,000, in Eastern and foreign companies.

TYRONE, May 21.—The fire is still raging furiously throughout the woods in the neighborhood of Osceola Mills, Pa. About 250 houses were consumed in Osceola, and 400 families rendered homeless. Great praise is due to Mr. D. D. Wood, trainmaster of Tyrone, who, through his heroic conduct and presence of mind, saved a great many lives. He got a lot of box cars and, after loading them with men, women and children, sent them through the burning forest at an extremely fast speed to Philipsburg. Four such trips were made, and about 1,000 people taken to a place of safety. Houtzdale, a town of about 900 inhabitants, six miles from Osceola, is reported entirely destroyed. The fire is spreading rapidly through the woods beyond Houtzdale, and at the latest accounts had reached Parsonville, a small town six miles distant from Houtzdale. The ties on the Pennsylvania Railroad track, from Osceola to Houtzdale, are burned so that no coal can be shipped for some time. Provisions have been sent from towns in the vicinity in response to a call from the Burgess of Osceola, and a meeting is to be held to raise funds for the sufferers. Later reports say that one woman named Stoneberger was burned to death.

IN SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

POTTSVILLE, May 21.—The wind having subsided to-day, the fires on the mountains have not spread so rapidly, and the destruction of property was not so great as yesterday. A fire in the vicinity of Ellangowan colliery destroyed twelve miners' houses. This morning the men are out working against the fire, and the rest of the houses have been saved.

Vice President Wilson.

DENVER, May 21.—Vice President Wilson arrived here this evening in good health and spirits. To-morrow, in company with the Governor of the territory, he will visit Central City, returning in the evening. On Monday he will be the recipient of the hospitalities of the city.

THE reported plan to found and endow an American College of Music in New York seems to grow in magnitude and importance. Its founder is said to be a gentleman worth $5,000,000, of which amount he will devote $1,000,000 to start this institution, and more from the same source will probably follow. Another patron has offered $500,000, and quite a number of gentlemen of wealth and culture have asked the privilege of helping the enterprise along with loans or gifts.

Wonderful Durability.

We cheerfully give space in our columns for the following letter written by one of our best known citizens; it being a matter of just pride to an American that we have completely outstripped Europe in one of her boasted specialties.

My family have used a Steinway piano for about *nineteen* years, and its tone is acknowledged to be as good and musical as when we first got it.

FLORENCE KRAMER,
177 Liberty street.

We learn with surprise, moreover, that these famous Steinways can be had as low as $450 and on monthly payments. The Messrs. Kleber & Bro., the exclusive agents, tell us that while all other pianos are little better than a drug in the market, the Steinway's find a ready sale. The fact is that their unmistakable superiority and popularity cannot but extinguish any other piano brought in comparison with them. The best classes of our families use them exclusively, and there is not a crowned head in Europe but who must have his Steinway grand. Thus we find them at the English court, the Russian court, the German court, the Spanish court, etc., and quite lately the Sultan of Turkey, even, has ordered a couple of Steinway's best grands. What a privilege then to us, at home, to be able to get these wonderful Pianos at first cost and on easy terms, by just walking into Kleber & Bro.'s establishment, 122 Wood street, and choose from a stock which would delight the heart of any European princess or, for that matter, any American princess.

FROM BLAIRSVILLE, PA.

The Political Canvass—Y. M. C. A. Anniversary—A Pittsourgher Does the Begging.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

BLAIRSVILLE, PA., May 19, 1875.

Political matters are assuming the most lively character; but a little over two weeks yet remain for the candidates to work up, each one for himself, his case, and from all appearances the nearer we get to the time the busier they become. Every candidate wishes to be successful, and, impossible as this necessarily is, we think we are telling the truth when we say, every candidate is sanguine of his success. For the office of Prothonotary there is no opposition to the present incumbent, and this is certainly an index of the high esteem in which Mr. Boyle is held. His efficiency in every particular remains undisputed, and for his previous faithfulness the people have resolved to retain him in office. During last week the Republicans of Westmoreland county, in convention, selected Senatorial and Representative delegates, and instructed them to support E. H. Wilson, Esq., for State Treasurer, so that from what we can learn, Mr. Wilson's chances will be anything else than unfavorable. We hope he may be successful in getting the nomination.

On Sunday night last the anniversary of the Young Men's Christian Association was held in the Presbyterian church of our town. The house was filled with an intelligent and very attentive audience. The new officers-elect assumed their duties, and the work of the new year was announced. Appropriate remarks were made by Rev. Dr. Hill, of the Presbyterian, and Rev. Aug. C. Babb, of the Lutheran churches. The several reports of the retiring committees and officers were read, which were full of interest, and exhibited the status of the Association, showing that it is in a very flourishing condition, and that during the year just closed much good had been done. We cannot help but advert to the valedictory address of T. D. Cunningham, Esq., the retiring President. Without intending any flattery at all, we unhesitatingly say it was one among the finest addresses we have heard for quite a while. His language was chaste, plain and devoid of useless adjectives. His delivery was easy, graceful and agreeable; but, above all, he entered into the spirit of his address, with zeal and fervor, evidencing that his heart was in the work. He dwelt largely on the individual responsibility of each member of the Association; that while the association, as a body, no doubt accomplished much good, unless the members would enter into the work, go out into the highways and by-ways, and, Samaritan-like, grasp the hand of one who was feign to say, "No one cares for my soul," speak words of encouragement and consolation to their famished hearts, not until then could a great work be accomplished. Men's minds feed on one another's thoughts; when we are willing to share one another's sorrows, and rejoice in the success of one another,—when the storms of adversity overtake us, and a Christian philanthropist steps forward and is willing to share his mantle to protect us; or compunction of soul is ready to crush us to the earth, and a Christian brother, whose heart swells with gratitude to God and love for his fellow man, will step down, grasp the hand of one who may seem to be hopelessly gone, raise him up and whisper in his ear, "Put your trust in the Lord and He will never forsake you," how soon will the countenance change. The fallen will again assume the dignity of his manhood, courage which was once dethroned will again assume its authority, and the soul that was seemingly lost will be reclaimed and saved. Such would be the success of the individual members, if they would work, and such was their duty. We would like to give the address *verbatim*, for we believe much good would result, were these outpourings of honest Christian hearts laid before the people. We think many of the tracts, &c., spread broadcast over the land, are written, rather as literary productions, than with a view to accomplish good. The author has done his work and received a pecuniary recompense for it; as to the result he apparently cares very little.

David Taylor, Esq., the newly installed President, delivered his inaugural, which also had the right ring, and was characteristic of that Christian spirit which should pervade the heart of a person filling so important a position. Suffice it to say, the address was well given and received.

Rev. I. C. Pershing, of Pittsburgh, was next called on, declining at first, on account of fatigue occasioned by incessant ministerial labor during the day. He however, yielded to the importunings of the people, and entertained the audience in his usual eloquent and logical manner; and having taken the stand for the purpose of soliciting contributions for defraying the expenses of the Association during the current year, he never "let up" until he had the desired amount, viz: $250. His remarks were well received, and his effect in which he was so successful, was just in time, and he received the warmest thanks of the Association. He is verily, the most successful *beggar* we ever listened to. The Association starts out with a glorious prospect, which we hope will be more than realized. B.

"A CENTURY LATER: Picturesque glimpses of Philadelphia and Pennsylvania."

This is the title of a serial publication, to be completed in fifteen papers, by Allen, Lane & Scott, and J. W. Laudabach, Philadelphia. It is to be issued in semi-monthly parts, at 50 cents each. It will furnish a pictorial representation of the scenery, architecture, life, manners and character of the State, and will illustrate completely the advance made in civilization during a century of self-government. The engravings are exceedingly well executed, and will be lavishly introduced through the text. It is a magnificent work, and will be a monument of American art, skill and thoroughness. Address the publishers, No. 233 South Fifth street, Philadelphia.

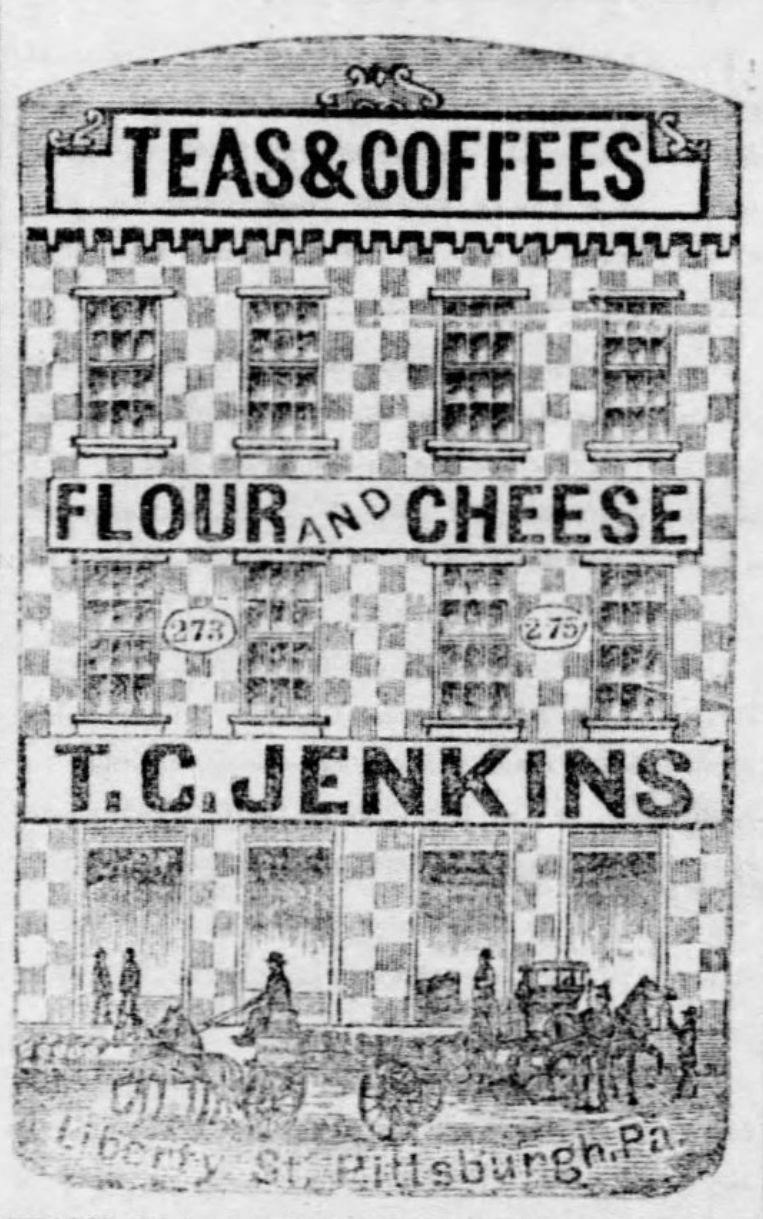
The collection of salmon eggs from California, and their distribution to the State Commissioners throughout the United States, are about beginning under the direction of the United States Fish Commissioner.

Iron City College.

Corner Penn avenue and Sixth street, admits students at any time. School always in session. For circulars or other information call at the College, or address the Principal, J. C. Smith, A. M., Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Coming Flour.

Erin's Pride. Irish Flour. Nothing in the country can compete with it. Sample barrels furnished at White River prices, at the Checkered Front. T. C. JENKINS.



THE HOUSE THAT HANDLES THE GREAT
White River Flour
CHEAPEST
Flour and Grocery House
IN PITTSBURGH.

BEWARE

Of Dealers that REPRESENT they have the Great White River Flour under other Brands. Dealers do this to make sales of Cheaper Flours, and Traveling Agents do it for the Commissions they get for Orders they send in to other Houses, which amounts to about a fair profit for handling Flour.

No other House has the WHITE RIVER FLOUR under any Brand or in any form. Those that represent they have, are deceiving the people that want this Celebrated Brand.

CLEVELAND LIME,
At the Lowest Rates to Dealers.
Send for Price List with Prices in Full.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
IRISH SOAP.

OLD TEA HOUSE
TEAS,
A SPECIALTY.
RETAIL HOUSE
WITH
WHOLESALE PRICES.

Boneless Codfish, per lb	8 cents.
George's Codfish, per lb	7 cents.
A Sugar (white) per lb	10 cents.
Family Soap, per bar	4 cents.
Baking Powder, per can	10 cents.
Tomatoes (3-lb can)	12½ cents.
Plums and Pine Apple, per can	20 cents.
Grapes and Strawberries, per can	20 cents.
Shaker Dried Corn, per lb	10 cents.
Corn Starch, per lb	9 cents.
Roasted Coffee—roasted to-day	25 cents.

Garden Grown Tea.

D. M. Jenkins,
20 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

STATE NEWS.

Only eleven deaths in Reading last week.

The catch of shad at Columbia has, thus far, been very small.

A gang of sixty robbers is said to be operating in the vicinity of Fritztown, Berks county.

There are nine hundred and fifty-three retail dealers in merchandise in Lancaster county.

Allentown is to have a Bunker Hill sham fight on the occasion of its centennial fair on the 17th of June.

The twenty-second annual gathering of the "Progressive Friends" is to begin at Longwood on the 10th of June, and will continue three days.

A juror in attendance at court at West Chester last week asked to be excused. When the Judge asked him upon what grounds, he said he wanted to get married, and the day was fixed. He was excused.

Little Johnny Wise, who went up in a balloon on Whit Monday at Lancaster, landed in a field in which his grandfather descended twenty years ago. The highest point reached by the young aeronaut was 7,500 feet.

A consignment of the best breeds of English and Scotch live stock, consisting of 186 animals, embracing a number of Ayrshire cattle and South Downs sheep, thirty choice Oxford Downs, one of which, a ram, weighs 300 pounds, twenty Cotswold sheep, seventeen large and six small Berkshire pigs, forty-two cows, one bull, and ten calves of the Sera finas, Knightly, Waterloo, True Loves, and Acombs breeds, bred in Yorkshire and Durham, reached New York on Wednesday, consigned to Mr. J. S. Cooper, of Coopersburg.

The Business Outlook.

That we will soon have a revival of business in all its branches may be inferred from the indications presenting themselves on every hand in our principal thoroughfares. A walk along Market, Front, Third and other streets devoted to wholesale business, at the present time is becoming one of difficulty. Boxes, barrels and bales strew the sidewalks, while drays and other vehicles for their conveyance throng the roadways, presenting an animated and welcome picture to those who have been deploring the stagnation of trade, which this year, we believe, will be conducted upon a more solid basis than ever before—namely, quick cash sales and small profits. Buildings are also under contract or going up in all parts of the city, particularly in the suburbs.—*Philadelphia Press.*

FRANCE now seems to be the reservoir into which the gold of the world is pouring. In the first three months of the present year the imports of the precious metals exceeded 350,000,000 francs, or seventy million dollars, and almost four-fifths of the whole was in gold coin and bullion. The sources of this supply were much more various than may be supposed, for much less than one-half was sent from England. The United States contributed about ten million dollars, and vast sums were also received from Germany. By the last received report of the Bank of France the cash locked up in its vaults was 1,535,000,000 francs, or $307,000,000, while the Bank of England at the same time held only $103,000,000.

Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—BONDS—$3,000 CITIZENS' Passenger Railway Bonds. N. HOLMES & SONS, 57 Market street. tf

WANTED—HORSE COLLAR MAKER—Immediately a Horse Collar Maker. Good wages and steady employment to a good hand. Address J. M. ROBINSON, Clearfield, Pa.

WANTED—MODELS—INVENTORS and others wanting Patent Office Models or Experimental Models of Iron, Wood or Brass to call at Keystone Pattern and Model Works of J. F. MILLER & CO., 68 Water street and 80 First avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A Young Lady of good address a situation as saleswoman. Has served in that capacity in the dry goods and millinery trade. Also, has occupied the position as cashier in a large dry goods establishment. Reference sufficient. Address A. W., Commercial office.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—FOR large and small amounts. I am prepared to furnish a large amount of money to be placed on good City or Allegheny Country Property. Said Mortgages must run from two to three years. For further particulars call on or apply to E. C. KEYS, Real Estate Broker, office No. 96 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—SMALL Steam Engine and Boiler, Shafting, Pulleys, &c. For particulars call at 254 Penn avenue.

FOR SALE—OAK TANNED LEATHER Belting, Rubber Belting and Hose, at THORP & DUNN'S, 144 Water street.

FOR SALE—PLANING MILL—MACHINERY and Steam Engines, new and second-hand. We give written guarantee of each machine, and sell low. Send for circular and price list to M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW DOUBLE-FLUE Boilers, 20x36; twelve Portable Boilers, from 12 to 20 horse power; Engines from 4 to 80 horse power; one Hoisting Engine and Boiler. ANDERSON, MAXWELL & PORTER, 40 Park Way, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-TWO NEW and second-hand Engines and Boilers, 2 Portable and 1 small Upright; also, 1 Saw Mill, with Portable Engine. T. CARLIN, corner of Lacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—NO. 245 ALLEGHENY avenue, Allegheny city. The House is nearly new, has 10 Rooms, is well planned and the neighborhood first-class. The Lot is 23 feet 9 inches by 140 feet deep to paved street or alley. Will be sold low and very accommodating terms. Apply to THOS. F. STEWART, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.

FOR SALE—FORTY SUPERIOR Second-hand Boilers, in good order, ranging from 30 inches to 44 inches in diameter; and 10 feet to 40 feet long; double-flued and cylinder. County Inspector's certificate of test with each boiler. Repairing done promptly at the West Point Boiler Works, No. 13 Water street. WATSON & MUNROE.

FOR SALE—TWO BUILDING LOTS in Thirty-second ward; also, four Lots on Liberty avenue; three Lots on Mary street; one Lot on Center street, with Frame Dwelling of 4 Rooms, Cellar and Attic, all situate in the Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh. Will be sold low and on easy terms. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, 104 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—TIMBERED LAND—Tract of 5,000 acres in Humphreys county, Tennessee, $3 per acre; tract of 5,000 acres in Wetzel county, West Virginia, $3 per acre; tract of 16,000 acres in Webster county, West Virginia, $2 per acre; tract of 1,650 acres in Calhoun county, West Virginia, $2 per acre.
W. V. HOGE & BRO., Real Estate Agents,
1306 Market street, Wheeling, W. Va.

FOR SALE—55 ACRES OF GOOD Land at Baden Borough, Beaver county, Pa., 10 minutes' walk from the Station; half hour's ride to Pittsburgh. The Land lays well and is almost all cleared and well watered. Would make a suitable place for a nice home. Will sell at a low price and easy payments. Also, the whole or part interest in a good Steam Saw Mill, in one of the principal towns on the Monongahela river, doing a good river business, and in complete order, at a reasonable price and payments. For further particulars apply to ED. WITTISH, Beaver Falls, Pa., or every Tuesday morning, at 91 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE OR TO EXCHANGE FOR CITY OR ALLEGHENY CITY PROPERTY—The beautiful homestead of John Scott, Jr., on Pine Creek, 2½ miles from Etna Station, West Penn Railway. The property consists of 76 acres of ground in a high state of cultivation. One fine dwelling of 11 rooms, another dwelling of 4 rooms, with barns, stables and other outbuildings, with three of the best orchards of all kinds of choice fruits in Western Pennsylvania. Price $30,000. The buildings and improvements alone are worth full $20,000.

Also a few of those fine 5 and 10 acre lots are yet unsold. Will also be sold cheap, or exchanged for city property. Apply to
THOS. F. STEWART,
Fifth avenue and Wood street.

RELIGIOUS.

REV. MISS CHAPIN WILL preach to-morrow at the usual hours at the church, corner of Third and Grant streets. Subject of morning discourse, "Ears that hear." Evening, "The practical Gospel." A Bible class, to be conducted by the pastor, will be organized at the close of the morning service.

McCandless, Jamison&Co
103 WOOD STREET,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF
STANDARD NEW PRINTS
And Other Goods
Bought for Cash at the Recent Great Decline, which they offer to WHOLESALE BUYERS at Less than Cost of Manufacturing. Prices Always Guaranteed as Low as the Goods can be bought elsewhere.

The Cameron Special
STEAM PUMP.
Cheapest and Best in the Market. Pumps Adapted to Every Duty
Circulars and Price Lists furnished on application
ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,
fs No. 50 to 60 THIRD AVENUE, Between Market and Ferry Streets.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—TO EMPLOY—LIVE MEN to travel and appoint County Agents for DR. KARSNER'S CATARRH TREATMENT. Warranted to cure Catarrh or pay $1,000. 10½ Sixth street. J. C. TILTON.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SMALL HOUSE—ON Sarah street, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward. Lot 144x125. Fruit Trees Grapevines, &c. Rent low to a good tenant. Inquire at Commercial office.

FOR RENT—DWELLING—THE Three-story Brick Dwelling House, No. 152 Center avenue, containing 9 large Rooms, with Gas and Water and good yard. House in best of order throughout. Apply at 154 Center avenue.

FOR RENT—ON HILAND AVENUE, East Liberty, a new House of 10 Rooms, Water, Gas, Bathroom, and all modern improvements. The House and Stable will be finished and ready for tenant by May 1st. The Lot is large and the neighborhood first-class. Price, $1,000 per year. Apply to THOS. F. STEWART, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.

FOR RENT—A HANDSOME BRICK Dwelling House, on Cliff street. Parlors, Dining Room and Kitchen on first floor; Gas, dry Cellar, 3 Bedrooms and finished Attic, Water and modern improvements. The Lot extends from street to street. Will be rented reasonable. Possession given immediately. For particulars apply to WM. EVANS, Commercial office.

FOR RENT OR SALE—NEW TWO-STORY Frame House, with Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall, Water in Kitchen; Lot 45x300, with Grapevines, &c., located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a good tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to E. ABEL, Commercial office.

ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE—THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the LITTLE SAWMILL RUN RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, Thirty-sixth ward, city, formerly Temperanceville, on SATURDAY, May 22d, 1875, from 1 to 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing one President and six Directors for the ensuing year.
C. S. FETTERMAN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Company and Election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Office of the Company, in Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE, proximo, at 11 o'clock A. M.
C. P. MACKIE, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, May 19, 1875.

NOTICES.

NOTICE—ANDREW KLOMAN having this day sold to THOMAS M. CARNEGIE his interest in the firm of CARNEGIE, KLOMAN & CO., the business of that firm will be continued under the firm name of CARNEGIE BROTHERS & CO.
Pittsburgh, March 9, 1875.

NOTICE—ANDREW KLOMAN having this day sold to THOMAS M. CARNEGIE his interest in the firm of KLOMAN & CARNEGIE BROTHERS, the business of that firm will be continued under the firm name of LUCY FURNACE COMPANY.
Pittsburgh, March 9, 1865.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their Meters Tested to leave their orders at the office of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.
R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

NOTICE—THE MEMBERS OF THE ALLEGHENY COUNTY Republican Executive Committee Will please take notice that a meeting of the Committee will be held at the LINCOLN CLUB ROOMS, on Monday, May 24th, AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.
S. P. FULTON, Chairman.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY, GENERAL OFFICES.
PITTSBURGH, May 10, 1875.

NOTICE.

The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company are hereby notified that a General Meeting of said Stockholders, called by the Directors of said Company, will be held at the office of said Company, in the city of Pittsburgh, at 2 o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF MAY, 1875, to consider the question of the purchase by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, of all the interest in, or claims against, the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company, or the property of said Company owned or held by the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore; and to consider also the agreement and mortgages required to be executed by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company to the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore by the ordinance of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore authorizing the sale aforesaid.
By order of the Directors.
J. B. WASHINGTON, Secretary.
TThsmy21.25

DIVIDENDS.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY, PA.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after 14th inst., free of tax.
J. P. KRAMER, Cashier.
Allegheny, Pa., May 11, 1875.

CANDIDATES.

SHERIFF.

FOR SHERIFF—
R. H. FIFE,
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR SHERIFF—
WM. J. DIEHL,
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

COUNTY RECORDER.

FOR COUNTY RECORDER—
RALPH J. RICHARDSON.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
AUGUSTUS BECKERT,
OF FOURTEENTH WARD, PITTSBURGH,
Subject to decision of Republican Convention.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
JAMES G. MURRAY,
UPPER ST. CLAIR TOWNSHIP,
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
Capt. JOHN McCLELLAND,
63d Pa. Vols.,
WEST DEER TOWNSHIP,
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

CLERK OF COURTS.

FOR CLERK OF COURTS—
WM. H. M'CLEARY,
TENTH WARD, PITTSBURGH,
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

REGISTER AND CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT.

FOR REGISTER AND CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
JOSEPH H. GRAY,
Subject to decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR REGISTER AND CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
EDWARD JAY ALLEN,
Late Colonel 155th Pa. Vols.
Subject to decision of Republican County Convention.

Visitors to Europe

Are invited to examine the Stock of FINE JEWELRY, WATCHES, OBJETS D'ART, GEMS, DIAMONDS, and other Precious Stones, both set and unset, at our House in Paris,
57 Rue du Chateaudun, (Chaussee d'Antin,)
Also to visit our Watch Manufactory,
Place Cornavin, (near the Railroad Depot,)
GENEVA, SWITZERLAND.
Having combined the American method of using labor-saving tools and machinery with thoroughly skilled labor, we are enabled to produce FINE WATCHES at prices which warrant a preference over all others.
Tiffany&Co
UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.
wsip

FIRST PART NOW READY.
THE NEW ILLUSTRATED WORK
A Century After.
Picturesque Glimpses of Philadelphia and Pennsylvania,
Including Fairmount, the Wissahickon, and other romantic localities, with the cities and landscapes of the State.
A PICTORIAL REPRESENTATION
Of Scenery, Architecture, Life, Manners and Character.
To be published in fifteen semi-monthly parts at Fifty Cents each. Each part will contain a large number of finely executed wood cuts, printed on heavy tinted paper, size 16x12.
SOLD ONLY BY SUBSCRIPTION.
ALLEN, LANE & SCOTT and J. W. LAUDERBACH, Publishers, No. 233 South Fifth street, Philadelphia.
JAMES C. SCOTT,
Agent for Allegheny county. Lock Box 19, Pittsburgh, Pa.

1875. April. 1875.
NEW SPRING STYLES
SILK AND FUR
HATS!
FOR
Wholesale & Retail Trade,
JUST RECEIVED AT
Palmer's Hat House,
151 WOOD ST.

WM. B. HAYS & SON,
PORK PACKERS.
BACON, MESS PORK, DRIED BEEF, LARD, LARD OIL, CARBON OILS.
CURERS OF THE CELEBRATED
STAR-ANCHOR BRAND EXTRA SUGAR-CURED HAMS.
281 and 283 LIBERTY STREET.
1p

NEW STOCK JUST ARRIVED
1,500 bbls. Choice Brands Flour;
200 bbls. Rye Flour;
800 sacks Choice Corn Meal, 25 and 50 lb. sacks;
200 sacks Graham Flour (superior article);
2,000 New Empty Flour Barrels;
50 tubs Choice Roll Butter;
25 kegs Prime (Somerset) Packed Butter;
5 bbls. Dried Sweet Corn.
I have in Store the largest assortment of choice brands Family and Bakers' Flour in this market, and am daily receiving large lots of Butter and Eggs and Country Produce generally, which I offer to the trade at low figures.
JOHN A. FINNEY,
112 SECOND AVENUE.
1p

F. G. WEISE,
MANUFACTURER OF
Cabinet Furniture and Chairs,
No. 111 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
The Trade Supplied at Lowest Prices.

COLORS!
DRY AND IN OIL,
AT COST!
Having decided to discontinue the Sale of COLORS AND PAINTERS' MATERIALS, we offer our present stock at cost. The Stock is now full and complete, and we would be pleased to fill orders by mail or in person.
PENNSYLVANIA LEAD CO.,
Formerly Fahnestock, Haslett & Schwartz.
137 FIRST AVENUE.

J. OL'R FLOWER,
DENTIST,
REMOVED TO 140 PENN AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
TThs

E. M. BUTZ,
ARCHITECT,
Removed to 64 and 66 Federal Street.
Over Girard Savings Bank, Allegheny, Pa.

GLASS SHADES!
FOR WAX WORK, &c.
J. P. SMITH, SON & CO.,
Near Sixth street. 189 LIBERTY ST.

SUMMER OPENING!
OF
PATTERN BONNETS AND HATS,
On Saturday, May 22d
KITCHIN & BIGGS,
132 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny.

TOILETINE
No woman ever existed devoid of beauty, who did not writhe in agony when the hopeless fact faced her. Such still exist, allowing prejudice to exclude TOILETINE from their boudoirs, when a single application would produce the finest complexion. Sold by Druggists.
slp DE LA SANTA, Agent.

USE SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP

GRAND OPENING!
AT
S. HAMILTON'S, No. 77 FIFTH AVE.
Lowest Prices Ever Known for Such Instruments.

THE GREAT
Estey Cottage
ORGAN.
CLOUGH & WARREN
COMBINATION
Church and Orchestral
ORGANS.

CELEBRATED
Bradbury Pianos
AND UNRIVALLED
DECKER & BARNES,
PIANOS.
Also, Other Well-known and Reliable, but Cheaper
PIANOS.

Have just finished Refitting our Rooms, and have just Opened for Inspection the Finest Stock of First-Class Pianos and Organs ever brought to this City at one time, comprising all the above well known Instruments, all of which are known and recognized the world over as unquestionably the best in the market.

We do not Deal in Cheap Shoddy Goods, and will not Sell them at any Price, so that Purchasers have the Assurance that what they buy is just what it is represented to be.

We will pursue the same policy in the future that has been so successful in the past, i. e., sell only the very best Instruments at the smallest possible profit.

By pursuing this policy our Trade is to-day, according to the sworn returns of the different Music Houses in Pittsburgh, almost one-third more than any other Pittsburgh House, and is as far as known, the largest of any Piano and Organ House in Pennsylvania.

Please remember this, that the great aim and object of our business life is to please our customers.

1st. By giving them the best possible instrument for the lowest possible price.

2d. By giving them every accommodation possible, such as very easy monthly or quarterly payments,

On Our Newly Revised Payment Plan,
So that should the Purchaser on this Plan
FALL SICK,
Or meet with disaster in his affairs, he will not lose his Instrument, or what he has paid on it.

Remember, also, that no matter what others may tell you they can do, S. HAMILTON'S HOUSE will do better for you, because they can sell you a better instrument, and they will sell you lower than any House can afford to sell you. You are cordially invited to call or write to

S. Hamilton, 77 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
ws Just Up One Flight of Stairs, Over McCallum's Carpet Store.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co
OFFER AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF
Dry Goods and Notions!
AT BOTTOM PRICES!
Standard New Prints 7½c.
OTHER GOODS IN SAME PROPORTION.
Merchants Will Find it to Their Advantage to Give Us an Early Call.
WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

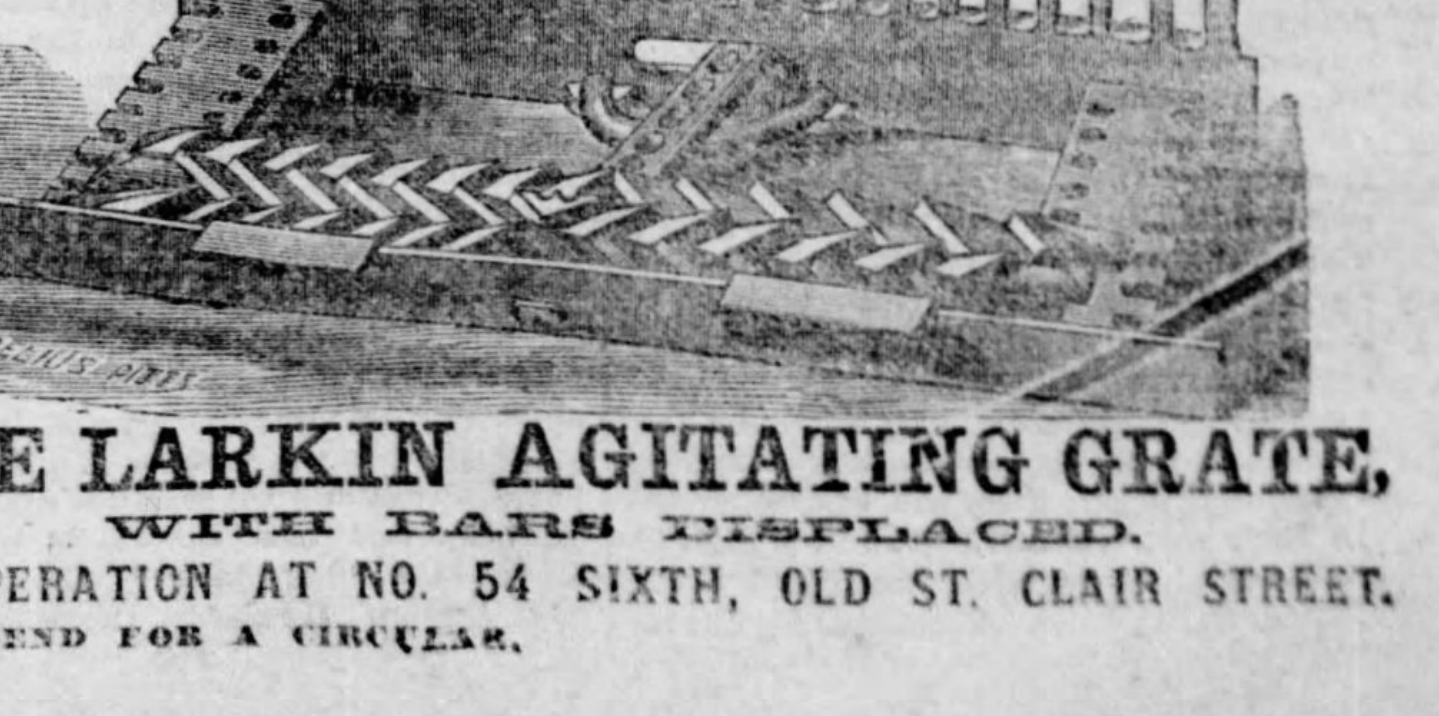
HATS! HATS! HATS!
STRAW GOODS!
M'CORD & CO.,
131 Wood Street,
Are now receiving a Very Large Stock of FELT HATS, all grades. Elegant and Complete Assortment of Mens', Boys' and Children's STRAW HATS. Ladies' Trimmed Hats, Harvest, Leghorn and India Panama Hats.
Merchants are invited to call.
THE RETAIL DEPARTMENT IS FULL OF THE LATEST STYLES.

REMOVAL!
D. & F. S. WELTY,
Successors to WELTY BROS.,
IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Mattings,
WINDOW SHADES, &c.,
Nos. 115 and 117 FEDERAL STREET,
Caldwell's New Building ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

NEGLEY & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
COAL!
BEST QUALITY GAS, FAMILY AND STEAM COAL SHIPPED OR DELIVERED, AT LOWEST RATES.
Office---South End of Monongahela Bridge, Carson Street.

R. & W. JENKINSON,
MANUFACTURERS AND EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
TOBACCO, CIGARS
AND LEAF TOBACCO,
237 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
LARGEST STOCK OF TOBACCOS AND CIGARS IN THE CITY
Branch Store: Corner of Arch and Ohio Streets, Allegheny. TThs

PAPER FLOUR BAGS!
The Largest Establishment of the kind in the United States, and the only one that makes the entire Bag by Machinery.
GODFREY & CLARK,
ws 270 LIBERTY STREET.



THE LARKIN AGITATING GRATE,
WITH BARS DISPLACED.
IN OPERATION AT NO. 54 SIXTH, OLD ST. CLAIR STREET.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

The Commercial.

SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1875.

THE *Post* valorously thrusts itself into the foreground as a leading champion of the Ultramontane Bourbons.

A WASHINGTON city paper, in speaking of a certain rhymester says: "Nature in its volcanic heavings threw him up, and made him a true poet." Now we know why he is such a retched versifier.

THE National German Baptists' Convention, now in session at Covington, Ohio, proposes to establish a college in Somerset, this State, with the view of elevating the educational standard of the ministry.

DESTRUCTIVE forest fires are raging in other States besides our own. The woods of Northern Minnesota are aflame, and heavy damage has also been wrought in some portions of the pineries of Michigan.

THERE appears to be a panic in Brazil. The banks are suspending, merchants are failing, and business is at a stand still. As there are no political parties in Brazil, this mercantile trouble cannot be based upon political causes.

THIRTY-SEVEN foreign nations have thus far signified their intention of participating in our great Centennial, and it looks as though the whole world would change front forward on the pivot of the first completed century of our national existence.

THE demoralized condition of the New York Democracy naturally inspires the Republicans of that State with fresh courage. The Democrats throughout the State have become so disgusted with the action of their representatives that they will be glad of an opportunity of rebuking them at the polls next fall.

IT SEEMS that the origin of those singular mud islands which from time to time appear in the Lower Mississippi, closely resembles that of the editorials in the *Post*. They are nothing but soft masses of mud, upheaved by gases underneath, and subsiding as soon as these are permitted to escape.

THE forest fires in the interior of Pennsylvania now extend from Port Jervis, on the Delaware, to the Susquehanna, and appear, also, to have broken out in the great Allegheny range, in Clearfield county. The destruction by these fires will be equal, in amount, to the destruction wrought by the grasshoppers in the West.

THE Philadelphia *Press* of Thursday publishes some two hundred dispatches, covering all points in the wheat-growing counties of New York, showing the present condition and prospects of the crop. They state that it has been injured to such an extent by the late cold weather and wet spring that the yield will prove hardly more than half an average.

A MORE cheerful feeling is arising out West with regard to the "grasshopper scourge," and a suspicion is beginning to be entertained that there may be more scare than 'hoppers. A party of sixty gentlemen, capitalists and bankers, of New York, who have traveled since Monday fifteen hundred miles through Missouri, the Indian Territory and Kansas, report that not one grasshopper has been seen *en route*, notwithstanding the proclamation of the Governor of Missouri.

THE extremely unfavorable weather with which the Ohio Valley has been visited this spring, at one time gave rise to wide-spread alarm lest the whole fruit crop should fall a victim to the persistent attacks of the frost. The Cincinnati *Enquirer*, however, states that much as the season has been delayed, and injurious as it may prove to some varieties of fruit, yet the prospects for an average yield of apples and peaches are very fair. The fact is becoming more and more widely recognized that a low temperature, even when it induces frost, is not so detrimental as was once supposed.

THE Troy *Times* states that since the commencement of the puddlers' strike in that city, the storekeepers have sold goods to the strikers to the amount of between three and four hundred thousand dollars, not two-thirds of which will be collected. The same paper says that the National Puddlers' Union had for some time discontinued making payments to the Troy men. This action on their part was unexpected "as the Troy men have always responded, liberally to aid their Pittsburgh brothers when they have been on a strike." This circumstance, together with the storekeepers refusing more credit, probably had a material effect in ending the strike.

ALL the pike and bass which made their home in the lower Genesee river, at Rochester, New York, and other varieties which visit the stream for spawning, have been destroyed this spring by the poisoning of the waters with some noxious substance. The shores of the river below the lower falls are lined with dead fish, between two and three tons having been collected the other day, under the direction of SETH GREEN, within the space of a mile. The wastage of the Erie Canal empties into the Genesee river at Rochester, and Governor TILDEN has a lurking suspicion that a large share of this extraordinary mortality is attributable to the interpenetrating foulness of that alleged canal corruption which he failed to discover.

A GREAT effort is being made to convey the impression that the forthcoming decision of the Court of Claims in the case of the Union Pacific Railroad Company against the United States, in which the former seeks to recover about $1,000,000 withheld by the Secretary of the Treasury under the act of March 3, 1873, as an offset for interest paid by the United States on the bonds loaned to the company, will be in favor of the latter. This may possibly be so, but that will not by any means settle the controversy. The Supreme Court of the United States will have final jurisdiction of the case on appeal, and past experience has fully shown that an opinion of the Court of Claims is not likely to be sustained by that tribunal without the closest examination.

THE outward features of the initial number of the consolidated St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* closely resemble those of the absorbed paper. Internal hints and intimations of the more comprehensive and vigorous intellectual life which it is likely, under its new management, to take on, are, however, apparent. So soon as the mechanical arrangements for the work can be completed, it will appear as a quarto instead of a folio, with fifty-six columns instead of thirty-six. It promises to adhere faithfully "to the tenets of the Republican party so long as they represent, as at present, the means of attaining the best and highest form of self-government." Our hyphenated contemporary has the opportunity to make itself felt as one of the most vital Republican influences in the West. Of its ability to do so there can be no doubt.

UPWARDS of ten thousand immigrants, it is stated, went to California last month, alone, with the intention of making that State their permanent abode. The San Francisco papers, however, do not look upon this heavy influx at all favorably, and they plainly intimate that the current of population which of late has been setting so strongly thitherward must either turn back or flow on into Oregon. Indeed, they stand not upon saying that California is full so far as present ability to take care of the new comers is concerned, and that a large proportion of the immigrants will find Oregon more to their advantage than California. No doubt this is so. People who want to make a living by industry and economy can do that as easily in Oregon as anywhere, and perhaps a little easier, and such people the State needs. Drones, however, will starve out there, just as they starve out, and ought to starve out, everywhere.

THE anxiety of so many adventurers to get into the Black Hills to mine for gold has given to the Sioux Indians an exaggerated idea of their importance as the owners of that valuable tract of country. They have evidently been impressed, by the speculating villains among them who have exiled themselves from civilization and married Indian squaws, with the conviction that they can extort a large sum from the Government for the privilege of mining for the precious metals upon their otherwise unproductive territory, and they have accordingly been led to assume an insolent and bullying tone in their addresses to the President. They are too important in their own estimation, and too high in rank to negotiate with any one but the *President in person*. Their bearing was insolent and haughty, and we do not wonder to hear that the President was offended by it. They are the victims of designing schemers, and their insulting manner is but the first step in a conflict between themselves and the Government, which can end only in the utter extinction of their tribe.

THE grasshopper visitation is confined to a comparatively small belt of country. A St. Louis correspondent of the *Inter-Ocean* says:

> The infested district comprises the counties of Lafayette, Jackson, Pettis, Buchanan, Platte, Johnson, Cass, Saline, Moniteau, Oregon, Ray, and, in fact, all of Southwestern Missouri. The first five of the above counties are the richest and most populous in the State, and will average at least 50,000 inhabitants. The grasshoppers are still hatching out, but most of them are about one-third grown, but not yet old enough to fly. They are now feeding upon the young oats and wheat, and smoothing down everything as they go. Last week a meeting of citizens in Jackson county was held to consider the situation. At that meeting it was reported that 120 bushels of grasshoppers had been killed by ditching the week previous. Many more had been disposed of by burning. This fact will give some idea of the numbers in that section. In some counties, such as Platte and Buchanan, farmers do not apprehend much serious damage to their crops. Residents of that particular region, in attendance at the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows in this city, state that the hoppers exist only in patches scattered over the counties, and that they travel in bunches, all going rapidly toward the Northeast, and that they will have left the country before the crops are old enough to be much hurt. They think corn will be injured a little while it is in a tender state, but by the middle of June they will have left the country, which will be too early to do much damage to that cereal.

The *Inter-Ocean* also has the following dispatch:

> ST. JOSEPH, MO., May 19.—The grasshoppers have as yet done but little damage here. They are thick, but very small, and are moving southward. A little of the early vegetation has suffered, but wheat and corn has escaped with but little injury. In Northern Kansas scarcely any damage has been done, and the crop reports from Southern Nebraska are very favorable. It is perfectly safe to predict that this immediate vicinity will suffer but little.

The New York *Bulletin* says that the ravages of the insect, as far as reported, are confined to nineteen counties in Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, and adds:

> As the grasshopper for the moment is the most conspicuous feature of dispatches from the West, we compile in another column the latest intelligence of its movements in all those sections of the West and Southwest subject to its ravages. The record at best is not a cheerful one, but happily there are two sides to it, and the best that can be said about it is that *the latest direct news is the best news*. The indirect news, it is worth while remarking, is uniformly the most unfavorable, showing that the further people are from the grasshopper the bigger he looks, and the more are they disposed to magnify its ravages. This tendency, however, is noticeable with reference to most other things in the social economy as well as grasshoppers.
>
> Meanwhile, it is gratifying to see the farmers going to work to fight the enemy with every weapon that human ingenuity and human experience can suggest. In Minnesota, trenches and rollers have been used with excellent advantage, while by scattering straw on those sheltered places where the grasshoppers take refuge on cold and windy nights, the torch has been employed with admirable results in sending devastation among their ranks. It is war to the knife, and the farmers of that State will leave no means untried that promise to rid them of the plague. The Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska people must imitate their example. It will never do to sit down in despair. Bad as the case may be, it might be a great deal worse. Besides, it is well to bear in mind one or two facts that must be considered exceptionally favorable in these later experiences. The insects have made their appearance unusually early. Two or three years ago they appeared in Missouri during the month of May in countless myriads, but were gone in less than a month. They disappeared suddenly and mysteriously; were they went no one could explain. There is reason to hope that they may do the same this year.

Professor RILEY, the State Entomologist of Missouri, gives to the farmers of that State the following good advice:

> I would urge upon the farmers to go to work with will and courage and in concert. Employ what means are at hand and do not look for miraculous intervention. Where small grain and garden truck have been destroyed, replant with corn, broomcorn, sorghum, castor beans and leguminous plants generally, and plant as large an area as possible of tomatoes and sweet potatoes. These plants are least subject to attack. Cultivate thoroughly and keep the surface of the ground, more especially, as friable and loose as possible.

IT IS a melancholy reflection that no calamity can happen any part of the country without bringing in its train some speculative movement, the participants in which make a business of exaggerating grossly the unfortunate occurrences that have led them into speculation.

The grasshopper plague is now furnishing a sad instance of this. No one is prepared to deny that large portions of the West are suffering and will continue to suffer from this insect pest; and the New York speculators at once seized upon the occasion as a happy one, for them. They scattered dispatches from the West, on Wednesday last, broadcast upon the street, to show that the entire country was in danger of devastation, and made that idea the basis of extensive operations for a rise in breadstuffs. The stock jobbers also took hold of the same reports, and used them to hammer down some of the fancy railroad stocks. If the West is eaten up this year by the grasshoppers, the railroads will have nothing to carry, and hence stocks must fall. Boxes full of young grasshoppers, sent on from Kansas, and bottles with old grasshoppers in four inches long, were handed round by these speculators, to give a semblance of truth to their wild prognostications; and it is not unreasonable to suppose that this persistent exaggeration of facts, which are in themselves bad enough, will result in putting up the prices of produce, and in depressing the prices of stocks.

The alarm over the gradual progress of the grasshopper eastward is not a groundless one, but a great deal more has been made out of it than the facts warrant. The extent of country traversed by them is not very great, and while that portion of the country is entitled to our hearty sympathy, there is no present ground for a general panic. It will be best to wait a little while, and see the real extent of the injury done or likely to be done, before going off into a scare over it. There is such a thing as being scared before you are hurt; and New York invariably discounts every disaster long before its extent can be known or appreciated.

THE Clearfield strike appears to have ended by the surrender of the operatives and a return to work at the old rates. We are glad, for many reasons, that they have gone to work again; but we cannot refrain from expressing the conviction that the strike might possibly have been avoided had the operators been frank enough to explain fully to the men that the condition of the coal market did not warrant them in paying an advanced price for mining. The price paid for mining coal was last year reduced from sixty to fifty cents a ton, with the understanding that the old price should be restored when the state of business would warrant it. The diggers thought that the rates now obtained by the operators for the coal marketed by them would justify a return to the old rate; the operators thought not, but declined, at least so the men say, to exhibit the evidences upon which they came to that conclusion. A full statement of the real facts of the case *might* have satisfied the diggers that they were wrong in demanding an advance. We do not say that it would; but we regret that it was not made. A frank intercourse between the parties would have done no harm, even if it did no good.

THE effort of the ex-Confederates to put forward North Carolina as having anticipated the Jeffersonian Declaration of Independence by more than a year, does not appear to have been very successful. The Centennial celebration of the bogus Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence was a very slim affair. There were a few efforts at celebration in Tennessee, but they were spiritless and dull. The pretended Mecklenburg Declaration is like Southern loyalty in general, a fraud and an imposition. It first saw the light of day in 1819, and was then doubtless published as a hoax. But little attention was paid to it then, and still less has been given it since; and the present attempt of the ex-rebels to galvanize it into a spasmodic exhibition of life, grows out of the desire of these Southern demagogues to obtain for their section some of the earlier glories of the Revolution. Being frauds themselves, they naturally cotton to such an egregious fraud as the Mecklenburg Declaration has been proved to be.

THE folks who are amusing themselves and the public by getting up claims to the property upon which New York, Columbus, Chicago and other cities stand have all been cast into the shade by LONE HORN, the "big injun" chief now at Washington. He claims the whole country. It is all his, and it is presumable that he will give a good title to it if he is properly dealt with by his "Great Father," the President. It is to be hoped that the latter will see to it that LONE HORN'S title is properly extinguished. It is uncomfortable to think that a dirty, greasy Indian has a claim that covers your house and lot more completely than a mortgage. According to his present ideas, he is the greatest real estate owner in the world.

THE Republicans of New Hampshire are thoroughly aroused by the attempt of Governor WESTON and his Council to cheat them out of the fruits of their late victory. The Springfield *Republican* of Thursday says:

> "The usually even New Hampshire pulse is at present beating a hundred to the minute. The excitement is not confined to Concord either; it is only bounded by the State lines. The Republicans proclaim, through the press and in private talk, their firm determination not to permit themselves to be cheated out of the State government, come what will. Mass meetings are talked of, the first to be held at Manchester, this evening. At a secret conference in Concord, Tuesday evening, attended by leading Republicans from all parts of the State, a committee of nine lawyers was appointed to draw up the plan of campaign."

A NEW Democratic evening paper, to be called the *Telegram*, will make its first appearance in Washington city to-day, being the second fresh newspaper experiment attempted this week. Its principal resources are understood to be "great expectations" of a sweeping opposition triumph next year. Before the summer is half over the telegraph will announce the demise of the bankrupt *Telegram*.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

The race horse Aristides has just won the Kentucky Derby.

The Western Tanners' Association is in session at Louisville.

"Crooked whisky" in *Tribunese* becomes "curvilinear highwines."

The Rhode Island Baptists are going to celebrate their centennial next month.

"When you have no case, abuse the other side." Porter appears to be acting on this principle.

After all, the *Danburian* is not dead Danburied. It has been consolidated with the Bethel *News*.

The iron furnaces in Connecticut which have been idle for some months past will soon be in full blast again.

We read of Anna-Versary everywhere now-a-days. She seems to be quite a religious and scientific body.

Country physicians out West are exchanging lists of their delinquent patients. Hereafter the rule will be, no fee, no physic.

A New Orleans delinquent city tax list is to be published to-day. It contains 17,000 names. New Orleans is Democratic to the core.

Philadelphia claims that it furnishes employment to not less than sixty thousand women, exclusive of those engaged in domestic service.

The Maryland Agricultural College is in a bad way with an indebtedness of some $10,000, and an attendance of only about thirty-five pupils.

The latest achievement of ex-Senator Pomeroy consists in his alleged discovery of an indelible ink to be used in canceling postage stamps.

An analytical correspondent suggests as an appropriate title for a forthcoming publication, "*Egoism*, or The Man Who Did It—Sherman."

"The ladies of Texas have determined never to give ex-President Davis up again." Thank God!

The University of North Carolina is soon to be revived, another gratifying evidence of the recovery of the South from the disastrous effects of the war.

A practical poet begins an ode to an early violet, "False herald of the ever treacherous spring." That is to say, spring does not keep her promises inviolate.

Out at Wyandotte, Kansas, the other day, in boring for coal they struck a gas mine from which it is estimated that at least 250,000 feet of gas escapes each day.

Ocala, Florida, has a white and a colored seminary. There are in the former one hundred pupils, and in the latter two hundred and sixty. Does it suggest anything?

A car load of old boots and shoes was shipped to New York, from Indianapolis, the other day. The shipping of old boots is a branch of commerce that shoed be encouraged.

The lessons formed by the International Sunday School Committee are now used by seventeen confederations, kingdoms and empires, representing some ten different languages.

The great annual national meeting of the Society of Dunkards is in session at Piqua, Ohio. Immense numbers of the faithful are present from all directions. It is quite a piquant affair.

A wonderful mammoth cave has been discovered in Colorado with floors and frescoes of stalactites and stalagmites so remarkable that a more dazzling spectacle cannot be imagined.

A movement is on foot to establish a colored colonization society for the purpose of organizing parties for emigration to the bottom lands on the Colorado river, in the Territory of Arizona.

California immigrantmania. Last month 5,000 people entered that State by steamer and over 8,000 by rail, while the departures were but a little over 3,000, leaving a gain of over 10,000 people.

George Wilkes has been elected a member of the American Geographical Society. He is a famous traveler. He explored the interior of Egypt, some three or four years ago, in company with Consul Butler and a harem of dancing houri.

A Leavenworth, Kansas, lady has just patented a "refrigerating table," destined to serve at once as table and refrigerator, and to dispense eating with the use of ice. It is said to be a really valuable invention.

Too much pigeon. In some parts of Minnesota the immense flocks of these toothsome birds have proved so destructive to the growing wheat that the farmers have had to fire the woods and scare them away.

There is consternation in male medical circles in New York because the lady manager of the Presbyterian hospital in that city insists on being manager, and has driven out some of the doctors who disputed her authority.

The Irish language is dying out in Ireland, and the Archæological Association of that country has asked the Commissioners of Education to "preserve the Irish tongue from being lost," and have it regularly taught in the schools.

PERSONAL.

The late John Harper, of the great publishing house, left $4,000,000 to his heirs, lawyers and other people.

"Bill, Aleck and Frank," is the disgracefully democratic manner in which the Cincinnati *Commercial* mentions the sovereigns of Germany, Russia and Austria.

Rev. James Beecher, youngest brother of the defendant, has quit. He has bought a farm forty miles from Poughkeepsie, and will not venture into the pulpit again.

There is a letter held for postage in the Lebanon postoffice with the following superscription: "lexinton, ky. betherl church collered in the charge of the preacher wat his name is i do not know."

Mrs. Sherman, the Connecticut Borgia, is said to be a most exemplary person in the penitentiary. It is very much to be regretted that ladies are occasionally so constituted that the penitentiary is the only place where they can be exemplary.

Indian prisoners do not like Florida as a place of fashionable resort. One of the party which passed through Louisville on Tuesday night, on their way to the Dry Tortugas, fatally stabbed himself on the train, near Nashville, after sticking two soldiers in the ribs. He would rather die than go to our balmy Siberia.

Miss Anna Ella Carroll, of Maryland, who has for years been knocking at the doors of Congress for compensation for planning the Tennessee campaign, takes issue with the statements with reference to that campaign contained in General Sherman's book. She professes to be able to prove that Sherman is all wrong in that matter.

The *Springfield Republican* relates a story of a strange bridal party that was lately seen on board the Stonington steamer Rhode Island, the bridegroom being 74 years old and the bride 13, from Susquehanna, in this State. The bridegroom has, that paper says, eight married children and several grandchildren, to whom he has introduced this little girl as mother and grandmother.

Last fall twenty young men and women of Springfield, Mass., who wished employment, associated themselves together, paid in a small capital, hired a workshop and boarding house and began manufacturing toys, table mats and baskets. They laid aside one-fourth of their wages to accumulate as capital, and in six months saved $1,424 from their wages and $350 in board and washing, making a total saving of $1,874 by this system of self-support.

POLITICAL.

State.

The Philadelphia *Times* says that Pennsylvania is undoubtedly a Republican State to-day on a full vote, honestly polled in accordance with the political convictions of the people. It has been so since 1858 with but three exceptions—in 1862, 1867 and 1874—and in each instance the Democrats triumphed because Republicans gave "a temporary victory to the enemy to admonish their own party of its errors." For seventeen years, says the *Times*, the Democrats have not polled a majority of the ordinary available vote of the State, and cannot do so in November next. This is very discouraging to those who have insisted that Pennsylvania might be counted on as sure to contribute its share of "tidal wave."—*Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.*

General.

In several counties of Ohio, the Republicans hold county conventions to-day to elect delegates to the State Convention.

The crooked whisky distillers are raising a large fund to defend themselves against the coming prosecutions. From present indications they won't have much money next year for Democratic campaign purposes.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

"The Springfield *Republican* says that 'the circumstances of 1876 are only those of 1872 enlarged and intensified.' Yes; and it would not be surprising if the returns of the Presidential election in 1876 should prove to be only those of 1872 enlarged and intensified."—*Milwaukee Sentinel.*

"It is not necessary to inquire into the motives of Governor Weston and his associates. Their action speaks for itself. It is worse than a crime; it is a blunder—a particularly ill-timed and stupid blunder at that, which the New Hampshire Democrats and the party at large will be very sorry for presently. That party is not in a position at present to play tricks with the laws or upon the people."—*Springfield Republican.*

A correspondent writing to the New York *Times*, from Connecticut, says that by the Democratic amendment of the Registry and Alien laws the door to fraud was effectually opened, and that in his opinion the Republicans cannot carry a State election on a popular vote until they re-establish protective enactments for the security of the ballot-box. So long as "certificate voting is allowed, and inferior courts are permitted to naturalize, the Democratic party is forearmed in every contest." It is a sure step in the Democracy's reform programme, to repeal every law that is designed to prevent fraudulent voting.

THE streets of Virginia City, Nev., are macadamized with refuse ore, and the frequent trains from the mines over them have slowly sifted down precious dust till they have become, to express it scientifically, argentiferous. Some mud taken from an omnibus wheel in the city was given to an assayer, and it yielded at the rate of $7 54 silver, and $2 32 gold per ton.

* * *

"The woman had been ordered to vacate her lodging by the landlord," is the closing line of the notice of a recent New York suicide. There is a tragedy in it.

The Voice of the Great West.

The voice of the great West accords to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters the foremost place among specifics for malarial disease, and this opinion is echoed wherever upon this continent the Bitters have been introduced as a remedy for intermittent and remittent fevers. Those maladies being the peculiar scourge of vast regions of country in the Western and Southwestern States, it is not surprising that the Bitters should be the great medicinal staple of such localities, or that their inhabitants should regard this article as indispensable in the household. The experience of the Western emigrant proves that it is the very best means of acclimating him to unaccustomed air or water; and old residents of fever and ague regions say that it is the only thing that protects them with certainty against the visitation of miasmatic disease. An equally high estimate is placed upon its virtues as a remedy for stomach, bowel and billious complaints, and as a general tonic and corrective.

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This place is situated on the banks of Lake Erie, about 1½ miles from the Lake Shore Depot, at NORTHEAST, PA. It offers more than ordinary inducements to the pleasure-seeking public. Fronting the Lake, it presents an unobstructed view of its waters and floating commerce for many miles. A pier has been built during the winter for the accommodation of Steam and Sailing Yachts, and the House enlarged to four times its former capacity. A fine beach for surf and still bathing, fishing and rowing, a Lawn and Grove attached. Upon the Property are several "Calcic Chalybeate Mineral Springs," the waters of which have been analyzed by Prof. S. Dana Hayes, of Boston, and found to contain alum and iron in solution, sulphate of potash, sulphate of soda, chloride of sodium, sulphate of lime, sulphate of magnesia, sulphate of alumina and sulphate of protoxide of iron. He recommends the water as especially useful in cases of skin, liver, kidney and bladder diseases, acting as a tonic and alterative medicinal agent. The table will be supplied with butter, milk and cream from our own dairy, vegetable and fruits from our garden—Laundry attached. It is quite important that Rooms for Families should be secured in advance, as many have already been engaged. Those applying will please state the time they will want the Rooms. Guests will receive every attention to make their stay beneficial and agreeable. Day Board, $2 00. Season Boarders $10 00 per week; Children according to age. Omnibusses running to and from all day trains except Atlantic Express East. Fare 25 cents. The House will be opened JUNE 15TH, 1875.

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The spacious Mansion of William Lyon, Esq., lately deceased, will be rented for SUMMER AND AUTUMN MONTHS with Furniture and a large supply of Ice. Dwelling Room for at least two private families. Fine yards and Garden Grounds. Possession immediately. Reasonable terms to first-class parties. Address

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RE-OPENS SIXTH MONTH (JUNE) 1ST. For Rooms apply to

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The Mountain House, at Cresson Springs.

This Favorite Summer Resort, situated on the summit of the Alleghenies, will be opened for the reception of guests JUNE 17, 1875. Great improvements in Buildings and Grounds since last season.

For further particulars address, at either of the following places, the Proprietors, G. W. MULLIN & CO., Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.; St. Cloud Hotel, Phila.; or Frank A. Barr, Central Hotel, Pittsburgh.

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Has recently been THOROUGHLY RENOVATED and REFITTED and all the modern improvements added.

Board per day, $2 00; per week, with fire, $8 00; without fire, $7 00.

The patrons of this House are assured that no attention necessary to their comfort will be overlooked.

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AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT,

Put up in cans of all sizes and color, ready to dip the brush in and use. Any one can be his own painter or make a business by using it. It is the cheapest and best. Try a sample can. Sold by

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THE NEW

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MONONGAHELA HOUSE, BY

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THE CHOICE OF GOODS Is very large. The measures are taken and forwarded to Chestnut street, Philadelphia, and each article is cut by Custom Cutters and made through the Custom Department in elegant style. The Goods are delivered in Pittsburgh, and may be first tried on and approved of at the Private Rooms in Monongahela House before final delivery.

THE FASHIONS. All Coats are worn longer. For Dress the style is Double Breast of English origin though improved by American artists. Our French Cutter is a great favorite in making styles for Young Men, and the Goods from our Establishment have an "expression" that is not attained in fashioning Clothing except by great study and skill. Pantaloons are worn with less spring and shaped to the body by shrinking and pressing. In the matter of Pants we go upon the idea that there is room for much skill to be displayed in improving the figure. Vests are only changed in lappels and corners, according to style of person to wear the garment.

MATERIALS. The latest things are new weaves of Box Patterns, Close Checks, ingenious Diagonals and indistinct patterns of Worsteds and Smoothfaced Goods, whilst the sober mixtures for quiet people are brought forward in new colorings and great variety.

THE CUSTOM DEPARTMENT Is equipped with the best of Cutters, who are fully up in everything desirable for either Gentlemen, Youths or Children.

REMARKS. Pittsburghers visiting Philadelphia are invited to look in at our House, next door to the Continental Hotel, and see the great facilities we have for filling the orders now solicited.

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The NEW CUIRASS AND TABLIER, made up and in Patterns.
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100 BLACK ALPACA SUITS, at Ten Dollars each, a Great Bargain.

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NEW SPRING PATTERNS,

Bought at the Lowest Point reached for many years, and For Sale at Prices to Suit these Times.

New No. 101 Fifth Ave.,

Next to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice, Second Floor.

CARPETS!

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.

Have Opened their New and Complete Assortment of WILTONS, VELVETS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, RUGS, &c., directly from Europe, which they offer as low as they can be purchased in New York.

Their New Stock of THREE-PLIES, TWO-PLIES, WOOLEN INGRAINS, RAG and HEMP CARPETS, and DRUGGETS; also, OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, MATTINGS, MATS, &c., is not surpassed in variety of Quality and Pattern, or in Lowness of Price.

Their Corps of Upholsterers do the work efficiently and with dispatch.

23 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS!

The Best Styles,
Choicest Colors,
Latest Novelties,
Lowest Prices!

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

NEW NO. 29 FIFTH AVE.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Oil Cloth, Window Shades, &c.

GREEN SHADE CLOTH A SPECIALTY.

Also Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c.

Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE, LEATHER and RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY.

PAINTING, GRAINING and GLAZING.

Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PATENTS.

Persons desiring to procure Patents, or wishing to obtain information from the U. S. Patent Office, are advised to consult F. A. LEHMANN, of Washington, D. C., corner of Seventh and G streets.

NO PATENT—NO PAY.
Send for a Circular.

DRY GOODS.

SATURDAY, MAY 22.

NEW GOODS!

ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS IN

SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

LADIES' READY MADE SUITS,

Ladies' Outside Garments, Etc.

We have opened during the last few days many very Desirable Materials and Styles in Dress Goods, making the present stock decidedly the Largest, Most Complete and Desirable that we have ever offered our customers.

HERNANIAS AND GRENADINES

From 12½c. to $1 25 per yard.

In these goods we are prepared to offer our customers bargains in all grades and qualities, unsurpassed in any city in the Union.

BLACK MOHAIR ALPACAS,

From 25c. to 75c. per Yard.

All the different qualities from 10c. to 25c. per yard under usual prices.

BLACK AND COLORED

DRESS SILKS!

The unprecedented large sales of Dress Silks we have made during the last two weeks indicate that our prices are much below market value. Stock now very complete; all qualities from $1 00 to $4 00 per yard.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS IN NEW SUMMER

DRESS GOODS!

From 10c. to 25c. per Yard,

Everything New and Desirable in Medium and Finest Qualities of Dress Goods.

Ladies' Ready Made Suits.

Made in Best Manner—Latest Styles—In Linen, Lawn, Serge, Poplin and Pongee.

New Ladies' Cashmere Jackets and Sacques.
New Lace Jackets, Sacques, Shawls, &c.
New Spring and Summer Shawls, &c.

DRY GOODS.

SATURDAY, MAY 22.

NEW GOODS!

IMMENSE STOCK OF

Linen and Cotton Goods,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Muslins and many kinds of Domestic Dry Goods are now lower than they have been for twenty-five years. We are now fully prepared to give our patrons the benefit of the late decline in muslins, &c.

Bleached and Unbleached Muslins,

Of all Widths and Qualities.

SPECIAL NEW BARGAINS IN

White and Colored Table Linens,

Always at the Lowest Bottom Prices.

EXTRAORDINARY GOOD BARGAINS.

Linen Towelings, Towels and Napkins,
Feather and Straw Bed Ticking,
White and Colored Bed Quilts.

At 10c, Very Superior Yard Wide Bleached Muslin, much better than usual 12½c Muslin.

At 6¼c, Fast Colored Light and Dark Calicoes, best quality of cloth.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN

Calicoes, Chintzes and Percales,

AT 12½ CENTS,

Beautiful New Summer Styles in Fine Yard Wide Percales!

Goods for Men and Boys' Wear.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans and Tweeds,
Linen and Cotton Goods.

Ready-Made Clothing!

For Men, Youths and Boys' Wear.

STOCK ALL NEW—PRICES LOW.

DRY GOODS.

SATURDAY, MAY 22.

NEW GOODS!

LATEST SUMMER STYLES IN

Millinery and Fancy Goods!

AT OUR LOWEST PRICES.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

SUMMER HATS AND BONNETS,

A Very Large Stock Opened To-day.

New French Flowers, Roses, &c.
New Silk Scarfs for Hats and Bonnets.
New Ribbons, all colors and widths.
New Neckwear for Ladies.
New Sash Ribbons, great variety.
New Laces, Trimmings, &c.

White Dress Goods!

FOR THE WARM WEATHER.

New and Fresh Goods Just Opened.

Victoria, Bishop and Nainsook Lawns.
Swiss and Tarlatan Muslins.
Cambric and Jaconet Muslins.
White Piques and Marseilles.

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES,

Stock New, Full and Complete—All Widths.

Sun Umbrellas and Parasols,

ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES.

An Immense New Stock Just Opened.

PRICES EXCEEDINGLY LOW.

Boot and Shoe Department.

Large Arrivals of New and Desirable Goods this week for Ladies, Misses, Children, Men and Boys' Wear.

DRY GOODS.

SATURDAY, MAY 22.

NEW GOODS!

EVERYTHING DESIRABLE IN

LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S

Summer Underwear,

STOCKINGS, GLOVES, &c.,

All sizes and qualities.

Muslin Undergarments of every description.
Merino and Gauze Underwear.
Cotton Stockings, medium and fine.
Ladies and Children's Balmoral Cotton Stockings.
Balbriggan Cotton Stockings.
Kid, Lysle Thread and Silk Gloves.

CORSETS! CORSETS!

Direct from manufacturers.

At 37½c, Good Hip Gore Corsets.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

FOR SUMMER WEAR.

Merino and Gauze Underwear.
Drilling and Cotton Flannel Drawers.
Best Fitting White Dress Shirts.
New Silk Neckwear.
Socks, Gloves, Suspenders, &c.

CHILDREN AND INFANTS' WEAR

Infants' Embroidered White Dresses.
Infants' Marseilles and Merino Capes.

Boys' Linen Kilt Suits.
Boys' Marseilles Kilt Suits.

Dresses and Suits for little girls.

NEW ARRIVALS OF

Children's Carriages, all sizes.
Outdoor Croquet Games.
Base Balls, Bats, &c.
Children and Boys' Wagons, &c.

LARGE ADDITIONS of NEW and DESIRABLE GOODS now daily coming in. No effort will be spared to fully meet the demands of the very active trade we are now having. STRICTLY BUT ONE PRICE for EVERYTHING, thus saving customers time and money.

WILLIAM SEMPLE Nos. 165 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny City Pa.

MILLINERY, STRAW GOODS, &C.

MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS!

THE PLACE TO BUY

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

Trimmed or Untrimmed Hats,

Ribbons, Flowers, Laces,

EMBROIDERIES, FEATHERS,

OR ANY OTHER

MILLINERY GOODS,

IS AT

R. H. PALMER'S,

105 MARKET STREET.

TO CAPITALISTS,

An Independent

FORTUNE

Can be Made.

I am about to dispose of my Medicine Store on Liberty street, with the view to devote my entire attention to the practice of my profession in the treatment of CONSUMPTION and the various affections of the Lungs, and other Chronic Diseases to which I have devoted my attention for many years.

I will also sell, separately or together, the exclusive right to make and vend DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP, and DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER.

To any company of persons, or to a single capitalist, with ordinary energy, a fortune can be made out of any one or all of these remedies in a few years. The Lung Cure has already an extensive sale, and as a medicine for all long standing pulmonary complaints is without a rival in the annals of medicine. I have letters, containing proofs of its wonder-working power, from every part of the United States, which will convince any one who will take the trouble to examine them.

DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP had, at one time, when it received proper attention, a sale yielding the interest of $30,000 a year. It is a medicine of high repute and great value, and in common Coughs and Colds it is invaluable, often curing ordinary Coughs in less than a day, thus cutting short the coming on of serious Lung Diseases. I have made this medicine for over thirty years, and millions of bottles have been sold, and in many cases producing astounding cures.

The first bottle I ever made was used in my case, and so perfect was its action, and so beneficial its results, that I made it for the use of others, and used it for a long time successfully in an extended country practice before I came to this city. It is a medicine of great value and has a large sale.

DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER is an alterative medicine, and is well adapted to all diseases of the skin, and in old and stubborn Ulcers, Scrofula, and has been known to cure cases of Cancer. It is also valuable as a remedy for Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

If I can dispose of these medicines in the way named, I will discontinue their manufacture and devote my entire attention to the practice of my profession in the cure of Chronic Diseases, with a special direction to those of the Lungs and Pulmonary Tissues.

Until the 1st of April the Patent Medicines and Fixtures, Show Cases and Counters in my Store, will be sold at retail at about one-fourth less than the usual price, so that it will be to the interest of purchasers to call when in need of supplies.

My Trusses and Shoulder Braces and Supporters will also be closed out at wholesale or retail at a great reduction.

I can be consulted every day at my private office, 120 Penn avenue, until 3 o'clock, and at 167 Liberty street EVERY AFTERNOON, from 3 until 6 o'clock.

GEO. H. KEYSER, M. D.

☞ Those interested will please cut this out.

PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE CO.

LIMITED.

A SPECIAL AGENCY

FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE

OR

Exchange by Barter

OF

Real Estate, Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages,

OR OTHER PROPERTY.

Rooms 127 Fifth Ave., Old No. 89

Above Smithfield street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

EDWARD JAY ALLEN,
ANDREW PATTERSON, } Managers.
LEOPOLD KLEE.
MS

USE SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP

JOSEPH HORNE & CO., MARKET STREET, WHOLESALE HOUSE.

Buyers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our very Complete Stock in the following Departments, to which is added daily large additions of the Most Desirable Goods in the Market, which we offer the Trade at the Lowest Eastern Figures.

Domestic Dry Goods,
Linen & Housekeeping Goods,
Cottonades, Cassimeres, Jeans,
Embroideries and Laces,
Skirts and Corsets, Trimmings,
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
Millinery and Straw Goods,

Dress Goods, Shawls,
Flannels, Crashes,
Hosiery, Gloves,
Handkerchiefs, White Goods,
Ladies' Neck Ties and Scarfs,
Umbrellas, Braids, Buttons,
Combs and Small Wares.

77 and 79 Market Street.

WHOLESALE ONLY!

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.,

43 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel.

WINDOW GLASS,

OF ALL SIZES, CUT TO ORDER.

VIALS, BOTTLES, AND DEMIJOHNS.

FRUIT JARS,

OF OLD AND RELIABLE PATENTS.

Prices to suit times. Quality and Style equal to any made in the country.

REMOVAL.

J. F. SCHROEDER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Has Removed from his old stand to

No. 62 Smithfield St.,

Third door above Fourth ave., Milliken's Block,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

GENTLEMEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING on hand and made to order at the shortest notice.

MEDICAL.

QUICKLY CURED!

ALL forms of Venereal, Private and Chronic Diseases at the Girard Medical Dispensary, No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. The Proprietors are Regular Graduates of Medicine and Surgery, as Diploma at office will show, are longer engaged and the most successful, as their extensive city practice will prove. Age, with experience, can be relied on.

NO CURE, NO PAY.

Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, and all urinary diseases, and Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victim for business or marriage, are thoroughly and permanently cured. A medical circular relating to private diseases, sent in sealed envelope for one stamp. All communications confidential. Address

Girard Medical Dispensary,

No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. All medicines are prepared by the proprietor where nothing but the best of drugs are used. This enables us to cure the most difficult cases after all others have failed. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.; Sundays from 5 P. M. to 7 P. M. d

DR. WHITTIER,

302 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA., continues to treat with his usual great success, all Private Diseases. Perfect cures guaranteed. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and final impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, all Urinary diseases and Syphilis, (all forms), consisting of skin eruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood-poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. DR. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his lifelong special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicine prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere. Office hours 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. and 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 to 1 P. M.

"TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE,"

144 pages, fine illustrations; cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders and mysteries of sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequence and cure. Price 50 cents, at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed. Dr. WHITTIER, 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. d

DR. C. A. BOHANNAN

CURES all Private Diseases without the use of Mercury. Charges reasonable. Guarantees to cure "Spermatorrhea," or "Seminal Weakness in from 2 to 7 weeks time. Office No. 618 North Fifth st., St. Louis, Mo. Established in St. Louis in 1837.

☞ Dr. B.'s "Treatise on Special Diseases," which fully explains the nature, causes, symptoms, etc., of Seminal Weakness, Female Complaints, Syphilis and valuable information on other delicate subjects, sent FREE in plain, sealed Envelope on receipt of stamp.
TThs

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. Book and circular, 10 cents. Address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for Fuel, Forage and Straw.

QR. MR'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY ARSENAL,
PITTSBURGH, PA., May 17, 1875.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate, under the usual conditions, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., JUNE 26th, 1875, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of bidders, for furnishing and delivering the following military supplies required by the Quartermaster's Department in this city during the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1875, and ending June 30, 1876.

Coal, Bituminous and Anthracite; Kindling Wood, Hard Wood; Oats, Hay and Oat Straw.

Proposals for either class of the stores mentioned, or for quantities less than the whole required, will be received.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

A preference will be given to articles of domestic production.

Blank proposals and printed circulars, stating the kind and estimated quantities required, and giving full instructions as to the manner of bidding, conditions to be observed by bidders, and terms of contracts and payment, will be furnished on application to this office.

Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for * * * * *" and addressed to the undersigned.

O. E. MICHAELIS,
Capt. of Ordnance, A. A. Q. M.

J. G. WEIR & BROS.,

COACH AND WAGON BUILDER

Corner of Washington and Poplar Sts., Near the Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Agents for the TORSION SPRING CO. }
BUSINESS WAGONS A SPECIALTY. s

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD—PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE "SHORT LINE."

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

IMPORTANT CHANGES.

On and after SUNDAY, February 14th, 1875, Trains on this Road will depart and arrive from Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Through Mail..	7:25 a m	McKeesport Ac	6:45 a m
McKeesport Ac.	10:15 a m	McKeesport Ac	7:40 a m
McKeesport Ac	3:15 p m	W. Newton Ac	8:25 a m
Uniontown Ex	3:45 p m	Through Ex ..	10:35 a m
McKeesport Ac	4:20 p m	Uniontown Ex	10:00 a m
W. Newton Ac	5:20 p m	McKeesport Ac	2:00 p m
McKeesport Ac	6:20 p m	McKeesport Ac	5:55 p m
Through Ex...	8:00 p m	McKeesport Ac	7:35 p m
McKeesport Ac	11:15 p m	Through Mail..	9:20 p m
McKees't C. T.	12:45 p m	McKeesp't C.T.	10:05 a m

McKeesport Accommodation departs at 11:15 p. m., and arrives at 7:35 p. m., will run on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays only.

Mail and Accommodation Trains daily except Sunday. Express Trains daily. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars.

Save 75 miles travel. Washington City, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and all points east.

General Ticket Office, 43 Fifth avenue.

E. K. HYNDMAN, General Superintendent,
SAML. C. HOUGH, Genl. Passenger Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—

On and after SUNDAY, November 29th, 1874, trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

CITY TIME.

MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

Pacific Express daily, except Monday, at 2:51 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 12:05 p. m., Philadelphia 4:15 p. m., New York 7:35 p. m.

Day Express daily, at 7:56 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:45 p. m., Philadelphia 7:30 p. m., New York 10:30 p. m., Baltimore 7:30 p. m., Washington 9:10 p. m.

Mail Train daily, except Sunday, 8:11 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 8:40 p. m.

Atlantic Express, daily, 12:51 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:05 p m, Philadelphia 3:10 a m, New York 6:50 a m, Baltimore 3:25 a m, Washington 6:20 a m.

Philadelphia Express daily, except Sunday, 4:21 pm, arriving at Harrisburg 2:25 a m, Philadelphia 6:50 a m, New York 10:10 a m.

Fast line daily, at 7:51 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 4:13 a m, Philadelphia, 8:05 a m, New York 1:15 a m, Baltimore 7:45 a m, Washington 9:07 a m.

Wall's Accommodation, 6:51, 10:21, 11:46, a m, 2:41, 5:41, 6:11 and 11:11 p m. Sunday, 12:51 p m, Brinton Accommodation, 6:06 a m, 5:01 and 9:21 p m. Sunday, 9:21 p m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation..........7:16 p m
Johnstown Accommodation..........3:31 p m

MAIN LINE WESTWARD

Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:

Mail Train daily, except Monday..........1:21 a m
Fast Line daily, except Monday..........1:41 a m
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday..6:56 a m
Cincinnati Express daily..........7:41 a m
Pacific Express daily..........1:41 p m
Way Passenger daily..........8:21 p m

Wall's Accommodation 6:36, 9:01 a m, 1:21, 2:41, 5:46 and 7:51 p m. Sunday, 10:01 a m.

Brinton Accommodation, 7:31, and 8:21 a m, 7:11 and 11:11 pm. Sunday, 7:11 p m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation..........9:21 p m
Johnstown Accommodation..........9:41 a m

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, City Time:

Mail Train, connecting for Butler..........6:36 a m
Express, connecting for Butler..........3:11 p m

Freeport Accommodation, 9:16 a m, and 4:46 p m. On Sunday at 12:51 p m.

Springdale Accommodation, 11:21 a m, 6:11, 8:41 and 11:16 p m.

Market Train for Butler..........3:21 p m

Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot (city time):

Express, connecting from Butler..........10:21 a m
Mail Train, connecting from Butler..........5:46 p m

Freeport Accommodation, 8:16 a m and 1:41 p m. On Sunday, 9:51 a m.

Springdale Accommodation, 6:51 a m, 3:43, 7:11 and 11:16 p m.

Market Train from Butler..........9:11 a m

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and the Union Depot.

FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, Jr.,
General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE

On and after SUNDAY, December 27th, 1874 Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line.......	2:03 a m	McDonald's Ac	7:18 a m
Columbus Mail.	7:13 a m	Washington Ac	8:28 a m
Washington Ac	8:53 a m	Steubenville Ac	9:38 a m
Pacific Express	8:03 a m	Cincinnati Ex...	5:38 a m
McDonald'sAc.	12:14 p m	McDonald's Ac	3:43 p m
Pittsburgh Ex.	2:13 p m	Washington Ac	3:13 p m
Steubenville Ac	3:28 p m	Columbus Mail.	12:33 p m
Washington Ac	4:58 p m	Fast Line.......	7:28 p m
Mansfield Ac...	6:13 p m	Southern Ex....	2:33 p m
McDonald'sAc.	10:58 p m	Mansfield Ac....	7:40 p m
Sunday Church Train........	12:48 p m	Sunday Church Train........	10:03 a m

Fast Line and Pittsburgh Express leave daily.
Fast Line and Cincinnati Express arrive daily.
All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.
Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

W. L. O'BRIEN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
S. M. FELTON, Jr., General Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after MAY 23, 1875, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line.....	2:12 a m	Atlantic Ex....	2:22 a m
Erie and Ashtabula Ex.......	7:12 a m	Wheeling Ex...	10:47 a m
Clev & W Mail..	7:42 a m	Chicago Ex....	12:27 p m
Chicago Ex....	8:12 a m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex.....	2:42 p m
Clev & Whg Ex.	1:52 p m	Cleveland Ex....	3:52 p m
Pacific Express.	2:12 p m	Chicago and St. Louis Ex.....	7:07 p m
Wheeling Ex...	4:17 p m	Cleve & W Ex....	7:22 p m
Erie & Wrn Ex.	4:37 p m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex.....	11:27 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac.	8:37 a m	Leetsdale Ac...	6:52 a m
Leetsdale Ac....	10:27 a m	Leetsdale Ac...	7:27 a m
Leetsdale Ac....	12:07 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	8:12 a m
Sharpsville and Ashtabula Ac.	1:12 p m	Enon Ac......	8:47 a m
Enon Ac......	3:42 p m	Sharpsville and Warren Ac....	9:52 a m
Leetsdale Ac....	5:12 p m	Leetsdale Ac...	12:52 p m
Beaver Falls Ac.	6:22 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	2:12 p m
Leetsdale Ac....	8:27 p m	Leetsdale Ac...	4:27 p m
Leetsdale Ac....	10:57 p m	Leetsdale Ac...	7:37 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church...	12:42 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church...	9:52 a m

Pacific Express Leaves Daily.
Chicago Express Arrives Daily.
Fast Line Leaves Daily, Mondays excepted.
Atlantic Express Arrives Daily, Mondays excepted.
All other Trains will Leave and Arrive Daily, Sundays excepted.

J. D. LAYNG,
General Manager,
F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD

On and after MONDAY, November 23d, 1874 Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, (Pittsburgh Time,) as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Hulton Ac.....	6:40 a m	Hulton Ac.....	6:30 a m
Buffalo Express	7:25 a m	Night Express.	7:00 a m
Kittanning Ac.	11:30 a m	Soda Works Ac	8:30 a m
Hulton Ac.....	2:00 p m	Kittanning Ac.	10:00 a m
Titusville Ex...	2:40 p m	Hulton Ac.....	1:30 p m
Kittanning Ac.	4:30 p m	Titusville Ex...	3:25 p m
Soda Works Ac.	5:55 p m	Kittanning Ac.	5:40 p m
Night Express..	9:25 p m	Pittsburgh Ex.	9:25 p m
Hulton Ac.....	11:00 p m	Hulton Ac.....	7:20 p m

Buffalo and Night Express Trains make direct connection for Buffalo.

All Trains Daily, except Sunday.

Church Train—Leaves Soda Works at 8:35 a m, arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:10 a m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p m, arriving at Soda Works at 2:25 p m, stopping at all Stations.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Titusville.

Buffalo Express connects at Red Bank for Brookville, Driftwood, Williamsport, and points on P. and E. R. R.

Buffalo Express north connects at Red Bank with Train on Sligo Branch, and at Sligo with Stage for Clarion and points in Clarion county.

Titusville Express North and Pittsburgh Express South connect at Red Bank with Train on Sligo Branch for Sligo.

Orders can be left with Excelsior Baggage Company, 78 Fifth avenue, for Baggage to be Checked from Hotels or Residences to destination.

Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and Union Depot.

J. J. LAWRENCE,
General Superintendent.
THOS. M. KING, Assistant Superintendent.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY!!

BY ORDERING YOUR

CLOTHING

FROM

HENRY SMITH & SONS,

98 Wylie Avenue.

WALTER ANDERSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

(DIAMOND BANK BLOCK,)

NO. 1 FIFTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. H. BUCHLON,

Merchant Tailor,

No. 54 SIXTH STREET,

Imports direct the FINEST GOODS, and can therefore sell lower than any other first-class house in the city.
MUHLANBRING is with this House.

MERCHANT TAILOR

B. TIEGEL,

NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Just received, a Full Line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, FOR SPRING WEAR, AT LOWEST PRICES.

INSURANCE.

People's Insurance Company,

OF PITTSBURGH.

Office, No. 100 FOURTH AVE., (English Buildings)

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.

Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

Directors.

James Herdman, Captain J. L. Rhodes,
Wm. Vankirk, Charles Arbuckle,
John E. Parke, C. B. Shea,
Jared M. Brush, John Farrell,
Samuel McCrickart, O. P. Scaife,
Wm. F. Lang, John F. Dravo.

JAMES HERDMAN..................President.
WM. VANKIRK..................Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER..................Secretary.
GEO. M. ALEXANDER..................Gen'l Agent.

Manufacturers and Merchants' INSURANCE COMPANY,

87 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Capital, - - $250,000

ASSETS, $371,679 07, JANUARY 1, 1874.

JAS. I. BENNETT..................President.
JOHN W. CHALFANT..................Vice President.
JAS. M. KENNEY..................Secretary.
AUGUST AMMON..................General Agent.

Directors.

James I. Bennett, John Wilson,
A. E. W. Painter, Henry A. Weaver,
John W. Chalfant, Geo. W. Hailman,
Robert Lea, Joseph Walton,
I. C. Pershing, C. W. Batchelor,
William Walker, S. F. Von Bonnhorst,
Mark W. Watson.

Western Insurance Company,

OF PITTSBURGH.

INCORPORATED APRIL, 1843.

CAPITAL - $223,000.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.

Directors.

Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Alex. Speer, Andrew Ackley,
Wm. Morrison, David M. Long,
Chas. J. Clarke, John R. McCune,
Wm. S. Evans, D. Ihmsen,
Phillip Reymer, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
H. Sellers McKee.

ALEXANDER NIMICK..................President.
WM. P. HERBERT..................Secretary.
GEO. NEELD..................Agent and Surveyor.

Monongahela Insurance Co.,

OF PITTSBURGH.

INCORPORATED 1854.

Cash Capital, $175,000

Insures Against Fire and Marine Losses.

Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.

WM. A. CALDWELL..................President.
JNO. McDEVITT..................Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY..................Secretary.
Capt. F. A. DOHRMAN, Gen'l Agent and Surveyor.

Directors.

Wm. A. Caldwell, David M. Smith,
John McDevitt, William Rea,
George A. Berry, Robert Dalzell,
Henry Hays, William Means,
James Woodburn, Geo. W. Dilworth,
Charles Atwell, David McCandless,
R. H. Palmer, D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

Citizens' Insurance Company,

OF PITTSBURGH.

Office—No. 131 SMITHFIELD STREET, second door from City Hall.

WM. BAGALEY..................President.
JOHN REA..................Secretary.

Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against Loss and Damage in the Navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.

Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire.

Directors.

Wm. Bagaley, John Shipton,
James Park, Jr., George Wilson,
W. G. Johnston, J. Caldwell, Jr.,
B. F. Jones, Thos. J. Brushfield,
Samuel Rea, George Bingham,
Capt. Thos. Snowden, Alexander Moore,
Barclay Preston, Capt. Wm. B. Haslett,
Wm. B. Hays, Jr.
Captain J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

"OLD RELIABLE"

Franklin Fire Ins. Co., of Philad'a,

ORGANIZED 1829.

CASH ASSETS..........$3,500,000.

J. G. COFFIN & CO., Agents,

Corner Third avenue and Wood streets,
TThs Pittsburgh, Pa

BOYNTON'S 1875 Baltimore Fire-Place Heater!

DOUBLE ILLUMINATED.

The undersigned have received the Agency for the sale of this Celebrated Heater, and are authorized by the makers, RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO., of New York, to say that it has no equal manufactured. It heats the room it is set in, and two or three above, as desired. Send for Illustrated Circular and [illegible]

WELDON & KELLY,

Manufacturers of Warm Air Furnaces and Cooking Ranges,

147 Wood Street Pittsburgh.

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS and Pile Pipes. "Seeley's Hard Rubber Trusses," cool, clean, light, free from all sour, rusty chafing, strapping, or poultice like unpleasantness; used in bathing, indorsed by the profession, long tested. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. Establishments, 1347 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, and 737 Broadway, New York. Sent by mail or express, and sold by leading druggists. Send for catalogue.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.
PARTIES DESIRING TO SELL
Allegheny Valley R. R. Income Bonds,
Will find it to their interest to call on or address
G. B. HILL.
No. 75 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh. Tths

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, May 21, 1875.

Financial circles have not been disturbed to-day by any outward events, nor has there been any marked influence at work. The banks generally report that they are using their funds to advantage and have no great amount of loanable capital on hands.

In fact, we hear of some parties negotiating money in New York on local paper, whether with a view to increase their facilities or to change the character of their investments does not appear on the face of the transactions. If the former be the case it would indicate a greater demand for money than is generally supposed to exist, and if the latter it shows the existence of influences unknown to the general public.

—A correspondent, who is very much befogged by the rulings of the Internal Revenue Department, writes to know if a check of the bank on itself is subject to the usual two cent stamp duty. To whom we reply that the late Commissioner, in decision No. 177, holds that "cashier's checks" in general, issued or delivered to outside parties for payment requires a stamp; but checks drawn by bank officers merely for the purpose of charging an account with items as an inside transaction of a bank, but not issued, are held to be exempt from taxation. In regard to notes and drafts made payable at bank, the decision holds that it is not believed to be the meaning and intent of Congress to require stamps upon promissory notes made in the usual commercial form and payable at bank, when such notes are given in good faith and in the ordinary course of business.

OFFICE OF TRASK & STONE,
BANKERS AND BROKERS, NO. 7 NEW STREET,
NEW YORK, May 19, 1875.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

The stock market has been very excited to-day and a further decline has been established in some of the leading speculative securities. Erie was the chief point of attack, and it fell gradually from 25⅛ to 22⅝ on a general pressure of sales both by small bulls and also by the bears who only too readily took advantage of the situation. It appears that the English holders have at last become alarmed concerning this stock, and have thrown overboard a large number of shares, and it must be confessed that it is rapidly assuming the same aspect that Wabash did during last winter. We are entirely unable to form any idea as to its immediate future, but the feeling just now is in favor of lower prices for it.

Pacific Mail has been stronger to-day. On application to the Vice President we find that the expenses of this company have been reduced nearly 25 per cent., and will be still further curtailed. The company's business shows a regular increase on all its lines, and we hope to be able to show our friends to-morrow the exact figures of its present working. From all that we have seen, we feel that this stock is intrinsically cheap at its present quotation and that its financial condition has vastly improved within the last year.

Western Union has been remarkably firm all day with ready buyers at each concession in its price.

There was a decided reaction to-day from the lowest quotations, during which it looked as if a turn in the tide had arrived, but since the second call the market has again been very feverish. We consider this but an omen of the near future, when the leading operators will take hold of stocks and create a material recovery in prices.

Yours truly,
TRASK & STONE.

—The following table shows the prices of gold, Government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day. Furnished by the Fifth National bank, No. 16 Sixth street:

May 21, 1875.	10:30 A. M	11:30 A. M	12:30 P. M	1:30 P. M	2:30 P. M	3:00 P. M
Gold	116⅛	116	116	116⅛	116⅛	116⅛
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup	124⅛	....	124⅛	....	124	....
5-20's, 1862	117	....	117	....	117	....
5-20's, 1864	117⅛	....	117⅛	....	117⅛	....
5-20's, 1865	120⅛	....	120⅛	....	120⅛	....
5-20's, 1865, new	122⅛	....	122⅛	....	122⅛	....
5-20's, 1867	124	....	123⅛	....	123⅛	....
5-20's, 1867, registered	....	....	122⅛	....	....	....
5-20's, 1868	123⅛	....	123⅛	....	123⅛	....
10-40's	116⅛	....	116⅛	....	116⅛	....
10-40's, coupons	117⅛	....	117⅛	....	117⅛	....
Currency 6's	124⅛	....	124⅛	....	124⅛	....
New 5 per cents	116⅛	....	116⅛	....	116⅛	....
Western Union Tel	77	77	76⅞	76½	77⅛	76½
Quicksilver	....	18	....	17	....	....
Pacific Mail	36⅞	37⅛	36⅞	37⅛	36⅞	36⅞
Panama	....	140	142	135	....	141
Adams Express	....	100½	....	....	....	....
Wells-Fargo Express	....	....	....	88	....	....
American Express	....	63⅛	....	64	....	....
United States Exp's	....	51	....	51	....	....
New York Central	....	....	....	104	....	104⅛
Erie	22⅞	23⅛	23⅛	23⅜	26	27⅛
Michigan Southern	67⅛	67⅛	67⅛	67⅛	67	67⅛
Illinois Central	....	102	....	102½	....	102½
Cleve. & Pittsburgh	....	91¼	....	....	....	....
Chicago & Northw'n	38¼	38⅛	38¼	37⅞	37⅞	38
Do preferred	....	....	....	53	53	53
Rock Island	102½	....	....	....	....	....
St. Paul, common	35⅛	35	....	34¼	....	33⅞
Do preferred	56	....	....	....	....	54½
Wabash, common	8⅞	9	....	9⅛	9	....
Fort Wayne	....	99	....	99½	....	....
Ohio & Mississippi	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	21⅞	21¼	21⅞
Union Pacific	76⅛	76	76⅛	76⅛	....	76⅛
Harlem	....	131½	....	....	....	....
Hannibal & St. Joe	....	22½	....	21¼	21	[illegible]
Atlantic & Pac. Tel	25	....	....	....	....	24½
At. & Pac. R. R. pre	....	....	....	....	....	11⅛
Iron Mountain	....	22	....	....	....	....
C., C. & I. C.	....	4⅛	....	4⅛	....	....
South Carolinas, Ap'l	....	....	31	....	....	....
South Carolinas, July	....	....	32½	....	....	....
Missouri 6's	....	....	102	....	101½	....

—The following is a report of the prices of leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board, as received by wire at noon to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.
Pennsylvania Central, sales	50½	....
Reading, sales	53½	....
United Co's. of N. Jersey, sales	130	....
Oil Creek	9⅝	10
Lehigh Valley, sales	61½	....
Allegheny Valley	97¼	....
Central Transportation	45	45¼
Empire Transportation	53	54
P. C. & St. Louis, m. b.	76½	77¼

[By Associated Press.]

Gold Closed at 116⅛.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Money easy at 2@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent.

STERLING

Firmer at 486¾@487 for sixty days and 489¾@490 for sight.

GOLD

Declined from 116⅛ to 115⅞, advanced to 116⅛ and closed at 116⅛. Carrying rates 1@2 per cent. and flat. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $69,000. Clearings $27,000,000. Customs receipts $294,000. Customs receipts for the whole country for the week, $2,800,000. Dry goods imports for the week, $1,161,982.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Government bonds firm. Railroad mortgages steady, except Hannibal and St Joe convertible, which declined to 85. State bonds quiet. Stocks were firm early in the day, but later became weak, and prices declined from ¼ to 2 per cent., partially caused by the continued reports of grasshopper ravages at the West, St. Paul, Ohio and Mississippi, St. Joe and Northwestern being the features. In final dealings prices improved, the advance ranging from ⅛@1½ per cent. The greatest advance was on Hannibal and St. Joe common, which rose from 20⅞ to 22¼. Ohio and Mississippi recovered from 21 to 22¼. Lake Shore from 66⅞ to 67⅝. Northwestern from 37⅝ to 38⅝. St. Paul from 32⅝ to 33⅝. Pacific Mail from 36⅞ to 37⅜ and Western Union from 76⅛ to 76½. Erie advanced to 23⅞ and Rock Island to 102⅝. Panama declined to 141. Union Pacific was steady at 75⅝@75¾. There was no special feature to the market, and the rally at the close was generally attributed to the covering of short contracts by the small class of operators. About 400 shares of St. Paul, Rock Island and Erie sold out under rule to-day. Transactions 245,000 shares, of which 46,000 were Pacific Mail, 40,000 Western Union, 10,000 Northwestern, 9,000 St. Paul, 73,000 Erie, 31,000 Lake Shore, 15,000 Ohio and Mississippi and 5,000 Union Pacific.

The following were the closing quotations:

STOCKS.

Canton	64	Do preferred	54½
W. U. Tel	76⅞	Wabash	9
Quicksilver	17⅞	Do preferred	15
Adams Express	100½	Fort Wayne	99
Wells-Fargo Ex	87½	Terre Haute	5
American Express	63⅞	Do preferred	21
U. S. Express	51	Chicago & Alton	101⅞
Pacific Mail	37	Do preferred	110
New York Central	104	Ohio & Mississippi	22⅞
Erie	23⅞	Clev., Col. & Cin	48
Do preferred	....	Burlington & Q	110
Harlem	134½	Lake Shore	67⅝
Do preferred	131	C. C. & I. C.	4½
Mich. Central	66⅞	Illinois Central	102
Cleveland & Pitts	91½	Atlantic & Pac. Tel	24½
Northwestern	38⅝	Union Pacific st'k	75⅝
Do preferred	56	Central Pacific bds	103⅛
Rock Island	102⅝	Union Pacific bds	101⅞
N. J. Central	110	Del. & Lack	118½
St. Paul	33⅝	Bankers' Bills	487½

GOVERNMENTS.

U. S. coupons, 1881	124⅛	5-20's, 1867	123⅞
5-20's, 1862	117	5-20's, 1868	123⅞
5-20's, 1864	117⅛	10-40's	117¼
5-20's, 1865	120⅛	New 5's	116
5-20's, 1865, new	122⅛	Currency 6's	124½

STATE BONDS.

Missouri 6's	102	Virginia, old	34
Tennessee, old	59¼	N. Carolina, old	20½
Tennessee, new	59¼	N. Carolina, new	12
Virginia, new	34		

GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
FRIDAY May 21, 1875.

The day's business was moderately active today with little of marked interest to note, and no variation of importance in prices or movement from the condition of affairs yesterday. The feeling in mercantile circles is generally good—better than in other trade centres apparently—and it is generally expected that the rest of the year, while it may not be a season of remarkable activity, will be a considerable improvement over the preceding six months. The increase of business which has forced the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad to extend its hours for receiving freight, —a matter noticed in our local columns—is an indication of improving business which is quite encouraging, and could be supplemented by many others if time and space permitted.

The subject of cheap transportation is one which has received some attention from our business men during the past year. It is also one which would amply repay a more thorough investigation than it has yet received as applied to the business of Pittsburgh. The freighting business of this city during 1874 was over ten million tons, and the cost of transportation was in a large measure fixed by the rates of the railway companies. Now if competition was introduced into the western freighting business, which covers more than half this tonnage, it is safe to estimate that it would result in a permanent cheapening of rates, averaging fully $1 00 per ton. The saving to Pittsburgh therefore would foot up into the millions annually. It is well worth while for our merchants and manufacturers to expend some time and money in securing a strong element of competition in our railway business, and the improvement of the river connections. With these two elements of prosperity secured, Pittsburgh can challenge the world either in manufactures or commerce.

The receipts of the leading articles of produce since our last are as follows:

Flour, bbls	1,301	Apples, bbls	70
Cheese, bxs	235	Corn, bush	1,600
Wheat, bush	30	Oats, bush	4,320
Butter, pkgs	48	Bacon, pcs	600
Bacon, tcs	26	Potatoes, bus	1,284
Hay, bales	325		

The quotations given in the following reports are prices realized in wholesale transactions, unless otherwise specified. On small sales, dealers will charge an advance. Sales of grain, unless stated to the contrary, are free of elevator.

Grain, Flour and Feed.

GRAIN—There was a moderately active market to-day, with prices generally steady. There are a few more offerings of wheat but no spot lots are in the market yet, at quotations. As no transactions are reported, the following prices are wholly nominal. We quote choice Kentucky and Michigan white winter wheat at $1 45@1 50 per bushel; Ohio and Illinois do $1 40@1 45; Ohio and Illinois amber $1 38@1 40; Ohio and Pennsylvania red winter $1 35@1 38; No. 2 Chicago spring wheat rules nominally at $1 18@1 20. Corn was easy although still quoted at previous prices: we quote shelled at 87@88c for yellow; 86@87c for high mixed; 85@86c for low mixed. We quote ear at 87@88c for prime yellow; 84@86c for mixed. Oats were steady with a rather light stock in first hands. We quote at 74@75c for prime white; 72@73c for mixed. Rye was strong with a fair demand. We quote at $1 18@1 22 per bushel. Barley is entirely nominal. Jobbing prices for corn and oats ruled 3@5c above quotations. The Chicago *Tribune* has the following interesting remarks on the situation of the grain market: "The downward movement in prices yesterday was generally regarded as a hopeful fact. Either the mountain must go to Mahomet, or the prophet must go to the mountain, and it is much better that the accumulations of grain now here should be moved out at low prices, than that they should pile up here and hinder other grain from coming in. The recent grasshopper excitement would undoubtedly have caused an advance in Eastern markets but for the fact that Western stocks were large. Buyers are slow to pay high prices in the face of a big supply. It is not at all improbable that the next wheat crop will sell upon its merits, but it can scarcely start out at a high range, unless the news from the farm be much more disastrous than anything heard yet. If we should ship out actively from now to the 1st of August, with the receipts now promised, we should still have some 3,000,000 bus old wheat on hand at the time the new crop begins to move, and that with no imperative demand from Europe, the crop prospects of that continent being excellent. The same considerations apply, in an altered sense, to corn, with the additional reason that the price of the latter is high as compared with wheat. The prices of the two, per lb, are now as 72½c to $1.00. In both cases the prospect for better prices by-and-by will be materially improved by removing the standing argument raised by Eastern dealers against conceding an advance —'they have got more in Chicago than they know what to do with.'"

FLOUR—The demand for round lots is not very active, as jobbers are pretty well supplied. Still there is a fair trade in this way with values steady. The jobbing trade is active. We quote the wholesale prices of the local millers as follows: No. 1 white wheat flour at $7 50 ⅌ bbl; No. 1 amber wheat do $6 80; red wheat flour $6 40; in sacks 30c off ⅌ bbl. The jobbing prices of the leading dealers are firm and buoyant, as follows: Choice brands of white winter wheat flour $7 00@7 50; Wisconsin $5 00@5 25; Minnesota $6 25@6 50; red winter wheat flour $5 50@6 75; rye flour $6 00; Graham flour $5 25@5 75; self-raising flour, in 6 packages, $3 25 ⅌ dozen package; cornmeal $3 75; oatmeal $8 50@9 00.

HAY—The demand is good. We quote prime timothy, on track, at $23 00@24 00 ⅌ ton: No. 2 $20 00@22 00; upland prairie $17 00@19 00; baled hay from store is quoted at $25 00@27 00. Loose hay is selling at $28 00@30 00 for No. 1; $25 00@26 00 for No. 2.

MILL FEED—The market is active, with steady prices. We quote bran at $1 15@1 20 ⅌ cwt.; shorts $1 25@1 35 ⅌ cwt.; middlings $1 45@1 55 ⅌ cwt.; chopped feed $1 65@1 75 ⅌ cwt.; oil meal $40 00@42 00 ⅌ cwt.

MALT—There is no change to note. We quote at $1 30@1 35 ⅌ bushel for Western; Pittsburgh malt is quoted at $1 45@1 50 ⅌ bushel.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Good stock is very scarce and firm; choice sells closely up to $3 50; prime $3 00@3 25; poor to medium grades can hardly be sold at any figure.

APPLE BUTTER—We quote at 50@55c ⅌ gallon, in kegs, for prime; 45@48c for common.

BEANS—There is a firm feeling. We quote prime white navy at $1 90@2 00 ⅌ bushel; medium $1 85@1 90; fair to good $1 70@1 80.

BUTTER—The warm weather exerted a depressing influence on prices to-day, and quotations were 1@2c lower this afternoon. Choice rolls sold at 21@23c ⅌ lb; prime new dairy, packed, 20@22c; poor to medium grades were dull and drooping, with slow sales at 10@15c.

CHEESE—Old cheese is scarce and firm at 16½@17c ⅌ lb for Ohio factory; New York Goshen 17@17½c; Sweitzer 16@17c; Limburger 12@14c. New cheese in good supply and active at 14@14½c for prime factory.

EGGS—The market is quiet at 15@16c per doz for strictly fresh.

FEATHERS—Are quoted as follows: No. 1 ⅌ lb, 55@60c for round lots; 65@70c in a jobbing way; No. 2 ⅌ lb, 20@30c, as to quality.

MAPLE SUGAR—Maple sugar is sold at 14c ⅌ lb for choice cakes; medium loose 12@12½c; maple syrup in gallon jugs $1 05@1 15 ⅌ gallon; in kegs $1 00@1 05; in barrels 95c@$1 00.

POTATOES—The market is firm with liberal receipts, and an advancing tendency, though not quotably higher. Sales were made at $1 10 ⅌ bushel for peachblows from store: Peerless $1 05 ⅌ bushel; other grades 95c@$1 00 ⅌ bushel. Sales on track were at 95c@$1 00 ⅌ bushel for peachblows, and 90@95c for Peerless. Early Rose sold at $4 00 ⅌ bbl in a jobbing way from store.

POULTRY—Live chickens are in moderate supply and may be quoted easy at 75@80c per pair.

PRESERVED AND DRIED FRUITS—We quote dried apples at 7@7½c ⅌ lb; dried blackberries are quiet at 10@11c ⅌ lb; dried peaches are firm at 10@10½c ⅌ lb for choice halves. Honey is in good supply at 24@25c ⅌ lb for clover: buckwheat blossom 23c ⅌ lb. Medium pickles are quoted at $9 00 ⅌ barrel; $5 00 ⅌ half barrel.

SEEDS—Cloverseed is scarce and in demand; quotable at $7 50@8 25 ⅌ bushel in a jobbing way. Timothy seed quiet at $2 60@2 70 in round lots; $2 75@2 90 in a jobbing way. Flax seed quoted at $1 95@2 00; orchard grass seed is quoted at $3 00 ⅌ bushel; blue grass do $2 50; red-top do $2 00. Onion sets are in demand at $8 00@8 50 ⅌ bushel.

VEGETABLES—We quote peas at $2 75@3 00 ⅌ bushel; $9 00@9 50 ⅌ barrel. Onions are quoted at 40c per dozen bunches: Bermuda onions in boxes are jobbing at $2 00@2 25 per box. Radishes are selling at 25@30c per dozen bunches.

Provisions.

The trade in provisions is active with a steady and satisfactory jobbing demand. Prices here are about steady. Receipts are liberal—largely over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

BACON—We quote shoulders at 10c ⅌ lb: rib sides are quoted at 13c; clear rib sides 13½c; clear sides 14c.

HAMS—We quote plain sugar cured at 13¾c ⅌ lb: canvassed do 14c. Sugar cured shoulders at 11c ⅌ lb; do canvassed 11½c; breakfast bacon is quoted at 13½c; do canvassed 14c; dried beef-sugar cured 15c; canvassed 15½c; beef tongues, ⅌ dozen $7 00; ham sausage 10c.

MESS PORK—There is an easier feeling. We quote at $23 50 per bbl.

LARD—The market is easier. We quote prime lard, refined, in tierces, ⅌ lb, 16½c; half bbls do 16⅝c; in buckets, 17¼c; in 3-lb caddies, 18c; in 5-lb caddies do, 17¼c; in 3-lb pails do, 18c; in 5-lb do, 17⅞c; in 6-lb do, 18c.

LARD OIL—We quote extra No. 1 winter strained at $1 18 ⅌ gallon; extra do $1 13; No. 1 do 98c; No. 2, 85c.

TALLOW—Sales at 8½c ⅌ lb for choice, and 7¾@8c for medium.

The St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* of Thursday has the following on the condition of the market for hog products: "The market for hog product shows no signs of animation, nor is any improvement probable in the present depressed condition of demand. Stocks loom up largely at the principal depots of supply, notably at Chicago, and at interior points there are larger amounts held than during the same time last year; these facts together with the later encouraging advices from the growing crops, and downward tendency of grains and breadstuffs, and a still limited inquiry from abroad makes operators more cautious, and there is no speculative movement, either for cash or futures. Pork runs in the accustomed narrow groove, the sales aggregating a little over two hundred barrels at $21 50@22 00 for repacked, hardside and standard. Dry salt meats are dull and unchanged, with very little doing yesterday, although prices are nominally as previously reported. Bacon steady and firm, with a little better feeling in shoulders, which were scarce. Lard is unchanged at 15@15½c for prime steam.

Petroleum.

May 22.—There was a firmer feeling reported yesterday in the market for crude petroleum, and quotations were advanced 2½@5c per barrel. There seemed to be an increased feeling of confidence in the market, and, the demand being fair with holders firm, the market is strong. A correspondent of the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, writing from the oil regions, takes the ground that the territory is becoming exhausted, and urges the reduction of over 7,000 barrels in daily production, and of the very marked increase in the number of drilling wells in support of his theory. These fears may have some influence in advancing prices.

CRUDE.—The market is firm, with an upward tendency. We quote United at wells at $1 12½@1 15; Union do, $1 07½@1 10; Karns, Penna., and Relief do, $1 02½@1 05; immediate shipment, $1 32½@1 35. Sales run reported at 9,000 barrels at Parker, and 1,300 at other points in the oil regions. The average daily production of crude for the past six months is given by *Stowell's Reporter*, as follows:

1874.	Daily.	1875.	Daily.
October	29,699	January	24,189
November	28,702	February	23,208
December	27,689	March	22,874

REFINED.—The market was weak and drooping, with sales at about ⅛c lower than our former quotations. This seems to be attributable to the absence of export demand. We quote standard white on the Pennsylvania Railroad at 9⅝@9¾c; on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad at 10@10¼c. New York delivery is quoted at 12¼@12⅜c prompt; 12¼@12⅝c for June. Philadelphia rules at 12¼@12⅝c for prompt delivery; 12⅝c for early June; Baltimore is quoted at 12⅝@12¾c for spot and May delivery.

OIL BARRELS—Remain dull and unchanged at $1 25@1 30 for city and $1 15@1 20 for country do.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, May 21.—The *Courier* says: The market opened strong and continued so during the day, until near the close when the feeling seemed to be a little easier. Offerings are light and the tendency appears to be gradually upward. Both sellers and buyers operate with caution. Sales:

300 bbls, Upper road	$1 35
1,000 bbls, Oil City, spot	1 35
1,000 bbls, River, United at wells	1 12½
1,000 bbls, River, United	1 35
5,000 bbls, immediate shipment	1 35
2,000 bbls, immediate shipment	1 33¾

NEW YORK, May 21, closing 20.—The continued absence of important export demand has led to lower rates and a nearly nominal general market. Crude in bulk is quoted at 6c for prompt delivery and 6¼c for June; do in shipping order 9⅛c for prompt, and 9¼c for June. Refined is quoted at 12¼@12⅝c for prompt, and 12⅝@12⅞c for June; refined in cases is quoted at 17@18½c; naptha at 9c. Refined at Philadelphia is quoted at 12¼@12⅜c, spot; 12⅝c for the first part of June. At Baltimore quotations are at 12¾@12⅞c for prompt.

PARKERS, May 21.—There is not much doing, and the market is very firm: United $1 11½@1 12½c; immediate shipment $1 32½@1 35.

TITUSVILLE, May 21.—Market unchanged from yesterday's quotations, and entirely nominal at $1 30@1 32½.

OIL CITY, May 21.—Market firm at $1 35 with no sellers.

PETROLEUM CENTER, May 21.—Market quiet; quoted at $1 30.

TIDIOUTE, May 21.—Market dull and unchanged at about $1 00.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.—Market steady; prompt 12⅝c; first half of June 12⅝c; crude in bulk 6c; crude in barrels 9c.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
J Bushnell	Brilliant O W	3,536
B S Duncan	Fairview O W	1,102
B S Duncan	Central O W	1,029
J Bushnell	Model O W	950
B S Duncan	Bly O W	358
Lockhart & Frew	Brilliant O W	234
G M Robinson	Petrolite O W	74
Elkins & Flack	Riverside O W	27
Total		7,310

Groceries.

The demand for standard groceries is moderately active, with a good prospect for the continuance of a tolerably fair trade. Coffees are steady, under the influence of reduced stocks at the seaboard and at Rio. Sugars are steady with a fair demand. Other standard articles in this line are moving freely at unchanged prices. We quote as follows:

Green Coffees.	⅌ lb.	*Sugars.*	
Fancy Rio	24½c	Standard A	10⅝c
Choice Rio	23½c	Standard B	10½c
Prime Rio	22½c	do extra C	10¼c
Good Rio	20 c	Extra C—yellow	9⅞c
Roasted Coffees.		Extra C—white	10⅛c
Rio, in papers	27 c	New Orleans	8½@9⅛c
Rio, in bulk	26 c	Cut loaf	11⅝c
Java, in papers	40 c	Crushed	11⅝c
Java, in bulk	38 c	Powdered	11⅝c
Teas.		Granulated	11⅛c
Young Hyson	50c@1 00	*Molasses.*	⅌ gall.
Gunpowder	50c@1 60	Strictly clr's N.O.	72@75c
Imperial	50c@1 00	Prime	70c
Japan	55c@1 00	Good	68c
Oolong	25c@ 85	*Syrups.*	
Fancy	1 00	Ex. white drips	75c
Souchong	25c@ 85	Sugar drips	65c
Rice.		Lower grades	45@60c
Choice Carol's	8¼@8½c	*Starch.*	⅌ lb
Patna	7½@8c	Pearl	5¼c
Rangoon	7¼@7½c	Silver gloss	9½c
Spices.		Corn	10½c
Cloves	55 c	*Raisins.*	
Allspice	17½@18½c	Layers, ⅌ bx	$3 00
Cassia	33 @35 c	Valentias, ⅌ lb	12 c
Nutmegs	$1 35@1 40	Currants, ⅌ lb	7¼c
Pepper	26 @27 c	Prunes	9½@12 c
Candles.		*Soaps.*	
Star, full weight	18½c	Irish soap ⅌ bx	$4 50
Stearine	16 c	Babbitt's best ⅌ bx	7 00
Soda.		Do N. Y. City ⅌ lb	9½c
Bi-carb, in 10 lb pkgs	6c	German mottled	7 c
Bi-carb, in lb papers	7c		

TOBACCO—There is a good market, with a moderately active demand. We quote:

Manufactured—			
Spun roll	60@63c	Six Twist	43@63c
Black Navy	55@58c	Smoking—Granulated	50@75c
Black Tens	57@60c	*Leaf Tobacco—*	
Louisville Navy	63@68c	Western leaf—Wrappers	18@25c
Louisville Cav	68@70c	West'n leaf—lugs	9@12c
Virginia Navy	58@64c	Ohio seed wrap'r	20@25c
Virginia Tens	58@64c	Ohio seed filler	9@12c
Virginia Cav	60@65c	Conn. (choice) wrapper	60@70c
Double Thick	63@68c	Conn. filler	10@15c
Flounders	63@85c	Havana wr'p's	$1 25@250
Bright pounds	63c@$1	Havana fillers	$ 95@125
Black Quarters	57@60c	*Cigars—*	
Rough & Ready	65@85c	Penn'a Seed	$15@20
Fine Cut plugs	70@80c	Connecticut	25@30
Fine Cut	55@90c	Seed & Havana	30@36
Cut and Dry	35@42c	Havana	60@150
Scotch Snuff	65@75c		
Black Snuff	65@75c		

FISH—There is a good demand with steady prices as follows:

No. 1 extra mess mackerel, ⅌ bbl	22 00	Large do ⅌ 100	6 50
No. 1 mess	21 00	Boneless codfish ⅌ lb	7@7½
Extra No. 1 shore	18 00	White fish, ⅌ half bbl	6 25
Extra No. 1 bay	13 00	Lake herring, do	4 75
No. 1 shore	13 00	Lake trout do	5 75
Extra No. 2	11 00	Labrador herring, ⅌ bbl	$7 00@7 50
No. 2 bay	11 00	Potomac do ⅌ bbl	7 00
New No. 3	9 50	Round do	$5 25@6 75
Georges codfish, medium, ⅌ 100	6 00	Bloaters ⅌ bx	2 25
Large do ⅌ 100	6 50		

General Merchandise.

ALES—Market somewhat improved at unchanged quotations as follows: X $9 00 ⅌ barrel; XX $10 00 ⅌ barrel; India ale $11 00 ⅌ barrel; Bass' English ale, in kilderkins of 22 gallons, $24 00@25 00; barrels, 41 gallons, $40 00@41 00; hhds, 68 gallons, $62 50@63 00; in cases, 4 dozen bottles, $29 75. William Younger's India pale ale, in cases of 8 dozen bottles, $2 75@3 00 ⅌ dozen; Robert Younger's sparkling ale $2 75@3 00 ⅌ dozen; Guinness' stouts, bottled by A. Burke, $2 75@3 00 ⅌ dozen; Cantrell & Cochrane's ginger ale $2 75 ⅌ dozen, Caswell, Hazard & Co.'s ginger ale $3 ⅌ dozen.

ALCOHOL AND HIGHWINES—We quote alcohol at $2 50@2 60 ⅌ gallon. Highwines are steady at $1 25@1 25 ⅌ gallon.

BAKING POWDER—Quoted as follows: ¼ lb cans $1 50 ⅌ dozen; ½ lb cans $3 00; 1 lb cans $5 50; 5 lb cans $26 00; 10 lb boxes 40c ⅌ lb. Market steady and demand good.

BROOMS AND BROOM CORN—Broom corn is firm. Choice hurl is quotable at 13@13½c ⅌ lb; good do 11@12c; good to choice stalk braid 11@12½c; interior brush 9½@10½c. Brooms are steady. The following are makers' prices: No. 2 common $2 75; No. 3 hurl $3 00; No. 4, $3 50; No. 5, $4 00; No. 6, $4 25; No. 3, carpet, $4 50; No. 4 do $4 75; fancy parlor whisps, plain, $1 25@1 75; fancy, $1 50@2 00; toy brooms $1 50@2 00.

CEMENT—Louisville hydraulic cement $2 00@2 25 ⅌ bbl; Phoenix hydraulic cement $1 75@2 00 ⅌ bbl; Rosedale cement $3 50@4 00; Youghiogheny $1 75@2 00; Portland cement $7 50@8 00; White lime—Sandusky $1 65@1 75 ⅌ bbl; Cleveland $1 65@1 75; Gibsonburg $1 65@1 75; Fremont $1 65@1 75; Eastern white lime $1 40@1 50 per barrel; calcined plaster—French $1 40@1 50 per barrel; Eastern $3 25@3 75 per barrel; Michigan $3 25@3 50; Western brands $3 00@3 25.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Quotations are given at $7 75@8 00 for best quality; second quality $7 50@7 75.

CORDAGE—There is a steady jobbing demand. The following are the card rates by the coil; extra is charged for cut:

MANILLA ROPE.

	Cents ⅌ lb.
½ inch diameter and upward	16½
¼ inch diameter	17
3-16 and 5-16 in diameter	17
Tarred rope and lath yarn	14½
Hay, stave and leather twine	17

OIL WELL DRILLING CABLES.

Hawser laid	15
Hawser laid bolt rope yarns	15
Sand pump rope	15

SISAL ROPE.

½ inch diameter and upward	12
¼ inch diameter and upward	12½
3-16 and 5-16 inch diameter and upward	12
Hay and spoke and leather twine	14

NEW ZEALAND ROPE.

½ inch diameter and upward	13½
¼ inch diameter	14
3-16 and 5-16 inch diameter	14
Hay twine	13
Tarred lath twine	12

JUTE ROPE.

All sizes	11

AMERICAN AND RUSSIA.

Tarred rope	14
Tarred lath yarn	14
Tarred spun yarn	14
Tarred marline	18
Tarred houseline	19

PACKING.

American	14 @18
Russia	18 @
Italian	20 @
Pat. lubricating	28 @30
Sash and bell cord	25 @35

OAKUM.

Best American navy	10½
Best quality	11
First quality	10½

CRACKERS—There is a steady jobbing trade at unchanged prices, as follows:

American Fruit Biscuit	12½c	Honey Biscuit	13 c
Alexandra Nuts	14 c	Ice Cream Cakes	14 c
Almond Nuts	14 c	Lemon Biscuit	14 c
Boston Crackers, ex.	9½c	Lemon Jumbles	13 c
Boston Toast Crackers	6½c	Lemon Snaps	14 c
Butter Crackers	8½c	Martha Washington	14 c
Cinnamon-1874-flav'd	13 c	Milk Biscuit, (extra)	9½c
Cracker Meal, in bulk	7 c	Rising Sun Butter Biscuit	9 c
Cracker Meal, ⅌ doz. pound packages	96 c	Nic-Nac, (same as imported)	16 c
Cream Crackers	20 c	N. Y. Water Crack's	6½c
Congress Cakes	14 c	Orange Cakes	14 c
Derby	14 c	Orientals	14 c
Fancy Combination, 18 shapes	12½c	Oyster Crackers, XX	6½c
Fruit Jumbles	13 c	Oyster Pic-Nic	6 c
Fruit Biscuit	12 c	Oat-Meal Crackers	9 c
Fancy P'Bot	7 c	Presidents	14 c
Family Crackers	7½c	Rose Butter	9 c
Farina Crackers	9 c	Soda Crackers (extra)	9½c
French Crackers	14 c	Soda Crackers	9 c
Frost Cakes	14 c	Sugar Crackers	9 c
Good Times, Vanilla Flavored	14 c	Spiced Nuts	12 c
Ginger Jumbles	14 c	Spiced Jumbles	13 c
Ginger Snaps	9 c	Sugar Jumbles	13 c
Ginger Snaps, XX	12½c	Scotch Biscuit	13 c
Ginger Cakes	11 c	Strawberry Cake	14 c
Ginger Fruit Cakes	11 c	Water Crackers	8½c
Graham Wafers	10 c	Walnut Assorted	14 c
Graham Boston	10 c	Wine Crackers	9 c
Graham, (Cold Water)	7 c	Wintergreen Cakes	14 c
Honey Jumbles	13 c	Vanilla Wafers, per tin (Huntly & Palmer's, London)	$1 75

HEMP—We quote Kentucky rough at $160 00@165 ⅌ ton: double dressed 12½@13c ⅌ lb.

HIDES AND LEATHER—The market for leather continues rather quiet at steady prices. Leather is also quiet and unchanged. We quote:

LEATHER.

Oak sole, light and middle	34@38c	Oak harness, best city	[illegible]
Oak sole, heavy	34@36c	Oak harness country	[illegible]
Oak sole, Spanish	[illegible]	Bridle fair, ⅌ doz.	[illegible]
Oak, slaughter in rough	24@28c	Band leather ⅌ lb	[illegible]
Red sole B A mid	[illegible]	Waxed calf	[illegible]
Red sole B A heavy	[illegible]	Wax kip	[illegible]
Red sole Orinoc, o	[illegible]	Wax'd upper ⅌ ft	[illegible]
Shoeskirting	[illegible]	No. 1 pad skins ⅌ doz	50@7 00
Saddler's skirting	42@45c		
Black bridle ⅌ doz	[illegible]		

HIDES.

Green salted light	7½@8c	Green salt kip	10 @12 c
Heavy steers	7 @	Green salt calf	12 @14 c
Green butchers' hides, cow and steer	5 @7 c	Green butch'sdo	10 @12 c
		Dry flint hides nominal	14 @20 c

OILS—We quote jobbing prices as follows: Neat-foot oil, pure, per gallon, $1 00; miners' oil, 85@90c; head light, 150 degrees fire test, 18c; carbon, 110 degree fire test, 16c; extra engine (amber color), 60c; No. 2 engine (amber color), 50c; extra engine (dark), 40c; spindle oil, 50c; West Virginia, 28 degrees gravity, 35c; No. 2 West Virginia, 25c; natural lubricating 28 degrees gravity, 20c; car oil, No. 1, 15c; car oil, No. 2, 12c; amber burning or torch oil, 140, 12c; residuum (prepared), $3 00; residuum (common) $4 00; axle grease, per gross, $15 00; rolling mill grease, 6c per pound, 5c; axle grease in 25 lb buckets, $2 00 per dozen; in bxs, $15 00 per gross in barrels and kegs, 5c per pound.

PAPER—Baling paper 4@5c ⅌ lb, as to quality; manilla 7@12c; hardware papers 6@12c; bag wrapping 4½@5c; felt papers 4@4½c; straw news 7@11c; rag news 12½@13c; book paper 14@18c ⅌ lb.

STOVE POLISH—Sales made at $6 00 ⅌ gross.

RAGS—Cotton at 2½@3c ⅌ lb, and woolen at ½c.

SAPOLIO—Cases of 6 dozen, $6 00; hand sapolio, cases of 6 dozen, $5 00.

SALT—Car lots, ⅌ barrel, $1 40@1 50; jobbing lots, $1 60@1 70.

WOODEN WARE—We quote Pittsburgh make as follows: Two-hooped buckets ⅌ doz, $1 90; three-hooped buckets, ⅌ doz, $2 15; No. 1 tubs, three hoops, ⅌ doz, $8 00; No. 2 tubs, two hoops, ⅌ doz, $7 00; No. 3 tubs, two hoops, ⅌ doz. $6 60; washboards, patent crimp, ⅌ doz, $2 75; washboards, common, ⅌ doz, $2 25; clothes-pins, round head, ⅌ box, 90c.

LUMBER—The market continues quiet with prices depressed. There is still a large stock of lumber in rafts, which is offering at low prices—7@8c per foot for sawed lumber, and $11 00@12 00 per thousand for squared lumber. The trade in lumber from yards is dull at the following quotations:

UNPLANED LUMBER.

Clear, ⅌ M	$55 00
First common	55 00
Second common	26 00
Third common	20 00
Sheeting	16 00
Hemlock joists and scantling	18 00

PLANED LUMBERS.

First common ⅌ M	$60 00
Clear	70 00
Flooring boards	30 00
Partition boards	40 00
Shelving on both sides	30 00
Shelving on one side	28 00
Moulded weatherboarding	25 00
Rabbited weatherboarding	23 00
Half-inch partition planed	22 00
Half-inch unplaned	18 00
Twelve-inch vertical, with stripes	30 00
Oak and yellow pine flooring boards	40 00

SHINGLE AND LATH.

Shingles, 18-inch, XXX	5 50
Lath	3 75

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Central Stock Yards, East Liberty.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
FRIDAY, May 21, 1875.

There has been little, if any, change in the cattle market since our report of yesterday.

As we anticipated, all the stock offered has been disposed of, and there is still some inquiry for certain grades, but they are not to be had. The ruling prices to-day were about the same as those of the early part of the week.

The plentiful run of hogs still continues, and prices are on the decline. Buyers are all supplied, and there are quite a number yet in the pens awaiting purchasers. The indications are that prices will be still lower next week.

As heretofore stated the run of sheep was light, and the offerings have all been sold. The feeling has been better for the past two days than for a time. The prospects for the coming week depend entirely on the amount sent forward to this market.

Below will be found the ruling figures of the market, as furnished us by a leading house in the live stock trade, which may be relied upon as strictly correct:

PRICES.

CATTLE.

Choice, 1,400 to 1,500 lbs	$6 87@7 25
Prime, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs	6 25@6 75
Good, 1,100 to 1,200 lbs	5 75@6 40
Fair, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	5 00@5 60
Common, 900 to 1,000 lbs	4 75@5 50
Bulls	4 00@5 00

HOGS.

Philadelphias	$8 50 to 9 00
Baltimores	7 90 to 8 00
Yorkers	7 50 to 7 80
Roughs and Inferior	6 50 to 7 00

SHEEP.

Extra, 95 to 100 lbs	$5 20 to 5 40
Good, 85 to 90 lbs	4 80 to 5 00
Fair, 75 to 80 lbs	4 25 to 4 50
Scalawags, per head	1 50 to 2 00

MILK COWS.

Extra choice milkers, with calves	$60 00@75 00
Good milkers, with calves	45 00@50 00
Fair milkers	35 00@40 00
Common milkers	30 00@35 00

[By Associated Press.]

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 21.—Hogs lower; shippers $6 50@7 00; bacon $7 10@7 20; good to extra $7 35@7 85. Cattle quiet; sales of good native steers at $5 00@5 80; fair butchers' $5 00@5 70; mixed $4 25@5 10.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 21.—Hogs dull; common $6 75@7 00; fair to medium $7 25@7 50; good $7 75@8 00.

Buffalo.

BUFFALO, May 21.—Cattle—Receipts 544 head; total for the week 7,786 head. Twenty-three cars fresh arrivals were through consignments; the balance, thirteen cars, were held for shipment to-morrow. No market to-day.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 1,460 head; total for the week 7,600 head. Market moderately active; 4 cars fresh arrivals shipped East in first hands; Ohio clipped sheep, 95@103 lbs, $5 50@6 00.

Hogs—Receipts 1,500 head; total for the week 10,600 head. Market dull and slow; transactions confined to heavy hogs; no Yorkers offered; 3 cars heavy Illinois hogs sold at 8 00@8 25.

New York.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Beeves—Receipts 1,430 head, making 4,140 head for four days against 2,140 head for the same time last week. Demand fair and market steady and unchanged, prices ranging from 11½@13½c for ordinary to extra steers.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 3,700 head, making 8,870 head for four days, against 12,100 head for the same time last week. Quality of offering very good; market fair at 5¼@6¾c for clipped sheep; 6¾@8¾c for unshorn; and $10 to $14 for spring lambs.

Swine—Receipts 9,680 head, making 12,380 head for four days, against 14,600 head for the same time last week. None offered alive. Dressed closed at $9 75 for city, with a fair business.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE PIG IRON AND BLOOM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
SATURDAY, May 22, 1875.

The inquiry for pig iron noticed in our report last week did not result in increased sales, but seems only to have caused the holders of good brands to be more firm than before, and we are only able to learn of one or two sales as the result of last week's inquiries. This week the market has been very dull without any pressure to sell, or activity in demand and we do not expect much change in the market before June, as most mills have enough metal to run well into June, and will not buy now for use later in the summer. 24 00 4 mos. may be fairly quoted as the price of grey forge iron, but a few only are willing to sell at these figures.

We are reported the following sales.

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

1,500 tons mottled and gray	priv. terms.
450 tons grey forge	$24 00—4 mos.
200 tons grey forge	24 00—4 mos.
50 tons white forge	21 00—4 mos.
50 tons close silvery	21 50—4 mos.

CHARCOAL.

100 tons No. 1 Western	30 00—4 mos.
50 tons No. 1 Hanging Rock	30 00@32 00—4 mos.
10 tons No. 1 Western	30 00—4 mos.
10 tons No. 2 Eastern	31 00—4 mos.

ALLEGHENY COKE.

400 tons grey forge	24 00—time.
100 tons Red Bank	25 00—4 mos.

BLOOMS.

100 tons charcoal	75 00—4 mos.
10 tons charcoal	73 00—cash.

ANTHRACITE.

20 tons No. 1 foundry	28 00—4 mos.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

PRODUCE.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 21, 1875.

FLOUR—Dull but unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat weak and lower. No. 1 spring $1 05; No. 2, $1 00¾ spot; $1 01⅝ seller June; $1 04⅝ seller July. No. 3, 97c; rejected 90@90¼c. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed, new, 68c; regulator 69¾c spot; 69⅞c bid seller June; 73c bid seller July. Oats dull and nominal; No. 2, 62⅝c spot; 62⅝c seller June. Rye dull and nominal. Barley steady with a moderate demand; No. 2, $1 37 spot; $1 40 seller May; $1 40 seller September.

SEEDS—Unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Pork—Demand active and prices advanced; $21 37½@21 68 spot; $20 80@20 85 seller June; 21 12½@21 15 seller July. Lard —Demand active and prices advanced; 15.10c spot or seller June; 15.22½c seller July. Bulkmeats dull and easier; shoulders 8½c; short rib middles 11½c; short clear 11¾c.

WHISKY—Demand fair and market firm at $1 17.

LATEST—On Call Board this afternoon wheat was ¼c lower at $1 04; July. Corn easier; 69⅛c June. Pork lower at $20 70 June; $20 95 July. Lard lower; 15⅛c July.

New York.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Flour in limited demand; receipts 8,000 barrels; superfine Western and State $4 70@4 95; common to good extra do $5 05@5 40; good to choice do $5 45@5 75; white wheat Western extra $5 75@6 00; extra Ohio $5 05@7 50; St. Louis $5 40@8 25. Rye flour steady at $4 50@5 50. Cornmeal quiet; Western $3 80@4 45. Wheat heavy with a limited inquiry; receipts 47,000 bushels; No. 1 spring $1 24@1 26; No. 3 do $1 15@1 17; No. 2 Chicago $1 17@1 19; Milwaukee $1 19@1 20; graded Iowa and Minnesota spring $1 20@1 24; winter red Western $1 35@1 40; amber do $1 40@1 43; white do $1 40@1 45. Rye quiet and firm; Canada in bond $1 05; State $1 10. Barley quiet and unchanged. Malt quiet; Canada West $1 60. Corn heavy and lower; receipts 18,000 bushels; mixed Western 82@85c; yellow do, 81½@85c. Oats more steady; receipts 46,000 bushels; mixed Western 75@76c; white do, 76@78c. Hay firm; shipping 65@70c. Coffee quiet but steady; Rio 15½@18½c. Sugar dull and heavy; fair to good refining 8@8¼c; prime 8⅜c. Molasses dull; New Orleans 70@71c. Rice quiet but steady. Petroleum dull and heavy; refined 12½c; crude 6c. Strained rosin dull at $1 95@2 05. Turpentine dull at 35c. Pork firm; new mess at $21 50@21 75. Beef unchanged. Cutmeats dull. Middles heavy; long clear Western 12c; short do 12¼c. Lard firmer; prime steam 15¼c. Cheese unsettled at 8@12½c. Whisky in fair request at $1 20½@1 21.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.—Petroleum steady; refined 12⅝@12⅞c; crude in bbls, 9c. Cloverseed dull and nominal; timothy $2 62½; flaxseed $1 90. Flour quiet with no demand except local; Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota family $5 50@6 50; Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio $6 00@6 75; high grades $7 00@8 00. Wheat slow; red $1 40@1 42; amber $1 44; white $1 50. Rye held at $1 12. Corn weak; yellow 83@84c; Western mixed 84@85c. Oats firm; white 76@77c; mixed 74@75c. Provisions dull but steady. Whisky held at $1 22. Butter steady; New York and Bradford county extras 28@30c; do firsts 23@24c; Western extras 23@25c; do firsts 17@18c; rolls, extras, 20@22c. Cheese dull; Western prime 12@15c. Eggs steady; Western fresh 16½@17c.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, May 21.—Flour quiet but very firm and unchanged. Wheat steady; No. 1 Western amber $1 40; No. 2 do $1 42; mixed do $1 39; No. 1 Western red $1 39@1 40; No. 2 do $1 37@1 38; Pennsylvania $1 37. Corn dull and weak; Western mixed 83½@84c. Oats dull; Western white 76c; do mixed 74½c. Rye dull at $1 15@1 18. Hay firm; Pennsylvania and Maryland $15 00@26 00. Provisions dull and easier. Pork dull; nominally $22 00@22 50. Bulkmeats quiet; shoulders 9c; clear rib 11½c. Bacon dull; shoulders 9¾@10c; clear rib sides 13c. Hams 14@15½c. Lard dull and lower; refined 15¾c; steam 15@15¼c. Butter very firm; Western grass flavored 24@26c. Petroleum nominal; crude 5¾@6c. Coffee quiet; Rio cargoes 15½@18½c. Whisky held firmly at $1 21½@1 25.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 21.—Cotton steady at 15½c. Flour active; family $5 90@5 75. Wheat dull at $1 25@1 32. Corn quiet at 76@77c. Oats firm at 70@73c. Rye steady at $1 23@1 25. Barley quiet at 14@15c. Butter—Demand fair and market firm. Cheese quiet; new 12@12½c. Pork dull and nominal at $21 50@21 62½c. Lard dull and nominal; held—Steam 15c; kettle 15¼@15½c. Bulkmeats firm; shoulders 8½c; clear rib sides 11½c; clear 12c. Bacon—Demand fair and market firm at 9½@12½@13¼c. Whisky steady with a moderate demand at $1 15.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, May 21.—Flour steady with a moderate demand. Wheat dull; No. 2 white Wabash $1 33; amber Michigan, $1 28¾; seller June, $1 29; seller July $1 30. No. 2 canal, red, $1 27¼; seller July $1 30¼. Corn steady with a moderate demand; high mixed 75½c; seller June 75c; seller August 77c; low mixed 74½c; no grade 73½c; damaged 70c. Oats dull and lower; No. 1, 69c; No. 2 66c; do canal, 67c; Michigan 68c.

Boston.

BOSTON, May 21.—Flour—Demand moderate; Western superfine $4 50@4 75; common extras $5 25@5 75; Wisconsin and Minnesota extra $5 75@6 50; white wheat Ohio, Indiana and Michigan $6 25@7 00; Illinois $5 50@7 50; St. Louis $6 50@8 50. Corn dull; mixed and yellow 89@91c. Oats firm; mixed and white 78@83c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 21.—Cotton dull at 15¾c. Flour firm. Wheat—Receipts light; $1 25@1 35. Corn nominal at 79@80c. Oats nominal at 70c. Rye quiet at $1 20. Provisions dull. Pork $22 00@22 25. Bulkmeats 8¾@11¼@12¼c. Bacon 9½@12½@13½c. Sugar cured hams 14c. Lard—Good 15½c; tierce 16@16½c. Whisky $1 15.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, May 21.—Cotton quiet at 13¾@14¼c. Flour quiet at $5 00@6 50. Wheat steady at $1 30. Corn steady at 85c. Oats steady at 75c. Provisions steady. Lard 16¼@13½c. Bacon steady; shoulders 10@10½c; sides 13¼@14½c. Bulkmeats firm; shoulders 9c; sides 11½@13c. Sugar cured hams 14c, all packed. Whisky firm at $1 20.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, May 21.—Flour unchanged. Wheat weak; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 04½; No. 2, $1 01½. Oats dull; No. 2, in store, 62¼c. Corn a shade firmer; No. 2 mixed, in store, 69c. Rye neglected; No. 1, in store, $1 05. Barley nominal; No. 2, $1 30; No. 3, $1 18.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 21.—Cotton, flour and grain quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet at $1 20. Pork lower at $21 60. Dry salt meats—Better feeling at 8½@11½@12¼c. Bacon steady with only a small jobbing and order trade. Lard quiet at 15c.

Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 21.—Flour steady at $3 75@6 75. Wheat steady; red $1 14@1 23; amber $1 27@1 32; white $1 25@1 35. Corn steady; car 68@69c; shelled 72@73c. Oats steady with a moderate demand; mixed 67c; white 69c. Rye $1 08.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, May 21.—Cotton quiet at 15c. Flour firm at $5 75@7 75. Corn active at 88c. Oats scarce and firm at 76@77c. Lard dull and nominal; refined, 15½@16½c. Bacon quiet at 9¾@9½@12@13¾c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, May 21.—Flour quiet at $3 25@6 35. Wheat dull; extra $1 27; No. 1, $1 26; amber $1 26 bid. Corn steady at 76½c. Oats quiet at 69½c. Cloverseed $6 00@7 00.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, May 21.—Wheat, corn and oats unchanged. Petroleum steady; standard white, 110 degrees test, 10¾c; 150 degrees State test 11½c, in car lots; in a small way 1@2c higher.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, May 21.—Wheat quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee club $1 19; Corn quiet at 85c. Barley dull; Canada $1 50.

WOOL.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.—Wool quiet but steady. Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia, double extra and above, 52½@55c; extra, 52@55c; medium, 55@55½c; coarse, 45@50c. New York, Indiana and Western, fine, 48@50c; medium, 55@56c; do, unwashed, 45@50c. Combing, washed, 60@67c; do, unwashed, 45@50c; fine, unwashed, 35@37c; coarse and medium, unwashed, 36@42½c; tub-washed, 50@55c; extra and merino, pulled, 42½@50c; No. 1 and superfine, pulled, 42½@50c.

DRY GOODS.

New York.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Trade movement continues slow in all departments. Cotton goods in limited request, and prints quiet in first hands. Paper cambrics weak, and Masonville reduced to 12½c. Fruit of Loom cambric reduced 1c. Prints at job prices very active in jobber's hands. Kentucky jeans more active.

COTTON.

New York.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Cotton quiet at 16⅛@16¼c. Futures closed quiet; sales of 23,900 bales, as follows: May, 16 1-32c; June, 16 1-32c; July, 16 3-16c; August, 16 5-16@16 11-32c; September, 16 5-32c; October, 15 11-16@15 23-32c; November, 15 17-32@15 9-16c; December, 15 17-32@15 9-16c; January, 15 11-16@15 23-32c; February, 15 27-32@15 ⅞c; March, 16 1-16@16⅛c; April, 16¼@16 11-32c.

OTTO WUTH,
Analytical and Consulting Chemist.
99 WATER STREET.

McCULLY & HUNTER,
Engineers and Surveyors.
Dispatch Building, No. 69 Fifth Avenue.
☞LAYING OUT AND FURNISHING WORKING PLANS FOR MINES A SPECIALTY.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURES FROM NEW YORK.

City of Richmond	May 22	Liverpool.
Baltic	May 22	Liverpool.
Great Western	May 22	Bristol.
Oder	May 22	Bremen.
Bolivar	May 22	Glasgow.
Russia	May 26	Liverpool.
Frisia	May 27	Havre.
City of Brussels	May 29	Liverpool.
Britannic	May 29	Liverpool.
Ville de Paris	May 29	Havre.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Vaderland	May 21	Antwerp.
Abbottsford	May 27	Liverpool

FROM BALTIMORE.

Nurnburg	May 22	Bremen.
Hibernian	May 26	Liverpool.

FROM BOSTON.

China	May 22	Liverpool.
Parthia	May 29	

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., May 21, 1875.

The following is the daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending 3 P. M:

STATIONS.	ABOVE L'W WR' Ft.	In.	CHANGE —OR † Ft.	In.	DIRECTION OF WIND.	STATE OF WEATHER
Cincinnati	12	..	—0	10	S. W.	Lt. rain.
Keokuk	9	7	†0	1	N.	Lt. rain.
Leavenw'th	10	9	—0	3	N. E.	Fair.
Louisville	6	11	—0	1	S.	Lt. rain.
Memphis	21	..	—0	11	W.	Cloudy.
Omaha	7	7	†0	1	N.	Fair.
Pittsburgh	4	3	†0	1	W.	Cloudy.
St. Louis	16	10	—0	2	N. W.	Clear.
St. Paul	5	8	—0	2	N.	Clear.
Vicksburg	40	5	—0	2	S. W.	Threat'g.
Yankton	11	9	..	..	N.	Clear.
La Crosse	6	7	—0	2	S.	Cloudy.

Morgantown.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
MORGANTOWN, W. VA., May 21, 1875.

River 1 foot 4 inches and stationary. Weather cloudy; thermometer 75.

Greensboro.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
GREENSBORO, PA., May 21, 1875.

River 4 feet and stationary. Weather cloudy.

Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
BROWNSVILLE, PA., May 21, 1875.

River 6 feet 6 inches. Weather cloudy; thermometer 60 at 7 P. M.

Pomeroy.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
POMEROY, O., May 21, 1875.

Up—Salt Valley, with a excursion party for Pittsburgh; R. W. Skillinger and Enterprise, with fourteen barges. Local packets on time. Weather warm.

Steubenville.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
STEUBENVILLE, O., May 21, 1875.

River falling, with 4 feet 18 inches in the channel. Weather cloudy and warm. Departed—Forest City, Wheeling. Passed up—J. N. Camden.

Wheeling.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
WHEELING, W. VA., May 21, 1875.

Weather cloudy and warm. River 5 feet 11 inches and falling. Departed—Express, Parkersburg. Arrived—Hudson.

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth Page

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

Geneva	M. A. Cox	Brownsville.
E. Bennett	Donaldson	Brownsville.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.

Departed.

Geneva	M. A. Cox	Brownsville.
Elector	Abrams	Brownsville.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Granite State	Kerr	Portsmouth.
Mallie Ragon	Muhleman	Wheeling.

MONONGAHELA—Four feet two inches and falling slowly.

Boats Advertised for This Day.

Brownsville and Geneva....8 A. M. and 4 P. M.
St. Louis..John L. Roads..Vandergrift, 4 P. M.

THE marks last evening indicated four feet two inches and falling steadily. The weather was warm during the day, with indications of rain. The clouds of dust on the landing made it very disagreeable to pedestrians.

AMONG the first boats due is the Exchange.

THE coal barge sunk at St. Louis has been raised.

THE steamer Shannon has gone to Louisville to be placed on the docks.

THE steamer Exchange received the reshipping freight of the Shannon at Cincinnati.

THE steamer Wild Duck and barges, Captain Adams, has arrived at St. Louis from this port yesterday.

THE steamer Carrie Brooks, Captain H. Darlington, will arrive to-morrow and leave for Zanesville, as advertised.

THE favorite steamer Salt Valley, Capt. Sanford, will be on time. She will take her departure for Ironton as announced.

THE Mallie Ragon, Captain Muhleman, left for Wheeling on time. She will be on hand to leave on Monday at the usual hour.

THE favorite steamer Granite State, Captain Kerr, left for Portsmouth on time with all the freight she wanted.

THE punctual packet R. W. Skillinger, Capt. Russell, will arrive to-morrow, and leave for Cincinnati and Louisville as announced.

CAPTAIN J. J. DARRAGH is in Cincinnati. If the Captain builds one-half the boats the papers are giving him credit for, he will soon have a fleet.

THE weather at present is very suitable for making a pleasure trip up the Monongahela. The mail packets leave daily at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. "There's millions" of enjoyment in it.

AN OLD-TIME BOATMAN.—The St. Louis *Times* says: Capt. Morgan Mason, the veteran father of Capt. I. M. Mason, is spending a few days in this city. He resides in the northern part of the State.

THE new and magnificent steamer John L. Rhoads, Captain J. M. Vandergrift, takes her departure this day, positively, for Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville, St. Louis and St. Paul. The Rhoads is the best boat engaged in the St. Louis trade, and offers the best of accommodations to passengers and shippers. To the former we would say go West on the Rhoads; to the latter we would say, if you want your freight taken in a hurry to the West, the opportunity is now presented. The clerks are Messrs. John C. Fisher and Greenlee.

THE St Louis *Times* of Wednesday says: Mr. A. L. Ryland, for nearly a quarter of a century river editor of the *Democrat*, vacated his office yesterday, and retired to the cool shades of Cote Brilliante where he owns a handsome property, quite sufficient to make him comfortable for the balance of his days. As a river reporter, with perhaps the single exception of the veteran Cons. Millar, of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, Ryland has not an equal. His successor, Captain John Bowen, is equally well acquainted with boatmen and is the best appointment that could have been made, since a change is to take place.

We heartily concur in the views expressed in the PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL with reference to A. L. Ryland, for many years river editor of the St. Louis *Democrat*, now the *Globe-Democrat*. Like the COMMERCIAL, we are clearly of the opinion that the river reporters of St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville and Pittsburgh should tender a testimonial to Mr. Ryland that would, in a measure, testify their appreciation of his merits. This is the least that can be done. We would like to hear from our friends "down below" on this subject. Mr. Ryland, in retiring to private life, should carry with him some token of the good will of his brother reporters. To borrow the language of the COMMERCIAL: "If such a thing is got up, put the river editor of the Pittsburgh *Chronicle* down for ten dollars. Them's our sentiments."—*Friday Evening Chronicle.*

We always thought the river editor of the *Chronicle* was a clever fellow. The above confirms it. Rah for Pittsburgh, we have started the Ryland call. Who comes next? Speak out!

Towboat Movements.

The Etna arrived with a barge of iron, and returned to Ironton with the same barge empty.

The J. S. Neal arrived Tuesday midnight, and discharged some freight here. She proceeded to Cairo with her tow, including two barges salt and two barges coal. James Ford was one of her pilots.

The Robert Peebles started up the river with a large tow of empty barges, including the keel-boat Scioto.

The Enterprise passed up with a tow of empty barges, and one barge of empty barrels.

The Rover, Pittsburgh to St. Louis, with a miscellaneous tow of five barges, passed down.

The propeller Exchange arrived with four barges staves.

The Warner will take her own tow to Wheeling. One towboat wanted $1,500 and another wanted $1,100 for delivering her barges. Her shaft will be ready in about a week. It is being forged at Cleveland.

The St. Louis *Globe* says: The A. J. Baker, Capt. Tom Poe, left for Pittsburgh with two barges in tow, containing 500 tons pig iron and 400 tons iron ore.—*Thursday's Cincinnati Gazette.*

A Busy Day on the Wharf.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

There was a very lively time on the wharf last Thursday. Business men, including shippers, draymen, boatmen and roustabouts, all were in a hurry. I never saw men so actively engaged; every one found employment. The throngs of idle boatmen which can usually be seen on the corners of Smithfield and Market streets and the levee, all seemed to have engagements elsewhere. I suppose those ancient habitues of the wharf, vulgarly called "Rats," for a short time had laid aside their natural antipathy to labor and gone to work, as they were not visible. The colored men and brethren, who usually fire their fast trips, and cook their big dinners, wash piles of dishes, and wait on a hundred passengers over again, had all disappeared from their favorite loitering place on the west corner of Wood street and the levee; they, too, seemed to have found work.

During my visit to the wharf to see my friends Captains Cox, Hendrickson and Baldwin, on board of the Geneva, I, too, found work enough to keep me busy; in fact, all who visited the wharf found business and immediately began to work, but never remained long enough to finish their jobs; they invariably did that on a boat, in a house, or around the corner of some friendly street, the tools required to put on the finishing touches being pocket handkerchief, the eyes being the fields of labor. Sniff to explain: A stiff southwest breeze prevailed all day: it gathered up clouds of dust and sent them whirling along the wharf with such violence, that it was impossible for any one to face them and escape the penalty of having his eyes filled. The boats and barges moored at the shores and to the bridge piers, seemed to be dancing on the agitated waters to the whistling music. Toward the close of the day, the cobble stones on the lower end of the wharf were as clean as if they had been carefully swept with brooms, and the face, and hands and clothes of those who had to be much outdoors were as dirty and dusty as if they had not been washed or brushed for a whole month.

SPIRIT.

The Late Steamboat Disaster—Report of the Local Inspectors—They Condemn the Action of the Tugs.

[From the New Orleans Bulletin.]

The following report, by Inspectors Flanders and Moffat, will be read with interest, as it gives a lucid description of the late fire and the heroic efforts to save life:

OFFICE BOARD OF U. S. LOCAL INSPECTORS OF STEAM VESSELS (District of New Orleans),
NEW ORLEANS, May 14.

Wm. Rogers, Esq., Supervising Inspector, Tenth District:

SIR—The Board hereby reports the burning of the steamers John Kyle, Charles Bodmann and Exporter, in this port, on the afternoon of the 23d ult., under the following circumstances:

The boats were moored in the usual manner, side by side, at the upper steamboat landing, in the order named, the Kyle was lowermost. A fresh breeze from the north was blowing off shore, and diagonally across the river, making the Kyle the windward boat.

The eddy at that point and the wind combined pressed the boats up the river. The fire was discovered about four o'clock in the store-room, on the starbord and windward side of the Kyle. The utmost exertions were made to arrest the fire, but fanned by the strong wind in a very few minutes it burned into flame and enveloped the cabin amidships. The people on board were hurried on shore by the captain and no lives were lost. The Bodmann and the Exporter were cast off, and they had commenced floating away when most unfortunately the Kyle was also cast off and drifted against and out with them.

The Bodmann immediately took fire, and the people on her (their retreat to the shore being cut off) were driven by the fire part to the stern of the boat and rest on to the Exporter. In a few minutes more the Exporter also took fire, which spread with great rapidity, and very soon all the people on both boats, except nine taken off by small boats, were forced by the flames to jump overboard about one hundred yards from the shore.

The progress of the fire was so rapid that in less than fifteen minutes after it was discovered the three boats were ablaze from stem to stern. It is not known that any person was burned to death. Most of those who jumped overboard were saved by small boats, and the witnesses who have given evidence before the Board in this case testify that rowboatmen and skiffmen made active and heroic efforts to save life; in several instances they were burned while rescuing persons from the water near the burning boats. We regret our inability to learn the names of the boatmen who acted thus nobly; the witnesses did not know them, and with characteristic modesty they have not made themselves known.

In marked contrast with the efforts of these men was the conduct of those in command of the tugs Tyler, Dime and Nellie, who were promptly at the scene, but each, to a greater or less extent, as stated by many witnesses, evinced very reproachable indifference to the loss of life in disregarding the calls to them for help by persons in imminent peril, and we regret that further action on our part in their case is barred for want of jurisdiction. The information obtained by a careful investigation leads to the conclusion that there were one hundred and six persons on board the Bodmann and Exporter, that eighty-six were saved and twenty lost.

Although the precise locality in which the fire originated is known, yet the manner of its origin is somewhat shrouded in doubts, for it appears that the engineer of the Kyle was at work in the blacksmith shop, adjoining which, forward, was a store room used by the steward for his lamps and oils (mineral sperm), both rooms being raised from the starboard guards. Under this store room some thirty or forty bales of hay were stored, and there being no other fire in the vicinity and the store room locked, it is our opinion that in some way a spark from the forge found lodgment in the hay and thus originated the fire.

No blame appears to attach to the officers of any of the boats during the fire, nor does there appear to be any for neglect as to its cause.

W. C. FLANDERS,
J. A. MOFFATT,
Local Inspectors.

RECEIPTS OF MERCHANDISE.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

Henry Scribe, 1 tool chest; Adler & Rodelheim, 2 bbls whisky, 1 keg do; C P Markle & Son, 77 bdls paper; C Heeveler, 3 bbls glue scraps; J McGarvey, 1 lot old rope; McBane & Anjer, 21 bgs bags; E H Myers & Co, 48 bbls, 22 tcs; B L Fahnestock & Co, 1 can varnish; Elkins & Fisk, 54 oil bbls; W F Armstrong, 30 bdls sht iron, 20 pcs pipe, 166 bdls do; J B Canfield, 46 bbls; J M Leech, 12 springs, 1 keg nails; J E Sampsell, 32 bars iron, 2 bdls do; Shoenberger & Co, 24 plates iron; Moorhead & Co, 5 bdls pipe, 80 pcs do; J L Ramsey & Co, 50 bbls lard oil; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 6 bbls potatoes; H Bogue & Son, 1 case matches; H Schmidt, 1 bx do; K F Lange, 1 do drugs; H M Caldwell, 19 bxs peas; Lucy Orris, 1 bbl potatoes; Johnson & Colvin, 6 bbl potatoes, 12 bbls flour; Brown, Colborn & Co., lot apples, 30 bxs oranges; C. Schultze, 1 freezer; Geo. Kugelhofer, 1 bx tin; Gilliam Mfg Co., 2 bxs leather; T. C. Jenkins, 3 bbls fish, 10 hf bbls do.; Curry & Metzgar, 8 bbls fish; H. M. Caldwell & Co., 20 bxs tomatoes; W. M. Kreuskamp, 1 bale manilla; A. W. Kredel, 2 bxs tea, 1 do drugs; Harris & Ewing, 1 bx drugs; W. Hasiage & Co., 50 cases cans; Demmler Bros, 1 bx tea, 1 bbl do; W. Townsend & Co., 1 bdl iron; Standard Nut Co., 1 do; J. N. Phillips, 4 bales belting; Luebbe Bros., 2 bbgs rice; Lencer P'tg Co., 25 rolls paper; J. B. Sneathen & Co., 2 cast iron plates, 2 gears attached; Thos. Palmer, 10 bdls paper hangings; J. L. Reed & Son, 4 cases mdse; W. Pickersgill, Jr., 4 cases boots and shoes; Lewis, O & P., 25 bars iron; John Dunlap, 10 bxs tin; Lindsay, Sterritt & Co., 18 bdls handles; Wilson & Morrow, 2 hf bbls fish; Caskey & Short, 2 crates soup plates; D. M. Jenkins, 35 kits fish; Morgan, C & I Co, 25 bbls fish, 3 qrs do, 10 kits do; W Flaccus & Son, 5 bbls grease; B H Voskamp & Co, 7 bags rice; Curry & Metzgar, 14 do do; Beymer Bros, 5 do do; W Stearns, 10 car cement; J L & W H Hastings, 43 bbls cement; Lewis, O & P, 280 bars iron; Smith, Sutton & Co, 505 do do; Singer, Nimick & Co, 7 casks steel; E H Myers & Co, 100 tcs hams, 50 do lard; Robson & Campbell, 3 cars limestone; Speer, C & Co, 4 do sand; Chas M McGowan, 4 do brick; Arbuckles & Co, 300 bags coffee; J S Finch & Co, 200 bags rye; Filbert & McDonald, 134 bbls pat comp; H P Schwartz & Co, 63 bbls resin; Houck, McCague & Co, 100 bbls flour; J W Jenkins & Bro, 212 do do; Reese, Lemon & Co, 1 car brick; B D Moore, 1 do staves; J Hamnett & Son, 45 rolls leather; Coleman & Son, 1 car locust posts; J C Patterson & Co, 1 do do.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

John Suter, 6 cars telegraph poles; Fahnestock White Lead Co, 550 pigs lead; W E Fitch, 1 portable engine; T C Jenkins, 515 bbls flour; S Lindsay, Jr & Co, 100 do; Schomaker & Co, 100 do; Lloyd & Black, 3 cars iron strips; Heinz, Noble & Co, 21 tcs pickles, 46 bbls do; Hubbard, L, B & Co, 1 case saws; Atwood & McCaffrey, 1 bdl bolts and nuts, 1 bx do do; Lewis, Oliver & P, 50 bdls iron; Jesse H Lippincott, 15 cases beef; Hutchinson & Co, 8 bxs charges; G H Daler, 12 mattresses; Milligan, Hershberg & Co, 10 bbls spts; Voigt, M & Co, 20 bags t seed; Robert & Steel, 100 bbls flour; R E Sellers & Co, 2 bbls alcohol; E & C Maginn, 54 cases canned goods; D Coalman, 1 car stone; S Hamilton & Co, 1 organ; Gallinger & Co, 8 bbls g ware; Atlantic Glass Company, 25 bxs g ware; England & Bindley, 4 bxs hdware; Logan & Strobridge, 1 bx castings, 7 bxs hdware; Henry, Gerwig & Co, 12 reels twine, 2 bales do; B A Elliott, 2 bbls ware; W P Townsend & Co, 16 kegs nuts, 2 cases do; Demmler Bros, 10 bxs hdware; Fleming, Agnew & Co, 12 bxs hdware; Davis, Chambers & Co, 29 sks rags; J Coleman & Means, 1 car building stone; Lewis, O & P, 1 bx hinges; Walker, Cooper & Co, lot bbls, tcs, and bxs; Shornberger, Blair & Co, 1 car fire brick; Kier Bros, 1 car fire brick; Shoraberger, Blair & Co, 3 cars limestone; Graff, Bennett & Co, 2 cars limestone; McElroy & Co, 45 sks rags, 3 do; Braden & Peabody, 18 bxs cheese, 1 bx do; Graff, Hugus & Co, lot castings; Union Glass Co, 1 bx tea lead; J Henderson & Bro, 10 bbl oil; L & C Bear, 10 rolls leather; [illegible] Barnard, 1 car potatoes; R A Cochran, 2 bxs butter; [illegible] Park Bros, 9 bbls steel; Flaccus & Newingham, 1 sk cocoa nuts; G S Griscom, 7 pigs metal; Laing & McKallip, 5 bbls flour, 15 sks do, 101 chop; Rea, Hill & Kerr, 2 tcs, 3 bbls; E Fox & Co, 2 tubs butter; D Wallace, 15 bags rye; Henry Rea, Jr, 9 bbls apples; C H Lewis & Co, 12 do; Arbuthnot, B & Co, 1 case flannels; Carnegie Bros & Co, 8 iron bars; W B Lupton & Co, 50 bbls tar; McHenry & Hood, 4 sks hops, 1 car mill feed; Zug & Co, 1 grindstone; J L Reed & Son, 1 bx sunds; A Bahmer & Co, 11 bbls eggs, 10 tubs butter; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 11 bbls eggs; S Hare & Sons, 16 pump heads, pipes, cylinders, &c; Jones & Laughlin, 1 box castings; J D Thompson & Co, 1 bx chalk; Curry & M, 40 qr bbls fish; P H Laufman & Co, 1 case bolts; Mellon Bros, 1 car shingles; Bushfield & U, 9 bbls eggs; W J McMaster, 1 keg do, 1 pail butter; S S Marvin & Co, 3 bbls crackers; G L Peabody, 3 tubs butter; Braden & P, 55 bxs cheese; Wilbert & W, 10 bbls d apples; H Rea, Jr, 300 bus potatoes; A Bricker & Son, 335 do do; Union Glass Co, 1 bbl g ware; Summer King Stove Co, 5 bxs castings; S Ewart & Co, 25 do soap; Hughes & Co, 2 do candy, 5 bbls corn; O'Hara Glass Co, 3 bxs g ware; Demmler & Bro, 3 refrigerators; Aiken & Co, lot roofing slate.

ELEVATOR—D G Stewart, 2 cars corn; W G Miller, 2 do oats.

ALLEGHENY STATION,—J M Hemphill, 3 cars staves; Young & Booth, 2 cars barley; F Owens, 50 bbls flour, 200 sks flour, 10 bbls apples; Lutz & Waltz, 1 car malt; Huck & Schwebel, 1 car middlings; Central Refining Co, 2 cars staves; W H McClinton, 26 sks rags; M Hallsinger, 1 bx hh goods; Knock & Long, 4 patent wheels; E & C Maginn, 100 bbls flour, 3 kegs lard, 2 pkgs butter; W J Thompson, 1 box mdse; Jas Miller, 6 bbls e vases, 3 pcs do; Beymer Bauman & Co, 16 sks kegs; J Megraw, 2 cars stone; Wadsworth & Co, 55 bbls oil; S P Armstrong & Co, 3 bbls eggs; Mrs A Glenn, 3 bbls vinegar; Jas P Gregg, 1 box goods; Jas Orr, 1 car stone; Armstrong, Fawcett & M'K, 17 sks kegs; S Mercer & Son, 37 box soap; Geo Meyer, 1 bbl eggs, 2 box soap, 5 boxs candles; Thos Reitler, 1 bop mdse; Chas Raiss, 6 box soap, 1 pkg butter; F Essenwine, 5 bbls cider; 5 bbls eggs, 1 pkg butter, 1 coop chickens, 2 crocks butter; J A McMillen, 2 bbls eggs, 1 box butter; J S Clark & Co, 5 bx soap; W J Carson, 1 coop chickens; Geo Stewart, 25 box soap; G Menke, 7 do; F Beckert, 11 do; Koerner Bros, 27 do; J Mimmick, 4 bbls eggs, 3 pkgs butter; C C Boyle, 1 car lumber; Hall & Spence, 2 bbls eggs; J Oesch, 12 casks cheese, 2 bbls vinegar, 3 kegs eggs, 6 tubs butter, 1 trunk, 1 bbl mdse; J Dellij, 1 bbl eggs; Henry Lenz, 12 bbls eggs, 9 pkgs butter; H Essenwine, 6 bbls eggs, 6 pkgs butter; J Heck, 1 bbl eggs, 1 pkg butter; R Carson, 3 bbls, 1 pkg butter; Mrs F Gilbert, 5 bbls eggs, 2 bbls cider, 5 pkgs butter; Isabella Furnace, 3 cars limestone; Stevenson & Cartwright, 3 refrigerators, 8 safes; Holmes & Co, 1 car lime; Pittsburgh Wagon Works, 1 car lumber, Frank Gelz, 1 car stone; J A J Nellis, 10 bbls flour; Frederick Schild, 25 bbls flour; Jno Hinckenstine, 1 car stone; Gans & Loeffler, 6 lounges, 3 cane chairs; Jno Herbert, 5 bbls apples; James Lockhart, 3 bbls corn meal; Jno Shetzel, 1 car stone; Geo McFerron, 3 bxs eggs, 4 do butter, 1 bx d apples; Krample & Heine, 35 cane chairs, 4 stands; J R Brown & Son, 12 pkgs paper; C Mattes & Co, 24 cane chairs, 6 cane rockers, 2 stands.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

A S Carlisle, 1 car lumber; Walker Bros, 1 do; Heath & Speer, 1 do; J A Mundorff, 1 do; W D Wood & Co, 1 lot s iron; O Hara Glass Co, 100 bbls lime; Davis, Chambers & Co, 25 bbls l oil; McGowan & Thompson, 15 do; R E Sellers, 10 do; Van Gorder & Shepard, 12 bbls apples; P Duff & Sons, 50 bbls flour; J W Woodwell, 1 bdl, 2 chairs; J S Meyers, 1 bed lounge, 1 single do; Paine, Ablett & Tripp, 6 cases paint, 1 do; B Pflaum, 7 bbls old metal 8 bdls do; G B Hussey, 12 bdls paper; F Pollard, 2 bxs s cases; R M Kelly, 1 case st, 1 keg do, 1 pail do; Voigt, M & Co, 5 tubs butter; Arbuckles & Co, 100 do; Masters Bros, 1 bx mdse, tin segm; W Frank & Son, 2 bxs butter; Spencer McKay, 10 half ale barrels; T F Scott, 2 cases shoes; Union Depot Hotel, 5 bxs water; Monongohela House, 12 do do; Jos Fleming, 5 do do; Mansfield Foster, 1 do do; S. Hamilton, 1 organ; W Flaccus & Son, 1 lot hides; McElroy & Co, 1 pkg w. dlt f wire.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Isabella Furnace Co, 17 cars stone; Shoenberger, Blair & Co, 2 do; Jas S Ferson & Co, 2 do lumber; Walker & Harris, 1 do; R Hosack, 1 do; Anderson & Remaley, 1 do; W Asshute, 1 do; D T Fisher & Co, 1 do; Jas McKay, 1 do; Keil & Ritchart, 2 do hay; Laing & McKallip, 2 do; Jas Burton, 1 do; H J McCracken & Bro, 1 do; M Meek, 1 do; R Dennis, 1 car hay, 1 do potatoes; J S Hinchman, 1 do; L Oatman & Son, 1 do; Schomaker & Co, 1 do oats; John Rose, 1 do; St. Paul Gas Light Co, 1 car tar; Chautauqua Lake Ice Co, 1 car ice; P Duff & Son, 1 car wooden ware; W J Baughman, 1 car lime.

Receipts of Pig Metal, Blooms and Ore.

The following are the receipts of pig metal, blooms and ore for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	13	Brown & Co, o	1
Brown & Co, m	1	Maloney & L, s l	1
Zug & Co, m	10		
Total			26

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Hussey, W & Co, o	2	Zug & Co, o	2
Cambria I Wks, m	3	Graff, B & Co, ore	5
Lewis, O & P, o	3		
Total			16

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
A H Childs, m	7	Everson, M & Co, m	1
Everson, M & Co, m	3	Pgh Bolt Co, m	1
Total			12

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.
Byers, McCullough & Co, m	4

Coal and Coke Receipts.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

	Cars		Cars
Laughlin & Co, coke	5	Lloyd, Son & Co, co'l	5
Graff, B & Co, coke	5	Everson, M & Co, co'l	7
Henderson & Co, c'k	2	Pgh Gas Co coal	1
C H Armstrong, co'l	19		
Total			44

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
N Y & C G Co	73	Sable Coal Co	20
Armstrong, D & Co	45		
Total			138

RIVER PACKETS.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.

U. S. MAIL LINE.
PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.
LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. and 4 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 5 A. M. and 12 M.
For all Points on the Monongahela River.
The 8 A. M. Packet from Pittsburgh will connect at Monongahela City with the 11:15 train from Pittsburgh, on Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad. The 5:00 A. M. Packet from Brownsville connects at Monongahela City with 8:30 A. M. train, reaching Pittsburgh at 10:40 A. M.
STEAMER GENEVA.........CAPT. M. A. COX
STEAMER ELECTOR.........CAPT. R. R. ABRAMS
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN.CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKSON
STEAMER E. BENNETT..CAPT. P. DONALDSON
For further particulars, inquire on Wharfboat foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No freight will be received after 5 o'clock.
A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.
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PORTSMOUTH AND CINCINNATI.

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.
EVERY FRIDAY—3 P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER
GRANITE STATE,
W. H. KERR.......Commander
R. H. KERR.......Clerk
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON,
Wharf-boat, foot of Wood street.

IRONTON.

For Parkersburg, Gallipolis and Ironton
EVERY MONDAY—4 P. M.
Leaves Ironton Every Thursday—10 A. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER
SALT VALLEY,
T. S. SANFORD.......Captain
E. F. MADDY.......Clerk
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON,
Wharfboat, foot of Wood street.

ZANESVILLE.

For Marietta and Zanesville.
EVERY TUESDAY—3 P. M.
THE FINE LIGHT DRAUGHT STEAMER
CARRIE BROOKS,
HARVEY DARLINGTON.......Captain.
Will leave as announced.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON,
Corner Wood and Water streets, or
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

PARKERSBURG.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg
EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY, AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER
MALLIE RAGON,
J. W. WILLIAMSON.......Captain
H. C. CALDWELL.......Clerk
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
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Wharfboat, foot of Wood street, or
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, Agents,
Corner of Wood and Water streets.

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For Wheeling, Parkersburg, Pomeroy Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati and Louisville.
REGULAR TUESDAY PACKET—4 P. M.
THE ELEGANT PASSENGER STEAMER
R. W. SKILLINGER,
J. T. RUSSELL.......Commander
C. B. RUSSELL.......Clerk
Will leave as announced above.
Giving through receipts to all points South and West.
Special Rates on Cincinnati, Louisville and Nashville Freights.
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The Steamer R. W. SKILLINGER will positively leave TUESDAY, May 25th. Passengers and Shippers can rely on her prompt departure.
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ST. PAUL.

For Louisville Evansville, Cairo, St. Louis, Galena, Dubuque and St Paul.
WEDNSDAY, MAY 26—4 P. M.
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MOLLIE EBERT.
F. Y. BATCHELOR.......Commander
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Will leave as announced above.
Will give through receipts for all Southern points.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
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FAIRMAN & HENDERSON,
Corner Wood and Water streets, or
GEORGE H. GHRIEST, Agents.

For Louisville, Evansville, Cairo, St. Louis, Galena, Dubuque, and St Paul.
SATURDAY, MAY 22D.
THE FINE STEAMER
JOHN L. RHOADS.
J. M. VANDEGRIFT.......Captain.
JOHN C. FISHER.......Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
Will give through bills lading to Memphis, New Orleans and Nashville Freight.
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Lithographs of Sections and Books of detailed information, giving calculations of strains, &c., furnished on application.

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83 Water and 100 First Ave., Pittsburgh

CITY MATTERS.

FOR one dollar per month the DAILY COMMERCIAL will be mailed daily to travelers or to subscribers who are temporarily absent from Pittsburgh. The address of the paper will be changed as often as is desired.

Georgia Minstrels

If you wish to see a genuine Minstrel performance without the aid of burnt cork and vulgarity, attend the Georgia Matinee at Library Hall to-day. Admission 25 and 50 cents.

Georgia Minstrels.

For a good laugh that will aid digestion attend the Georgia Matinee at Library Hall to-day. Admission 25 and 50 cents.

Death of a Soldier of 1812.

F. A. Heisley, a soldier of the war of 1812 died at the residence of his son-in-law, Wm. Young, on Thirteenth street, yesterday, and will be buried to-morrow, from the Lutheran Church, Seventh avenue. The deceased was born in 1792, enlisted in the war of 1812, in Maryland, and was wounded in the battle of Bladensburg. He has resided in this city since 1835, and had drawn a pension of eight dollars per month since 1844. He was for many years engaged in the making of optical instruments.

LITERARY CONVENTION.

General Meeting of Literary Societies of Allegheny County—An Association Formed—Addresses—Entertainment Last Evening.

Delegates from nearly all the literary societies in this county assembled yesterday afternoon in the chapel of the Western University. The meeting was opened with prayer by Prof. Crane. Mr. F. W. Keifer, of the Fourth Ward Lyceum, Allegheny, was called to the chair, and Mr. E. A. Smith, of the Irving Society, of the University, to the secretary's desk. Rev J. Vannote delivered an entertaining and instructive address on the subject of literary organizations.

The Committee on Constitution and By-laws, appointed at a preliminary meeting of delegates from the various societies, presented a report, which was adopted.

The Constitution was signed for the societies by the chairmen of the several delegations, after which an election for officers of the Association was held, resulting as follows: President, F. W. Keifer, Fourth Ward Lyceum, Allegheny; First Vice-President, C. W. McCord, Mount Washington Society; Second Vice-President, T. D. Chantler, Hawthorne; Corresponding Secretary, J. J. Buchanan, Irving. The election of Recording Secretary, Treasurer, and Historian was deferred.

The Convention then adjourned till half-past seven P. M.

THE ENTERTAINMENT LAST EVENING.

Last evening at the appointed hour the Convention again assembled, when the programme of literary exercises heretofore published was carried out. We regret that our limited space this morning precludes an extended notice of the performances, some of which were excellent, calling forth hearty applause from the large and brilliant audience. Indeed, all acquitted themselves admirably.

The exercises were interspersed with good music by George's Band.

The entertainment was quite successful as an exposition of the acquirements and progress of the societies represented. The Association is now firmly and successfully organized, and will no doubt prove highly beneficial to the young men who organized it.

HILAND AVENUE RESERVOIR.

Water Committee Meeting—Hiland Reservoir Estimates—Report of Investigating Committee—Opinion of the City Solicitor—Past Overestimates to be Settled at the Completion of the Contract, &c., &c.

A special meeting of the Water Committee was held last evening to consider the report of the sub-committee appointed to investigate the overestimates alleged by Engineer Morley to have been paid contractor Howard on the Hiland reservoir.

The committee reported that Engineer Morley, in support of his assertion that the contractor has been overpaid for work on the reservoir, stated that he had made allowances for six inches of soiling and also for the excavation which was removed from the basin. For all this material he had only made allowance as excavation in accordance with the original stipulations of the contract. Only six inches of soiling were required to be placed upon the reservoir, and he had consequently not made allowances for more than the amount. In view of these facts he had found that about $7,000 or $8,000 had already been overpaid Mr. Walter, who drew for about sixteen inches of soiling.

Mr. Walter's counsel appeared before the sub-committee and claimed that he was entitled to the full amount of the estimate. This claim he based on a resolution of the Water Committee allowing for excavation both as excavation and as soiling and puddling.

At a second meeting of the sub-committee an opinion from the City Attorney was heard. That officer holds that the position of the Engineer was correct, that the contract provided expressly for but six inches of soiling; that anything allowed in excess of that amount would be an overestimate and that the price and manner of payment for excavation, soiling and puddling must be governed by the original contract, neither the Water Committee nor the Commission having any power to change it.

The sub-committee therefore make the following recommendations:

1. That the Civil Engineer make the estimate for the month of April, and also the estimate from this time to the completion of the contract in accordance with the terms of the contract as to price and manner of payment without deduction for past over-estimates.

2. That the Committee having ascertained from the Civil Engineer that the retained percentage for the faithful completion of the contract would amount to more than enough to cover any difference arising out of this controversy, and in view of the fact that a present settlement of the questions would embarrass the contractor and thereby cause a delay in the completion of the work, that the overestimates of the past be postponed for settlement at the completion of the contract and upon an express stipulation from the contractor that the present action of the committee, shall not prejudice the right of the city to adjust the price and manner of payment for the whole work done, under the contract and in accordance with the terms of the contract at the completion thereof, and to retain any sum of money estimated for and paid contrary to the terms of said contract, out of the retained percentage, and if that be not adequate to recover the difference upon the bond of the contractor, and also that he stipulate to use the balance of the stone estimated upon at Haight's Run in the construction and completion of said reservoir.

After hearing statements from Engineer Morley and Mr. Walter the report of the sub-committee was adopted.

The rules were then suspended, it being a special meeting, when Mr. Harrison offered a resolution providing that connections be made with the water works to the mains on Harrison and Oak streets, Twentieth ward, on Sheridan avenue, Nineteenth ward, and Rural street, Twenty-first ward. The resolution was adopted. Adjourned.

THE RELIGIOUS PRESS.

The Late Temperance Convention—A Cause of National Decay—Announcement of Church Services, etc.

The Presbyterian *Banner* is not altogether satisfied with the action of the late Temperance Convention. It says:

> The Convention, an account of whose proceedings is given in another column, was largely attended by delegates and also by the public. As it had been called by Christian ministers and Christian men, it was generally anticipated that special prominence would be given to the institutions of the gospel as means for reforming drunkards, staying the progress of intemperance, and putting an end to the traffic in liquor as a beverage. While these were not altogether ignored, it is a matter of regret that in the Constitution and Resolutions adopted, they were not given the prominence to which they are entitled, or which was most probably intended by the originators of the movement. The careful reader will notice that the Convention planted itself plainly on prohibition as the only remedy, forgetting that much is to be done before prohibition can be secured legally, and that much must be done to make it effective afterward. A law without a public sentiment to sustain it, is powerless; a true moral reform without the gospel is impossible.

The *Christian Advocate*, in referring to the Convention, uses this language:

> The Temperance Convention held in this city last week was a grand success. The spirit of it was excellent throughout. There was no thought of discouragement; but instead, a bracing up of energies for a new and more vigorous contest with the power of darkness. The old crusading fire burned as bright as ever. We have not room this week for any extended remarks on the subject.

DEMORALIZATION OF SOCIETY.

The *Catholic* discusses the question of national demoralization, as furnishing food for thought in connection with the approaching centennial. Following is an extract:

> Simplicity, frugality and economy are fast becoming unknown characteristics in the land, while the vices, antipodal to them, flaunt their brazen faces in every city, town and village of the United States. Men hasten to get rich, and to make the greatest possible show of the riches they may be able to lay their fingers on. Meretricious display has become so common with us, that it has ceased even in respectable quarters to evoke censure. Effeminacy, tinsel, glitter, sensuality, folly and vanity are the distinctive features of our times.—And, need we add, such signs are sure premonitors of national and social decay. No system of government can stand the strain of so much demoralization and perversion. Let us, then, as a people, endeavor to reform, or the better it will be for ourselves and our country.

CHURCH SERVICES, ETC.

A REGULAR Baptist church was formally re-organized last Tuesday at Leechburg, Pa.

The Synod of the German Lutheran church, will be held on Wednesday next in Youngstown, Ohio.

REV. R. W. PEARSON, D. D., will preach to-morrow morning in Fourth avenue Baptist Church. Subject, "Digging the Ditches." And in the evening at the public meeting in the same place.

REV. CHARLES A. DICKEY formerly of Allegheny, but now of St. Louis, and Rev. John Crowell, of New Castle, were elected temporary clerks of the Presbyterian General Assembly at Cleveland.

A PUBLIC meeting in aid of Ladies' Christian Work in Pittsburgh will be held to-morrow night at 7:30, in Fourth avenue Baptist Church. Geo. F. H. Lane, H. Kirk Porter, Esq., Rev. R. W. Pearson, D. D., and several others will take part.

THE consecration of Rev. J. J. Kain, as Catholic Bishop of Wheeling, will take place in the Cathedral of Wheeling, on Sunday, May 23d. The Most Rev. J. R. Bayley will be the consecrator, and the Rt. Rev. Dr. Gibbons, of Richmond, will preach the sermon on the occasion.

THE M. E. Church, at Wood's Run, Allegheny City, will be reopened for Divine service, on Sabbath, 23d inst. Preaching at three P. M., by Rev. Dr. Brook, of Christ M. E. Church, Pittsburgh, and at half-past seven P. M., by Rev. E. B. Snyder, of North avenue M. E. Church, Allegheny. Friends cordially invited.

"HOW TO STUDY A LESSON," is the topic announced for consideration at the fourth session of the Pittsburgh Sunday School Normal Class, which meets on Tuesday evening in the Smithfield street M. E. Church. A new and attractive feature will be the direction of the class by a lady—Miss Annie M. DeKnight.

REV. J. B. HERR, pastor of Penn avenue Baptist Church will preach in the morning on "*The Testimony of Our Lord*," in the evening there will be Reports from the International Sunday School Convention, lately held in Baltimore. Addresses will be made by J. H. Baldwin, Esq., Mr. J. D. Carlisle and the pastor. All are invited to attend.

Rising Sun Flour

In sacks and barrels arriving daily via. Baltimore and Ohio Railroads.

Ninth District Normal School.

THE NEW INSTITUTION AT INDIANA, PA.

Formal Opening and Recognition by State Authority—Visit of Superintendent Wickersham and Committee—Something About the Building—Interesting Meeting—Addresses, &c.

The formal opening and recognition of the Normal School of the Ninth district of the State, at Indiana, Indiana county, yesterday, was an event of importance in the common school history of the Commonwealth. The building, its arrangement and appointments, its surroundings and the location make it superior in many respects to any similar institution. In a recent address before the State Legislature, Superintendent Wickersham, who had made an inspection, pronounced the Indiana Normal school building superior to any in the United States. It is the seventh institution of the kind erected in the State, and its projectors after examination of those previously erected ascertained the good and bad points and, very naturally, taking advantage of their knowledge improved upon them.

It is proper in this connection to give a brief outline of the origin and progress of the Normal school system. For many years it has been plain that our common school system suffered from a want of capable and efficient teachers, and it is still deficient in this regard. More especially the country districts suffer from the want. The cities, paying higher salaries, naturally draw the better teachers to their schools, and thus feel the want less, and at the same time increase the difficulty in the country districts. To remedy the evil and to provide thoroughly trained men and women for the profession of teaching, the normal system was provided for by an act of the Legislature in 1857. This general law divided the State into twelve districts and provided that to each of these districts $15,000 should be paid out of the general Treasury of the Commonwealth in aid of schools for the instruction and training of teachers. The act provided that in the establishment of such a school in each district not less than ten acres of ground should be secured, that a building of a certain capacity should be erected and that certain appointments should be had.

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

Under this general law, the first school organized was that at Millersville, Lancaster county, and to the present State Superintendent, Prof. J. P. Wickersham, is due the credit of it. This school is now presided over by Prof. Brooks, and is attended by from six to seven hundred pupils. Following the example of Lancaster county, other districts entered into the work and schools were established, though not in the order named, at West Chester, Bloomsburg, Kutztown, Mansfield, Tioga county, Sagamore, Washington county, Edinboro, Green county, and now the magnificent building receiving the recognition by which has just taken place. This is the ninth Normal school district and is composed of the counties of Armstrong, Cambria, Westmoreland and Indiana.

THE PROJECT IN THE NINTH DISTRICT.

The effort toward the establishment of this institution started in 1870, and a few of the more prominent citizens were unceasing in their endeavors to enlist the aid and co-operation of the people of the district in the enterprise. Other localities than that chosen were urged, but with the approbation of the people of the district generally the beautiful town of Indiana was fixed upon. The site of the school building is an admirable one. Twelve acres of ground were purchased to the west of the town, overlooking the railroad, and the structure, situate upon an elevated portion, presents an imposing eastern front. Adjoining the building to the north stands a magnificent grove of trees. Subscriptions to the amount of $62,000 have thus far been made by the people. While $25,000 have been received from the State. To Mr. John Sutton and Silas M. Clark, Esq., is due great credit for their untiring and successful efforts in securing so magnificent an institution to Indiana.

THE BUILDING.

The building was designed by Mr. J. W. Drum, Architect, of Pittsburgh, and it was constructed by Voris, Haigh & Gregg, under the immediate supervision of Mr. Gregg. The contract price was $180,000, and so closely had Mr. Drum drawn out specifications that the contractors had less than $100 of a bill of extras. The work of construction began in the spring of 1873, and it was accepted from the contractors' hands January, 1875. Since that time the Board of Trustees have had gas and steam fittings put in and provided furniture and all accommodations for those who are to occupy it. The building is four stories high, and composed of a center and north and south wings. The main front is 221 feet in length, the main building 150 feet in depth, the wings each 135 feet in depth, by 45 feet in width. In the basement is the kitchen, scullery, store rooms, engine room, washing room, laundries, drying rooms, &c.—thirty-one rooms. The first floor is occupied by the Principal's office, reception parlor, dining room, pantries, carving room, steward's room, infirmaries, text book library, linen rooms, bath rooms, recitation room, model school room, and a part of the south wing by the principal as his residence, and apartments for the domestics—forty-one rooms in all.

The second story contains the reading room, parlor, chapel, chemical and philosophical apartments, library, recitation rooms, teachers' apartments, principal apartment, matron's room, music rooms, bath rooms, society halls, apparatus hall, etc.—in all 35 rooms.

The third story contains 68 dormitories, all finished in good style with closets.

The fourth story contains 87 dormitories and two large tanks to supply the building with water. There are 262 rooms in the building.

A SUCCESSFUL OPENING.

The Board of Trustees, with great care, selected a competent faculty, and the arrangements of the interior of the building and its furnishment having sufficiently progressed, the school was opened on Monday. On that day over eighty pupils were enrolled, while already there were over one hundred and fifty in attendance. That success must crown the labors of the directors is certain. The hearty co-operation of and assistance received from citizens, especially the ladies, together with the flattering number of pupils already in attendance, puts this beyond all doubt. The inducements offered by the State Normal School of Indiana, Pa., supplied, as it is, by all the modern improvements, and a faculty, whose aim is to raise its course to a college curriculum, are, we believe, greater than those offered by any similar institution in the State.

INTERIOR ARRANGEMENTS.

All the modern improvements of gas and steam are called into requisition. The whole building is heated by steam, rooms, halls, and corridors, from bottom to top. The extensive laundry and cooking ranges are also driven by the same power.

A jet of gas in each room, and handsome chandeliers in the halls, chapels, corridors, etc., supply ample light to the whole establishment.

Each floor has its suite of water closets and bath rooms, together with large hose pipes to flood the building in case of fire, all of which are supplied with water by a steam engine in the basement.

The dining room is capable of seating between four and five hundred, and is supplied with dumb-waiters and other modern improvements.

The chapel—one of the finest halls in the State—has a capacity of one thousand. These, with the library, reception, rooms, etc., are all appropriately designated by large door plates.

The Board of Trustees is composed of John Sutton, President; Silas M. Clark, Secretary; James R. Dougherty, J. R. Smith, Wm. B. Marshall, Wm. B. Hilderbrand, Irvin McFarland, Daniel S. Porter, George S. Christy, A. W. Wilson, Geo. R. Lewis, A. M. Stewart.

THE FORMAL OPENING AND RECOGNITION.

The proceedings of yesterday were in the nature of a formal opening and the recognition of the institution as a part of the common schools of the State. The law provides that a normal school erected in accordance with the act shall be examined by the State Superintendent and a committee appointed by him, with the approval of the Governor. It is made their duty to inspect and decide whether the provisions of the law have been complied with. The committee appointed for this purpose consists of Col. J. M. Campbell, Cambria county; Col. S. M. Jackson, Armstrong county; James R. McAfee, Westmoreland county, and ex-Governor A. G. Curtin, together with the County Superintendents of the district. These gentlemen, with the exception of ex-Governor Curtin, attended yesterday with Superintendent Wickersham, arriving shortly before nine o'clock in the morning upon a special train.

EXAMINATION BY THE COMMITTEE.

State Superintendent Wickersham, the committee appointed by him with the approval of the Governor, as above named, together with Prof. Jones, Superintendent of Westmoreland county, Prof. Glenn, Superintendent of Armstrong county, and Prof. Wolf, Superintendent of Indiana county, inspected the building from cellar to garret. They were accompanied by members of the Board of Trustees and shown every apartment and all the arrangements. A very thorough inspection was made, and explanations given in regard to class and recitation rooms, sleeping rooms for students, apartments for professors and employees of the institution, &c. The committee expressed themselves highly pleased, and warmly congratulated the Board on their success. After the trip through the building the committee visited the grounds round the house and then adjourned to the parlor for business. Col. Campbell was chosen chairman, and Prof. Glenn secretary. Superintendent Wickersham explained to the committee the requirements of the law, and it was for them to ascertain whether they had been complied with.

Mr. Clark, Secretary, presented the deed for the land, eleven acres and ninety-six perches, as also a statement prepared by President Sutton of the indebtedness of the Board. The statement shows an indebtedness of about $55,000, while it is believed that the whole property is worth fully $203,000. Judge Sutton stated that he was satisfied that the building, without the fittings, could not now be erected short of $180,000, while that was the cost of building, fittings, &c. The trustees had devoted much time during the whole progress of the work, with a view of having everything done well and for the sake of economy.

Superintendent Wickersham said that the building for the purposes intended was not equaled anywhere. Its plan and arrangement was superb, and the people of the Ninth district may well be proud of it.

Before final action had been taken dinner was announced, and the committee, Superintendents and Board of Trustees repaired to the capacious dining hall, where they were amply provided with eatables. Leaving the dinner table the committee went into session again, and it was arranged that they should report to the public meeting.

PUBLIC MEETING IN THE CHAPEL.

Before two o'clock the large and handsome chapel was crowded with citizens of the town and surrounding country, anxious to hear the result of the committee's examination, and listen to addresses of congratulation expected. The meeting opened with prayer by Rev. Fairfield, after which Superintendent Wickersham read the official report of the committee as indicated and required by law. The report sets forth the duties of the committee, and the fact, that they had been attended to and found everything correct, and that the State Normal school of Indiana shall be and is a part of the common schools of Pennsylvania.

The committee also report the adoption of a resolution commending the school to the hearty support of the people; also a resolution especially commending the Board of Trustees for their indefatigable and persevering efforts in superintending the erection and furnishing.

Silas M. Clark, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, read letters of regret from Governor Hartranft, Henry Houck, Deputy State Superintendent, J. Willis Westlake, Professor in the Millersville school, and formerly of Indiana, Prof. Brooks, Principal of the Normal school at Millersville, Hon. M. S. Quay, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Hon. Geo. A. Jenks, E. G. Golden, Kittanning. After the reading of the letters, Mr. Clark introduced Hon. J. P. Wickersham, saying that in all the trials and perplexities of the board, they had found in him a willing helper, safe counsellor and one earnestly anxious to aid.

REMARKS OF MR. WICKERSHAM.

Mr. Wickersham said he was glad to be present on the occasion. It was a proud day for Indiana, a proud day for this part of the Commonwealth, and especially was it a proud day for the trustees of this institution. He knew something of their troubles, but they had been victorious over all difficulties, and in their success may be all the more proud, because their work was laborious, troublesome and difficult. The speaker then referred to the necessity of normal schools, occasioned by the need of competent and trained teachers. He hoped the day would come when a teacher with a normal school certificate would stand first in the list of applicants for places. We must have good schools, our children must be trained; if we wish to preserve our institutions we must educate the children, and to educate them properly we must have trained and competent teachers. He was glad that there was planted just here in this beautiful portion of the State, this noblest of Normal schools of this State. (Applause.) Yes, I can say the noblest one, the best equipped in America. (Applause.) He was glad the people turned out in such numbers to congratulate one another on their possession, and to thus show their appreciation of the labors of the men who have had charge of and fought through this noble work.

FURTHER ADDRESSES AND RESOLUTIONS.

Senator Geo. H. Anderson, of Allegheny county, was next introduced, and was warmly greeted. He expressed his gratification at being able to attend on the occasion, and congratulated the people before him in the elegant building now formally opened. He thought the Indiana institution a model one and one that the citizens of the Ninth district should be pleased with.

Mr. McAfee, member of the committee, presented a supplementary report in which they commend the building and its arrangement in the strongest terms.

Resolutions covering the opinion expressed by the committee were presented and unanimously adopted.

Rev. Dr. Fairfield, Principal, made an excellent address, which was listened to with close attention and was frequently applauded.

The meeting then adjourned. The affair was a great success, and was highly enjoyed by all who witnessed it.

FACULTY OF THE INSTITUTION.

The following named persons, with others not yet finally fixed upon, will constitute the faculty of the institution: Edmund B. Fairfield, D.D., LL.D., Principal, Mansfield, Ohio, Latin and Greek, theory and practice of teaching, etc.; Hiram Collier, Bellefonte, chemistry and physics; mathematics (not supplied); T. J. Chapman, Ebensburg, English grammar; Joseph H. Young, Indiana, English literature; Jane E. Leonard, Millersville, Geography and history; A. J. Bolar, Indiana, assistant in mathematics and teaching; Mary Bradley, Shippensburg, penmanship and drawing; Ada Kershaw, Philadelphia, elocution and reading; A. H. Berlin, Montrose, Pennsylvania, model school.

THE BUENA VISTA RIOT.

Charles H. Armstrong and Fred. Guescetti On Trial—The Court Overrules the Motion to Quash—The Trial Proceeding—Testimony for the Commonwealth—Evidence as to Both Sides Preparing for a Bloody Conflict, Etc., Etc.

The case of the Commonwealth against Charles H. Armstrong and Fred. Guescetti, who are indicted in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Westmoreland county for aggravated riot, was called up yesterday morning.

The following is a list of counsel in the case: For the Commonwealth, District Attorney D. T. Harvey and Frank Cowan; for Armstrong and Guescetti, Hon. H. D. Foster, H. P. Laird, A. A. Stewart, James A. Hunter, J. G. Woods, Lieutenant Governor Latta, E. J. Keenan and John Wentling.

Mr. Foster called up the motion made by him, on Wednesday, to quash the indictment.

Mr. Laird declined to enter a plea to the indictment, on the ground that the prosecutor's name was not endorsed upon the indictment, and that the defendants were compelled to give evidence before the Grand Jury. This fact was entered upon the record.

Mr. Foster then argued at some length the motion to quash. He claimed that it was illegal for the Grand Jury to compel the defendants to testify and to make this the grounds for an indictment without a preliminary hearing before a magistrate.

Mr. Harvey replied that Mr. Armstrong was a witness before the Grand Jury at his own instance. Mr. Cowan also submitted answers to the various points urged by counsel for defendants.

Mr. Laird claimed that the Grand Jury had overstepped their authority in finding a bill of indictment outside their personal knowledge. Either a bench warrant should have issued or an information been made, before the finding of a bill of indictment. Otherwise it would be a star chamber proceeding.

Judge Logan thought the question of the right of the Grand Jury to prepare bills of indictment was pretty well settled. That left the single question raised by the defense that the defendants were called before the Grand Jury. Court was of the opinion that the Grand Jury had the right to call these witnesses, have the presentment on their testimony and find the indictment, which was simply a mere formal presentment.

The law point raised having been decided against the defendants, at eleven o'clock a jury was empaneled.

Mr. Laird stated that under the law the defense had only had four challenges and that the jurors summoned were nearly all residents of the section of the county where the riots occurred. The following jury was selected: Robert Osborne, Daniel B. Crowl, Leonard Hurker, John Byerley, James Pryor, John Smith, Reuben Alshouse, John H. Kurtz, James Watson, James Piper, Hezekiah Row, John Butlan.

Lieutenant Governor Latta presented the affidavit of Frederick Guescetti, setting forth that defendant had been compelled to appear before the Grand Jury and was required to answer certain questions, which should have been passed, criminating himself, the questions being asked by a sworn member of the Grand Jury, and that his wife was compelled to testify in a similar manner.

District Attorney Harvey said that nothing of the kind had occurred while he was present before the Grand Jury, and he thought he could produce jurors who would make affidavit to this fact.

Pending the consideration of the question raised by the affidavit, court took a recess until half past one o'clock.

Afternoon Session.

On the reassembling of court, Judge Logan announced that after examination of legal authorities he had concluded that this question, so far as it related to the action of the Grand Jury, could not be inquired into by the Court. Counsel for the defense took an exception to this ruling. A plea of "not guilty" was then entered and the jury sworn. All the jurors not empaneled in this case were discharged from further attendance at the present term of court.

Mr. Harvey opened the case for the Commonwealth. It would be shown that Mr. Armstrong inaugurated the assembling of an armed mob, that was almost equal to a standing army, made up of people most of whom were ignorant of the language and customs of the country. In October arms and ammunition, enough to equip a regiment, had been purchased in Pittsburgh. It would be shown that the defendant had fired from the train on the way to the scene of the disturbance. With the arrival of this body of men at Armstrong's station a reign of terror had been inaugurated; peaceable citizens had been fired upon and houses riddled with bullets, the affair terminating in the death of three men. The evidence would be full, clear and satisfactory.

THE MUNITIONS OF WAR.

Frank L. Hill, sworn—Reside in Pittsburgh; am an employee of J. H. Johnston, of the Great Western Gun Works; October 21st, sixty muskets were purchased by Mr. Armstrong; our firm during the month of October shipped to C. H. Armstrong, 2,824 revolver cartridges, 5,780 musket cartridges; 120 muskets, and 87 revolvers; 780 of the musket cartridges were "buck and ball;" sixty of the muskets were hired and sixty bought; the revolvers were hired and the ammunition purchased; the shipments were made October 13, 27, 28, 30 and November 7; I do not know the condition of the arms that were returned; one musket in the lot was bursted; most of them were returned October 5th; January 7th, 1875, sixty-one rounds of Colt's revolver cartridges were returned; did not hear Mr. Armstrong say what he was going to do with the arms and ammunition.

Cross-examination—Some of the goods were shipped at the Connellsville station; I marked the boxes to Armstrong's station; have heard it said in the store that cartridges were shipped to Buena Vista, but did not know of it myself; know of 23 muskets, 51 revolvers and 61 rounds of ammunition being returned from Armstrong's station; W. P. Read & Co., and the National Coal and Coke Company also purchased arms; I did not examine the muskets returned from the Pan Handle.

G. M. Hughes sworn—Reside at Braddock's Fields; am agent for the Connellsville Railroad Company; saw two armed Italians in a baggage car the day the party went to Armstrong's.

ARMING THE ITALIANS.

James Petty sworn—Resided at Braddock's Fields October 26, 1874; saw a train pass up that day, and saw Mr. Armstrong hand arms out of the baggage car to one Italian; could not tell how many he handed out; I asked him what he was taking up arms for, and he said, to protect his property; did not see Mr. Armstrong in any other condition than I always see him—pretty good condition.

Cross-examination—Have known Mr. Armstrong for twenty-eight years; never considered him a dangerous man.

ARMSTRONG'S MILITARY PRACTICE.

Michael Hugo sworn—Am a miner; reside at Guffey's station; on the 26th of October was at Shaner's station; walked down to White-Ball works to look at the Italians; the Italians were jolly; Mr. Armstrong got a revolver off one of the Italians and fired out of the baggage car; I do not know whether he fired at me or not; it came within four feet of me; I thought it was getting pretty warm and left.

Cross-examination—Have known Mr. Armstrong a long time; I never knew before of his quarreling or raising a riot; I worked for him once.

Wm. H. Ambler sworn—Resided at Armstrong's coal works in October last; am a miner; on the 26th about six o'clock heard shooting going on; went out and a bullet came into my paling; could not say who did the shooting; saw strangers armed with guns, revolvers and knives; think one hundred and thirty or one hundred and forty arrived of them on the train; saw Armstrong in company with the men that day; two or three women were talking with him in front of the store; I only staid two or three days, because I was in danger of my life; an Italian stopped me and another man with me said: "he don't want you to stop me no more;" the man took hold of him and I run; I then went home; was stopped three times on the way; soon after moved away.

Cross-examination—Never saw Mr. Armstrong or Guescetti try to shoot anybody; do not know that a shot was fired the first evening after Mr. Armstrong came there and struck near his head in the meat shop.

A FARMER'S TESTIMONY.

Hugh McKibben, sworn—Live in Pittsburgh when I am at home [laughter]; in October last resided on Armstrong's farm; saw Armstrong working in his turnips above the station; never saw him doing anything at the station; have seen the Italians foraging on his straw stack; have seen them firing in front of my door on the Sabbath day; they have clicked their muskets at me when I was going out to see the stock; in the dusk of the evening have seen them running about and shooting.

Cross-examination—Left because the Italians were there; they were shooting and rioting; I never saw Armstrong incite the men to riot; Mr. Guescetti seemed to be very much amused when there would be a good night's firing.

The witness had a rich Scotch brogue, and some of his answers created a great deal of amusement. Speaking of the women the Italians had with them, he said he was not a very good judge of women.

Mr. Foster—You ought to be. You have a very pretty daughter here.

Witness—Yes, and I ha' a pretty wife, too. [Laughter.]

Re-direct—Guescetti blocked and filled some wagon wheels with powder, and fired them off to make the people think they were cannon.

A RAILROAD WATCHMAN STOPPED.

Charles Zerke sworn—Resided at Sueter's station in October last; was watchman and traveled along the railroad about three hundred yards below Armstrong's coal works; went over the route about eleven o'clock; was halted by an Italian, who stopped me for a little while and then let me go on; near the tipple I was taken back to the station to Mr. Guescetti, and he said they had to be very strict, as the Italians were afraid their houses would be burned; the men called Guescetti their captain; the Saturday night before the fight Guescetti would not let me go through; he said there was too much firing; he told me I should not be hurt when he was present.

Cross-examination—Guescetti did not appear to be inciting the men to riot.

PARROT GUNS WANTED.

Captain McGill sworn—Reside in Allegheny; am Deputy Surveyor of the Port of Pittsburgh; Mr. Armstrong requested me at one time to lend me him two cannon, which I agreed to do provided he would take a detachment of uniformed men with them; they were ten pound Parrot guns; understood that he and Mr. Thomas More were to have some fun with them. This was about the time of the coal troubles.

Cross-examination—Mr. Armstrong was in a good humor; I thought it was a wedding anniversary or something of that kind; the guns and carriages weighed twenty-six hundred pounds apiece.

Wm. Bell was called and detailed the condition of affairs at Armstrong's substantially as given by him in his testimony in the murder trial. Mr. Armstrong had assigned as a reason for his course that he must protect his property. The circumstances of the fight of November 26th were given at some length.

Cross-examination—Two or three nights there was firing from the Buena Vista side of the river; saw coal on the banks and in the flats that the Italians mined; I do not know that these armed Italians were necessary to protect the men at work.

THE SCHOOLMASTER FURNISHED ARMS.

Wm. Franks, the Buena Vista schoolmaster, was sworn, and related the circumstances of the arrival and noisy conduct of the Italians for four weeks prior to the fight, and gave the state of affairs as observed by him on his way to and from the school; on the public road he was stopped, looked at, and allowed to pass on; people took refuge in his house in consequence of firing.

Cross-examination—Have been in the employ of Armstrong; never knew of his being a riotous man; Mr. Armstrong stated to me that he brought those men there because the old miners would not let him run his own business. I brought one hundred and seventy rounds of cartridges and a Spencer rifle there from McKeesport; I took them down in the neighborhood of the mill, and told him to get to the other side of the river (the Buena Vista side) with them as soon as he could; I was considerably excited at the time and could not now tell who the man was. The day of the fight there were several thousand shots fired before the engagement on the hill; heard bullets whistle around my head as I rode away, after getting on my horse. I do not know who put the arms in the school house; did not hand them out that day, and do not know how long they had been there. In the party who got them were myself, James Howel, John Watson, Fory Veech and George Watson. They remained in the house (there was no gun for me); held the door until I thought I heard a revolver shot, then opened the door; the party started after the Italians, and about fifty yards off fired; the action of the Italians was sufficient to indicate to me that they meant mischief; I thought the only way to get rid of them was to shoot them; five guns were taken out of the schoolhouse; seven bullets in each gun; probably two hundred shots were fired in three minutes; the firing on the hill had ceased before I noticed the white flag; a notice was posted on Mr. Armstrong's store warning people not to travel over the road leading through his premises between 6 P. M. and 6 A. M.

CONSULTATIONS WITH DEFENDANTS.

Frank Patterson sworn—Reside at the lower end of Buena Vista; saw Armstrong and Guescetti at the store when the Italians were there; Mr. Armstrong said balls had been fired from the Allegheny side, and showed me bullet marks in the meat shop; remonstrated against the musketry practice on his side of the river, and had friendly talk; he explained that he did not mean any harm to the people, but he wished to carry on his works and was threatened with violence from parties who had been discharged or would be discharged; a committee went to Pittsburgh, consulted all the authorities and tried to have everything of this sort suppressed on our side of the river; mentioned the amount of firing to Mr. Guescetti, and told him he could control it; he told me that they had different customs in his country respecting shooting. We had to discontinue evening services at the church, and I told him that was not customary in this country; he said it was different in their country; he said he had some very bad men there that he could not control; he said that it was customary for the people in his country to carry arms, that he himself carried two revolvers and a dirk, that it was necessary for him to do this on account of the character of some of his men; they were firing from our side of the river, on what was called "the big Friday night."

Cross-examined—Never saw Mr. Armstrong and Guescetti creating a disturbance; understood that Mr. Armstrong procured the bringing of police there to preserve order; knew of his stable being burned; Mr. Armstrong said he did not want any disturbance.

Court adjourned.

General Latta's son is in town attending the trial.

An Injunction Upon Forbes Street.

Messrs. James Getty, and others, yesterday applied to the Court of Common Pleas No. 1, to restrain the city, the commissioners and the contractors of Forbes street improvement, from changing the grade on said street, at the point where the petitioners reside. The application is based upon the fact that the grade has been lowered so as to endanger the property; that no security has been entered for damages, and that the city had reached the limit of its indebtedness when the improvement was ordered. The case has not yet been argued.

Georgia Minstrels.

Bring your little ones to the Georgia Matinee at Library Hall to-day. Admission 25c and 50c.

Meeting of the Republican County Committee.

By official notice printed in another column, it will be seen that the members of the Republican County Executive Committee have been called to meet on Monday afternoon, the 24th instant, at two o'clock, at the Lincoln Club Rooms. The object of the meeting is to consider the question of representation in the committee from Allegheny City.

Rising Sun Flour

makes most bread and never fails to give satisfaction.

Bakers King.

High ground Minnesota for Bread Bakers—warrented the best. For sale by F. W. Jenkins & Bros.

The Grand Georgia Minstrel Matinee.

At Library Hall, will be attended to-day by the elite and fashion of Pittsburgh, and the performance is guaranteed to be chaste and refined in every particular. Admission 25c to 50c.

Rising Sun Flour.

The leading flour on market, makes large white loaves.

MR. W. H. LAWRENCE, of the *Ohio Farmer*, Cleveland, was in the city yesterday.

Grand Re-Opening To-day

of the Park Garden, 64 Diamond Street, opposite Opera House. Handsomely decorated, under the supervision of Captain Elliott, Florist. The celebrated Pilsener, Gangwisch & Straub and bock beer, will be served by polite and attentive waiters. H. Vierheller.

Georgia Minstrels.

Everybody should attend the Matinee of the Georgias to-day at Library Hall, if they wish to drive dull care away. Admission 25 and 50 cents.

HEADQUARTERS, MAY 22, 1875.

Read! Read!! Read!!!

J. R. WELDIN & CO.'S BULLETIN.

BUSINESS MEN, ATTENTION!

Buy Your Blank Books

Of J. R. Weldin & Co. They always keep a well seasoned stock on hand, and sell at Eastern prices.

Printing.

All kinds of mercantile printing done by J. R. Weldin & Co.

Georgia Minstrels.

Husbands, send your wives and children to the Georgia Matinee at Library Hall to-day, where you can be satisfied nothing will be offered but what is first-class in every particular. Admission 25 and 50 cents.

Up to the Hub.

Those who have been there are delighted. In other words, those who have visited the Boston One Price Clothing House, No. 95 Smithfield street, and more especially those who have made purchases there, are charmed with the way in which business is managed in that popular establishment. The utmost care has been taken in the first place to provide a splendid assortment of Seasonable Clothing for Men, Boys and Children; the stock is of rare excellence and variety; and in the second place the One Price System has been adopted with the purpose of putting every article down *at once* to the very lowest point at which it can be sold with the most reasonable profit. Customers soon learn to appreciate this method of dealing, and become fully convinced that

GOOD GOODS AT MODERATE PRICES

is as advantageous for them as it can possibly be for the dealer. Fresh goods are constantly arriving, and the assortment is thus kept fully up to the requirements of the public. Call and be convinced, at No. 95 Smithfield street.

LIPPINCOTT'S SODA FOUNTAINS.
LIPPINCOTT'S SODA FOUNTAINS.
LIPPINCOTT'S SODA FOUNTAINS.

The unprecedented popularity acquired by the above make of soda fountains should induce all parties that contemplate erecting a fountain to give it their consideration, they will now be found in almost all the first class stores in the east and west and for convenience of working, simplicity of construction, elegance of design and durability they are undoubtedly superior to any other make, a full line of samples can be seen at

McCLARRAN & McKENNAN'S,
85 Market and 67 Fifth avenue, agents Pittsburgh. WFS.

Regular Saturday Opening of Pianos and Organs at S. Hamilton's, 77 Fifth Avenue.

We have to announce the opening of another grand, good stock of the most celebrated makes of pianos and organs at this establishment, as all passers by on Fifth avenue may have noticed, during this entire week, the sidewalk in front of their establishment has been blockaded with pianos and organs being received, and now accordingly thrown open for inspection and sale. The stock is superb, and in every variety of style and finish, and at all prices, from the very lowest to the very highest. One style (14 Bradbury) in particular (the first of three ordered this week, at $1,000 each) is certainly the most elegantly gotten up piano that has ever been brought to Pittsburgh by any firm in the piano business. No attempt at description would do it justice: it must be seen and heard to be fully appreciated. This is only one, however. All the stock is of the same high character, as their name fully implies. In this community, where they are all so favorably known, the name of Bradbury pianos, Decker & Barnes pianos and Estey Cottage organs have become a household word, and are understood to imply every good quality desired in an instrument. It is a matter of surprise to us how some folks can be persuaded to buy any other than one of these instruments, when they can be bought at such prices as S. Hamilton sells these instruments at, as there is no question about the fact that he does sell cheaper and on easier terms than it is possible for others to do and make a living at all. He has also a very fine stock of second-hand pianos and organs, taken in part pay for his new instruments, all of which will be offered at exceedingly low prices to get them out of the way. If you wish to see an elegant stock, if you wish to know how very low a good, first-class instrument can be bought, and on what very easy terms of payment, by all means attend S. Hamilton's opening, at 77 Fifth avenue, over McCallum's carpet store. Please remember you just go up one flight of stairs, and save about one-third the price of an instrument.

Georgia Minstrels.

Two hours spent at the Georgia Matinee will prolong life many years. Admission 25 and 50 cents.

Furniture for Dining Rooms,

at J. Meyer & Sons', Nos. 412 and 414 Penn avenue.

"Books for Sunday School Libraries."

Choice selection of the latest and best books. For sale by S. A. CLARKE & Co., 115 Wood street.

Chamber Sets,

at J. Meyer & Sons', Nos. 412 and 414 Penn avenue.

GENERAL SHERMAN'S BOOK

FOR SALE AT
J. R. Weldin & Co.'s,
101 Wood St.
—o—
MEMOIRS
of
General William T. Sherman,
Written by Himself.
Complete in Two Volumes.
Price of Both Volumes:

Blue Cloth	$5 50
Sheep	7 00
Half Turkey	8 50
Fall Turkey	12 00

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

Our Next Door Neighbors, A Winter in Mexico. By Gilbert Haven, Author of Pilgrims Wallet, &c.	$3 50
The Life and Growth of Language, being Vol. 16 of International Series. By Prof. Whitney	1 50
Annual Record of Science and Industry. Edited by Spencer F. Baird	2 00
Paul Massie. A Romance by Justin McCarthy, Author of "Fair Saxon," &c.	1 50
Love Afloat. A Story of the American Navy, by F. H. Sheppard, U. S. N.	1 50

Any work in the above list Mailed free by Post or Receipt of Price, by
J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
101 Wood street.

One Million Envelopes

Ready to be printed at J. R. Weldin & Co.'s. Special rates on large lots.

Back From the East.

Mr. J. Hannach, the well known proprietor of that extensive clothing house, corner of Fifth avenue and Market street, has just returned from the East with a large new stock of goods of the finest description. Although the stock at this house was unusually full on the opening of the spring trade, the fine quality of the goods and the low prices at which they were offered insured such extensive sales that the proprietor was compelled to replenish it by heavy additions. The new goods are even more desirable than those recently sold, as they are the newest styles and the finest fabrics in the market. We advise our readers to visit Mr. Hannach, as in dealing with him they have the advantages of choosing from the largest stock, getting goods at the lowest prices and having every article warranted as represented.

General Sherman's Book.

R. S. Davis & Co., 175 Liberty street, have received Sherman's new volume, Cloth $5 50, Sheep $7 00.

The Old Made New.

Unless you have more money than you know what to do with, there is no necessity for your buying a new silk hat so long as you have an old one that only needs to be taken to Hennig & McCrystles, No. 251½ Penn avenue, to be made to look as fresh and stylish as a new one. This firm renovates and alters silk, soft, cassimere and cloth hats at a very trifling cost. They also manufacture hats of all descriptions. If you want your hat fixed up or to get a new one, call on this firm.

We are Making a Specialty of

Manilla Wrappers.
Dry Goods Merchants,
Merchant Tailors,
Milliners,
Attention.

We are printing a fine Manilla wrapper at less than Eastern rates.
J. R. WELDIN & Co.

General Sherman's Memoirs.

Two volumes: $5 50. Just received.
S. A. CLARKE & Co., 115 Wood street.

Shape and Style.

Those who would wear neatly fitting and stylish garments, without paying exorbitant prices for the privilege, should consult B. Tiegel, merchant tailor, before leaving their measure for spring garments. Mr. Tiegel has on his counters one of the largest and most varied assortment of fine English fabrics ever brought to this city. All work is done artistically and the garments, when made up, are bound to hold together until worn out. If you get a suit from Tiegel you will not be subjected to the annoyance of buttons coming off or seams giving way, but it will be a stylish and desirable in ever instance.

Georgia Minstrels.

Only two more performances of the Georgia Minstrels at Library Hall this afternoon and night. Matinee prices, 25 and 50 cents.

Printing! Printing!! Printing!!!

Cards, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, in the neatest style and at the lowest rates. Send your orders to J. R. Weldin & Co.

Memoirs of General Sherman.

Two volumes. Price $5 50. Just received and for sale by
S. A. CLARKE & Co., 115 Wood street.

General Sherman's Book

expected on Saturday. Orders received by S. A. Clarke & Co., 115 Wood street.

Fine Parlor Furniture,

at J. Meyer & Sons', Nos. 412 and 414 Penn avenue.

500 Reams

Finest tints of tissue papers, for sale cheap.
J. R. WELDIN & Co.

Manilla Wrappers.

Manilla wrappers, less than Eastern rates. Send us your orders.
J. R. WELDIN & Co.

Blood Diseases.

The blood being the source from which our systems are built up and from which we derive our mental as well as physical capabilities, how important that it should be kept pure. If it contains vile festering poisons all organic functions are weakened thereby. Settling upon important organs, as the lungs, liver or kidneys, the effect is most disastrous. Hence it behooves every one to keep their blood in a perfectly healthy condition and more especially does this apply at this particular season of the year than any other. No matter what the exciting cause may be, the real cause of a large proportion of all diseases is bad blood. Now, Dr. Pierce does not wish to place his Golden Medical Discovery in the catalogue of quack patent nostrums by recommending it to cure every disease, nor does he so recommend it, on the contrary there are hundreds of diseases that it will not cure: but what he does claim is this, that there is but one form of *blood* disease that it will not cure, and that disease is cancer. He does not recommend his discovery for that disease, yet he knows it to be the most searching blood cleanser yet discovered, and that it will free the blood and system of all other known blood poisons, be they animal, vegetable or mineral. The Golden Discovery is *warranted* by him to cure the worst forms of Skin Diseases, as all forms of Blotches, Pimples and Eruptions, also all Glandular Swellings, and the worst form of Scrofulous and Ulcerated Sores of Neck, Legs or other parts, and all Scrofulous Diseases of the bones, as White Swellings, Fever Sores, Hip Joint and Spinal diseases, all of which belongs to scrofulous Diseases.

CONFIRMED—HIP JOINT DISEASE CURED.
W. GROVE STATION, Ia., July 14, 1872.

DR. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—My wife first became lame nine years ago. Swelling would appear and disappear on her hip, and she was gradually becoming reduced, and her whole system rotten with disease. In 1871 a swelling broke on her hip, discharging large quantities, and since that time there are several openings. Have had five doctors at an expense of $125, who say nothing will do any good but a surgical operation.

July 16th, 1873, he writes thus: My wife has certainly received a great benefit from the use of your Discovery, for she was not able to get off the bed, and was not expected to live a week when she commenced using it, a year ago. She has been doing most of her work for over six months. Has used twenty bottles and still using it. Her recovery is considered as almost a miracle; and we attribute it all to the use of your valuable medicine. I can cheerfully recommend it as a blood purifier and strength restorer.
J. M. ROBINSON.

Discovery is sold by druggists. T. TH. *

SPECIAL NOTICES.

May.

To all, particularly invalids, spring is a trying season. Indications of sickness should at once be attended to. Fatal diseases may be caused by allowing the bowels to become constipated, and the system to remain in a disordered condition, until the disorder has time to develop itself. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, is an old and truthful saying. Therefore, we advise all who are troubled with the complaints now very prevalent—headache, indigestion, disordered liver, want of appetite, nausea, or feverish skin, to take without delay, Schenck's Mandrake Pills. We know of no remedy so harmless and decisive in its action. It at once strikes at the root of the disease and produces a healthy tone to the system. People never need suffer from any disease arising from a disordered condition of the liver if they would take this excellent medicine when the feel the first indications of the malady. Families leaving home for the summer months should take three or four boxes of these pills with them. They have an almost instantaneous effect. They will relieve the patient of headache in one or two hours, and will rapidly cleanse the liver of surrounding bile, and will effectually prevent a bilious attack. They are sold by all druggists.

A Valuable Discovery.

Dr. C. W. Benson, a Practicing Physician, at 106 North Eutaw street, Baltimore, Md., (who has paid much attention to nervous diseases), has discovered that extract of celery and chamomile combined, in a certain proportion, invariably cures headache, either bilious, dyspeptic, nervous or sick headache, neuralgia and nervousness. This is a triumph in medical chemistry, and sufferers all over the country are ordering by mail. He prepares it in pills at fifty cents per box. The Doctor is largely known and highly respected in Baltimore.—*Episcopal Methodist.* Sold by all druggists. Harris & Ewing agents for Pittsburgh.
T. TH. S.

Headache.

It is an established fact that the extract of cranberries and hemp combined by Dr. Miller, 327 Spruce street, Philadelphia, Pa., permanently cures the most obstinate cases of dyspeptic, nervous or sick headache, and is an absolute specific for Neuralgia and Nervousness. Prepared in pills. Fifty cents a box. Sent by mail. R. E. Sellers & Co., 45 Wood street, Pittsburgh. TThs.

OHIO NEWS.

The Ohio Conference Camp Meeting will be held a few miles north of Lancaster, this summer.

The President of the Circleville Board of Education has ordered the suspension of all religious exercises, including Bible reading, in the public schools.

The examination of applicants in the Fourteenth Congressional district, for appointment to the Annapolis Naval Academy, will take place at Crestline, May 26th.

The Cleveland *Herald* is authority that that city is overrun with thieves and murderers. It says: "A revolver is a necessary article in every Cleveland household."

The Ohio Centennial Board has decided on erecting an Ohio building at the Centennial, to be used as Ohio headquarters, and general correspondence, and rendezvous building to cost not exceeding $3,000.

The will of Bodman, the recently deceased millionaire of Cincinnati, bequeaths $25,000 each to the German Protestant and German Catholic Orphan Asylum; $50,000 to the Society of Natural History, and the remainder of his money to his partner. He leaves nothing to his relatives, and a lawsuit is probable.

The valuable library of Chief Justice Chase, which was to have been sold, will be retained for Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague, who has telegraphed from Europe, forbidding the sale, as she intends purchasing it herself and keeping it in her family.

George M. Jewett's stables at Fair Oaks, one mile west of Zanesville, were burned on the night of the 13th between ten and eleven o'clock. Five valuable horses perished in the flames. Two of these, Billy Golding and Albane, the first the property of Frank Mason, the latter of Mr. Jewett, have done better than 2:30 on the track.

THE OHIO RIVER.

Plans Proposed for Its Improvement.

NO III.

A shallow stream can only hold fine matter in suspension, though it may roll large bodies along its bed. The deposits of a river vary according to the height of the flood, high bars receiving fine material and low ones the heavier sands and gravel.

Wherever a river changes its cross section a change is made in the power of its different strata to hold matter in suspension. It is for this reason that bars of sand and gravel constantly reform in certain places as fast as they are dredged away, because at those places the power of the river current to hold matter in suspension is diminished by an increase in the cross section of the river, by exposure to prevailing up stream winds, by a change in the under surface currents or by some other similar cause. It is for these reasons that materials held in suspension pass through the pools without dropping and without leaving any trace of their passage and yet are deposited on bars lower down the stream. For the opposite reasons a natural pool will soon excavate itself, even if filled with light material, provided the regimen of the river is not changed by natural causes or by artificial works.

It should not be forgotten, however, that in many places the high and low water currents of a river differ in position, for which reason floods frequently cause deposits in places where such deposits could not occur in low water. These deposits, therefore, are regularly removed during every low water season.

The protection of the banks of a river is imperfect for two reasons. Where a bank is washing away its material must travel down stream, thus forming deposits that in time will be passed down the river, from bar to bar, but which while so passing down will add to work required of the current and thus make the bars shoaler by lengthening the time required to cut them out during low water. Besides this, when a bank washes away it changes to some degree the river bed and thus causes changes in the currents, which may modify the whole bottom of the river below, causing deposits in deep water, and compelling a reconstruction of the river bottom. While this is going on all the bars will be shoaler than when the regimen of the river becomes fixed.

The best method of protecting banks is to grade them to a slope of 45° and then cover the surface with a pavement of stone. If there is any tendency at the bottom to undermining it may be stopped by a continuous pile of loose rock. A cheaper protection may be made by driving rows of stakes at right angles to each other, dividing the space into squares and filling these with gravel, or brush well staked down and lightly covered with random stone or rip-rap. Planting willows among the brush and stone will provide against the decay of the stakes. Close plank fences running up the bank at right angles to the river may also be used. The selection of material depends upon the set of the currents, the danger of undermining, or of abrasion by ice, the nature of the bank, and the kind of material most readily available, but in all cases the bank should be graded to the gentlest practicable slope. Fascines or bundles of rods, are much used in Holland on account of the absence of stone, but they are necessarily perishable and require frequent renewal. Vertical walls increase the scour at their feet and should only be used in case of absolute necessity—as for a lock or bridge abutment, both of which must have deep foundations. Above the line of ordinary high water a well sodded slope will generally successfully resist the currents.

The best authorities decidedly condemn any attempt to protect a bank by building spurs into the stream. This method, however, is permissible when an effort is made to push the river away from a bank with a view to reconstructing the old shore line which has been washed away. In this case the spurs or jetties merely serve as a connection between the existing bank and the shore to be re-established and thus form inclosures in which deposits may be caught and the bank be reformed.

The lighting and buoying of rivers is a duty that naturally devolves upon the Government. Though long neglected, the jurisdiction of the Light House Board has at length been extended over Western rivers, and though the system is yet in its infancy its benefits to navigation have already been very apparent.

The work thus far done on the Ohio has been limited to closing island chutes, where neither channel had a sufficiency of water, and to narrowing the channel by dikes or wing dams wherever the water was spread over a wide shoal. These works have been moderately successful, but it is well known to all engineers that in such a river as the Ohio, whose summer supply dwindles down to almost nothing, no radical improvement is possible by mere concentration. It is well known in Pittsburgh that at the Trap the draught of water is down to 12 inches during almost every summer. Here the river is already concentrated by a long dike to a low water width of little over 200 feet and further concentration is manifestly inadmissible. I had a careful survey of this place made and concluded that by changing the channel to the Middletown side of the long dike and prolonging the latter for a considerable distance into the pool below, I might reduce the slope and thus increase the depth for navigation; but this did not promise more than a few inches increase in low water, and therefore I abandoned the idea. The great difficulty is the excessive slope (1 foot in 800, or at the rate of 6½ feet per mile) which cannot be greatly modified without unreasonable expenditure and inadequate results.

If the Trap were the only bad place it might be managed, but at Horsetail, Deadman's and The Twins, the slopes are even greater.

A radical improvement of the Ohio calls for at least 6 feet throughout the year. It is impossible to give anything like this by the methods now in use.

Gen. Haupt proposed to equalize the slope of the river bed and then to make a kind of open canal, 200 feet wide, on one or other side of the river, by the use of longitudinal mounds and cross dams. He admitted, however, that a limited use of reservoirs would likewise be necessary.

Mr. Livermore proposed low dams across the river with open chutes, 100 feet wide and 2,100 feet long, giving 5 feet in low water.

Both of these plans if fully carried out would give results so greatly inferior to the plan of movable dams that I will pass them by without comment, referring those who may desire further information on these plans to the report of my predecessor, Mr. W. Milnor Roberts, which has been printed as Executive Document No. 72, House of Representatives, 41st Congress, 3d session.

Mr. Ellet proposed building huge reservoirs, with a depth at the dam of 100 feet, so as to supply from these the deficiency of water in summer. Mr. Roberts, in the report just named, stated that a careful examination of the proposed locations showed that there were not enough available sites to permit the construction of these reservoirs. In my opinion the idea is entirely visionary and the scheme is a practical impossibility. The recent destruction of three comparatively small reservoirs in Massachusetts may well make one hesitate to recommend others three or four times as high and containing vastly greater volumes of water. Should one of these artificial lakes burst the consequences throughout the country below would be frightful. For further discussion on this subject I would refer to my annual reports on the Ohio river.

Some have proposed pumping a sufficiency of water from Lake Erie into Lake Chautauqua. As the latter lake is 737 feet above Lake Erie this idea also may be summarily dismissed.

Others have proposed making a cut through from Lake Erie into the Beaver river. This scheme if practicable at all would empty the Upper Ohio into Lake Erie, as at low water the river at Beaver is 98 feet higher than Lake Erie.

The plans of guiding the present supply, and of increasing it by reservoirs, or by drawing from Lake Erie, being thus dismissed as unsatisfactory or impracticable, there is only left for examination the two methods of canalizing—by permanent and by movable dams.

The Negro in the War for the Union

The freemasonry of the negroes during the war, their accurate knowledge of its progress, their acquaintance with its leaders and generals, and the general drift of affairs, frequently astonished our soldiers, and wherever they went, some one seemed to have preceded our troops with information, and the negroes were all alive to the situation. The walls of their prison house of slavery could not keep out freedom's air. General Sherman, in his very remarkable memoirs, just publishing, gives an instance of this as curious as any ever before printed. After he began his celebrated march to the sea, he was naturally very anxious about the sustenance of his armies. He did not expect armed opposition, but he was not altogether certain of his food. The soldiers were full of inspiration. Without knowing precisely, they guessed the object of the expedition, and would frequently hail Sherman as he road by with: "Uncle Billy, I guess Grant is waiting for us at Richmond." They seemed to know or care little how they were to get there; they didn't measure the distance nor count the cost. For this reason, Sherman felt the responsibility all the more, "for success would be accepted as a matter of course, whereas, should he fail, this march would be adjudged the wild adventure of a crazy fool." Shortly after they started Sherman met an old gray negro "with as fine a head as I ever saw." He asked him if he understood the war and its progress. He said he did, and that he had been looking for the angel of the Lord ever since he was knee-high, and though the North professed to be fighting for the Union, he supposed that slavery was the cause and that "our success was to be his freedom." Then Sherman told him that he wanted the slaves to remain where they were, and not to load them down with useless mouths which would eat up the food needed for the fighting men; that if the negroes followed in swarms of old and young, feeble and helpless, it would simply load the army down and cripple it in its great task. The old man spread this message to the slaves. It was carried from mouth to mouth to the very end of the journey, and in part saved the army from the great danger it incurred from swelling its numbers so that famine would have attended its progress.

THE Birmingham (Alabama) *Iron Age* speaks out as follows: "We bring railroad and other iron from Pennsylvania and England. Yes, from England we bring iron rails. They are made from ore containing forty per cent. of iron. They are brought three thousand miles across the ocean, and then transported many hundreds of miles by land, at a heavy cost, into Alabama. After it reaches here, in order to lay it in a railroad bed, we actually dig up and remove ore which contains twenty per cent. more iron than that from which the rail was made in England."

Considerable enthusiasm has been awakened by intelligence from Rhymney to the effect that the Rhymney Company's colliers this evening decided to go to work on Monday morning at the employers' term of fifteen per cent. reduction. This company employs 1,500 colliers, so that the movement is significant. Other large works are expected to follow immediately.—*London Daily News, May 7.*

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
ASSETS, $4,686,812 96.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth Ave.

DELAWARE
Mutual Safety Ins. Co.,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated - - - - - - 1835.
Established in Pittsburgh - - - 1844.
Assets Nov. 1, 1874,
OVER $2,000,000!
P. A. MADEIRA, Agent,
COMPANY'S BUILDING,
4p No. 68 FOURTH AVENUE.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD LINE—THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS, between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.
Sailing Every Wednesday and Saturday.
THE GREAT FLEET OF 1875.
SCOTIA, RUSSIA, BOTHINA, SCYTHIA, CUBA, ALGERIA, ABYSSINIA, JAVA, CHINA, CALABRIA.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
CABIN—$80, $100, $130, Gold. Excursion Tickets at Reduced Rates.
STEERAGE rates unsettled. Passengers will more than serve their interest by booking at my office.
Passengers also booked to and from Hamburg, Bremen, Sweden, &c., at low rates.
DRAFTS issued at Lowest Rates.
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